

TABLE A-1. Fatal occupational injuries by industry and event or exposure, Oklahoma, 2005

Industry ¹	NAICS code ¹	Total fatalities (number)	Event or exposure ²					
			Transportation incidents ³	Assaults and violent acts ⁴	Contact with objects and equipment	Falls	Exposure to harmful substances or environments	Fires and explosions
Total		95	57	9	10	10	5	4
Private Industry		84	47	8	10	10	5	4
Goods Producing		45	18	3	10	8	3	3
Natural Resources and Mining		19	9	--	6	--	--	--
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting	11	5	--	--	--	--	--	--
Mining⁵	21	14	7	--	5	--	--	--
Oil and Gas Extraction.....	211	3	--	--	--	--	--	--
Oil and Gas Extraction.....	2111	3	--	--	--	--	--	--
Oil and Gas Extraction.....	21111	3	--	--	--	--	--	--
Support Activities for Mining.....	213	9	5	--	4	--	--	--
Support Activities for Mining.....	2131	9	5	--	4	--	--	--
Support Activities for Mining.....	21311	9	5	--	4	--	--	--
Support Activities for Oil and Gas Operations.....	213112	7	3	--	4	--	--	--
Construction		20	9	--	--	7	--	--
Construction	23	20	9	--	--	7	--	--
Construction of buildings.....	236	6	--	--	--	3	--	--
Nonresidential Building Construction.....	2362	3	--	--	--	3	--	--
Heavy and Civil Engineering Construction.....	237	5	3	--	--	--	--	--
Highway, Street, and Bridge Construction.....	2373	3	--	--	--	--	--	--
Highway, Street, and Bridge Construction.....	23731	3	--	--	--	--	--	--
Specialty Trade Contractors.....	238	9	4	--	--	3	--	--
Building Equipment Contractors.....	2382	5	--	--	--	--	--	--
Electrical Contractors.....	23821	3	--	--	--	--	--	--
Manufacturing		6	--	--	4	--	--	--
Manufacturing	31-33	6	--	--	4	--	--	--
Service providing		39	29	5	--	--	--	--
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities		29	21	4	--	--	--	--
Retail Trade	44-45	6	3	--	--	--	--	--

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE A-1. Fatal occupational injuries by industry and event or exposure, Oklahoma, 2005 - continued

Industry ¹	NAICS code ¹	Total fatalities (number)	Event or exposure ²					
			Transportation incidents ³	Assaults and violent acts ⁴	Contact with objects and equipment	Falls	Exposure to harmful substances or environments	Fires and explosions
Transportation and Warehousing	48-49	22	18	--	--	--	--	--
Truck Transportation.....	484	18	16	--	--	--	--	--
General Freight Trucking.....	4841	12	11	--	--	--	--	--
General Freight Trucking, Long-Distance.....	48412	10	9	--	--	--	--	--
General Freight Trucking, Long-Distance, Truckload.....	484121	10	9	--	--	--	--	--
Specialized Freight Trucking.....	4842	5	4	--	--	--	--	--
Specialized Freight (except Used Goods) Trucking, Long-Distance.....	48423	3	--	--	--	--	--	--
Professional and Business Services		6	5	--	--	--	--	--
Administrative and Support and Waste Management and Remediation Services	56	5	4	--	--	--	--	--
Administrative and Support Services.....	561	5	4	--	--	--	--	--
Government⁶		11	10	--	--	--	--	--
Federal Government		3	3	--	--	--	--	--
Service providing		3	3	--	--	--	--	--
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities		3	3	--	--	--	--	--
Transportation and Warehousing	48-49	3	3	--	--	--	--	--
Postal Service.....	491	3	3	--	--	--	--	--
Postal Service.....	4911	3	3	--	--	--	--	--
Postal Service.....	49111	3	3	--	--	--	--	--
State Government		3	--	--	--	--	--	--
Local Government		5	5	--	--	--	--	--
Service providing		5	5	--	--	--	--	--
Public Administration		4	4	--	--	--	--	--

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE A-1. Fatal occupational injuries by industry and event or exposure, Oklahoma, 2005 - continued

Industry ¹	NAICS code ¹	Total fatalities (number)	Event or exposure ²					
			Transportation incidents ³	Assaults and violent acts ⁴	Contact with objects and equipment	Falls	Exposure to harmful substances or environments	Fires and explosions
Public Administration	92	4	4	--	--	--	--	--
Justice, Public Order, and Safety Activities.....	922	3	3	--	--	--	--	--
Justice, Public Order, and Safety Activities.....	9221	3	3	--	--	--	--	--

¹ Classified according to the North American Industry Classification System, 2002.

² Based on the 1992 BLS Occupational Injury and Illness Classification Manual.

³ Includes highway, nonhighway, air, water, rail fatalities, and fatalities resulting from being struck by a vehicle.

⁴ Includes violence by persons, self-inflicted injury, and attacks by animals.

⁵ Includes fatalities at all establishments categorized as Mining (Sector 21) in the North American Industry Classification System, 2002, including establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction.

⁶ Includes fatalities to workers employed by governmental organizations regardless of industry.

NOTE: Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately. Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria. Data for 2005 are preliminary.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State and Federal agencies, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries.

TABLE A-2. Fatal occupational injuries resulting from transportation incidents and homicides, Oklahoma, 2005

Industry ¹	Total fatalities (number)	Transportation incidents					Homicides		
		Total	Highway incidents	Non-highway Incidents	Worker struck by vehicle	All other transportation incidents	Total	Homicides by shooting	All other homicides
Total	95	57	46	3	5	3	8	6	--
Private Industry	84	47	37	3	4	3	7	6	--
Goods Producing	45	18	12	--	--	--	--	--	--
Natural Resources and Mining	19	9	7	--	--	--	--	--	--
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting	5	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Mining²	14	7	7	--	--	--	--	--	--
Oil and Gas Extraction.....	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Oil and Gas Extraction.....	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Oil and Gas Extraction.....	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Support Activities for Mining.....	9	5	5	--	--	--	--	--	--
Support Activities for Mining.....	9	5	5	--	--	--	--	--	--
Support Activities for Mining.....	9	5	5	--	--	--	--	--	--
Support Activities for Oil and Gas Operations.....	7	3	3	--	--	--	--	--	--
Construction	20	9	5	--	--	--	--	--	--
Construction	20	9	5	--	--	--	--	--	--
Construction of buildings.....	6	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Nonresidential Building Construction.....	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Heavy and Civil Engineering Construction.....	5	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Highway, Street, and Bridge Construction.....	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Highway, Street, and Bridge Construction.....	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Specialty Trade Contractors.....	9	4	3	--	--	--	--	--	--
Building Equipment Contractors.....	5	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Electrical Contractors.....	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Manufacturing	6	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Manufacturing	6	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Service providing	39	29	25	--	--	--	5	5	--
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	29	21	20	--	--	--	4	4	--

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE A-2. Fatal occupational injuries resulting from transportation incidents and homicides, Oklahoma, 2005 - continued

Industry ¹	Total fatalities (number)	Transportation incidents					Homicides		
		Total	Highway incidents	Non-highway Incidents	Worker struck by vehicle	All other transportation incidents	Total	Homicides by shooting	All other homicides
Retail Trade	6	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Transportation and Warehousing	22	18	18	--	--	--	--	--	--
Truck Transportation.....	18	16	16	--	--	--	--	--	--
General Freight Trucking.....	12	11	11	--	--	--	--	--	--
General Freight Trucking, Long-Distance.....	10	9	9	--	--	--	--	--	--
General Freight Trucking, Long-Distance, Truckload.....	10	9	9	--	--	--	--	--	--
Specialized Freight Trucking.....	5	4	4	--	--	--	--	--	--
Specialized Freight (except Used Goods) Trucking, Long-Distance.....	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Professional and Business Services	6	5	4	--	--	--	--	--	--
Administrative and Support and Waste Management and Remediation Services	5	4	3	--	--	--	--	--	--
Administrative and Support Services.....	5	4	3	--	--	--	--	--	--
Government²	11	10	9	--	--	--	--	--	--
Federal Government	3	3	3	--	--	--	--	--	--
Service providing	3	3	3	--	--	--	--	--	--
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	3	3	3	--	--	--	--	--	--
Transportation and Warehousing	3	3	3	--	--	--	--	--	--
Postal Service.....	3	3	3	--	--	--	--	--	--
Postal Service.....	3	3	3	--	--	--	--	--	--
Postal Service.....	3	3	3	--	--	--	--	--	--
State Government	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Local Government	5	5	5	--	--	--	--	--	--
Service providing	5	5	5	--	--	--	--	--	--

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE A-2. Fatal occupational injuries resulting from transportation incidents and homicides, Oklahoma, 2005 - continued

Industry ¹	Total fatalities (number)	Transportation incidents					Homicides		
		Total	Highway incidents	Non-highway Incidents	Worker struck by vehicle	All other transportation incidents	Total	Homicides by shooting	All other homicides
Public Administration.....	4	4	4	--	--	--	--	--	--
Public Administration.....	4	4	4	--	--	--	--	--	--
Justice, Public Order, and Safety Activities.....	3	3	3	--	--	--	--	--	--
Justice, Public Order, and Safety Activities.....	3	3	3	--	--	--	--	--	--

¹ Classified according to the North American Industry Classification System, 2002.

² Includes fatalities at all establishments categorized as Mining (Sector 21) in the North American Industry Classification System, 2002, including establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction.

³ Includes fatalities to workers employed by governmental organizations regardless of industry.

NOTE: Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately. Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria. Data for 2005 are preliminary.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State and Federal agencies, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries

TABLE A-3. Fatal occupational injuries to private sector wage and salary workers, government workers, and self-employed workers by industry, Oklahoma, 2005

Industry ¹	Fatalities		Private sector wage and salary workers ²		Government workers ³		Self-employed workers ⁴	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total	95	100.0	75	100.0	11	100.0	9	100.0
Goods Producing	46	48.4	38	50.7	--	--	7	77.8
Natural Resources and Mining	19	20.0	15	20.0	--	--	4	44.4
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting	5	5.3	--	--	--	--	4	44.4
Mining⁵	14	14.7	14	18.7	--	--	--	--
Oil and Gas Extraction.....	3	3.2	3	4.0	--	--	--	--
Oil and Gas Extraction.....	3	3.2	3	4.0	--	--	--	--
Oil and Gas Extraction.....	3	3.2	3	4.0	--	--	--	--
Support Activities for Mining.....	9	9.5	9	12.0	--	--	--	--
Support Activities for Mining.....	9	9.5	9	12.0	--	--	--	--
Support Activities for Mining.....	9	9.5	9	12.0	--	--	--	--
Support Activities for Oil and Gas Operations.....	7	7.4	7	9.3	--	--	--	--
Construction	21	22.1	17	22.7	--	--	3	33.3
Construction	21	22.1	17	22.7	--	--	3	33.3
Construction of buildings.....	6	6.3	4	5.3	--	--	--	--
Nonresidential Building Construction.....	3	3.2	3	4.0	--	--	--	--
Heavy and Civil Engineering Construction.....	6	6.3	5	6.7	--	--	--	--
Highway, Street, and Bridge Construction.....	4	4.2	3	4.0	--	--	--	--
Highway, Street, and Bridge Construction.....	4	4.2	3	4.0	--	--	--	--
Specialty Trade Contractors.....	9	9.5	8	10.7	--	--	--	--
Building Equipment Contractors.....	5	5.3	4	5.3	--	--	--	--
Electrical Contractors.....	3	3.2	--	--	--	--	--	--
Manufacturing	6	6.3	6	8.0	--	--	--	--
Manufacturing	6	6.3	6	8.0	--	--	--	--
Service providing	49	51.6	37	49.3	10	90.9	--	--
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	32	33.7	27	36.0	3	27.3	--	--
Retail Trade	6	6.3	4	5.3	--	--	--	--
Transportation and Warehousing	25	26.3	22	29.3	3	27.3	--	--

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE A-3. Fatal occupational injuries to private sector wage and salary workers, government workers, and self-employed workers by industry, Oklahoma, 2005 - Continued

Industry ¹	Fatalities		Private sector wage and salary workers ²		Government workers ³		Self-employed workers ⁴	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Truck Transportation.....	18	18.9	18	24.0	--	--	--	--
General Freight Trucking.....	12	12.6	12	16.0	--	--	--	--
General Freight Trucking, Long-Distance.....	10	10.5	10	13.3	--	--	--	--
General Freight Trucking, Long-Distance, Truckload.....	10	10.5	10	13.3	--	--	--	--
Specialized Freight Trucking.....	5	5.3	5	6.7	--	--	--	--
Specialized Freight (except Used Goods) Trucking, Long-Distance.....	3	3.2	3	4.0	--	--	--	--
Postal Service.....	3	3.2	--	--	3	27.3	--	--
Postal Service.....	3	3.2	--	--	3	27.3	--	--
Postal Service.....	3	3.2	--	--	3	27.3	--	--
Professional and Business Services.....	6	6.3	6	8.0	--	--	--	--
Administrative and Support and Waste Management and Remediation Services.....	5	5.3	5	6.7	--	--	--	--
Administrative and Support Services.....	5	5.3	5	6.7	--	--	--	--
Public Administration.....	6	6.3	--	--	6	54.5	--	--
Public Administration.....	6	6.3	--	--	6	54.5	--	--
Justice, Public Order, and Safety Activities.....	4	4.2	--	--	4	36.4	--	--
Justice, Public Order, and Safety Activities.....	4	4.2	--	--	4	36.4	--	--
Police Protection.....	3	3.2	--	--	3	27.3	--	--

¹ Classified according to the North American Industry Classification System, 2002.

² May include volunteers and workers receiving other types of compensation

³ Includes fatalities to workers employed by governmental organizations regardless of industry.

⁴ Includes self-employed workers, owners of unincorporated businesses and farms, paid and unpaid family workers, and may include some owners of incorporated businesses or members of partnerships.

⁵ Includes fatalities at all establishments categorized as Mining (Sector 21) in the North American Industry Classification System, 2002, including establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction.

NOTE: Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately. Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria. Data for 2005 are preliminary.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State and Federal agencies, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries

TABLE A-4. Fatal occupational injuries by primary and secondary source of injury by major private industry¹ sector, Oklahoma, 2005

Primary source and secondary source	Total fatalities (number)	Goods producing				Service providing							
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ²	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation, and utilities	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services
Total.....	95	45	19	20	6	39	29	--	--	6	--	--	--
Primary Source³													
Machinery.....	8	7	3	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Construction, logging, and mining machinery.....	4	4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Parts and materials.....	4	4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Structures and surfaces.....	11	9	--	7	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Floors, walkways, ground surfaces.....	10	8	--	7	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Floors.....	5	4	--	4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Floor of building.....	5	4	--	4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Ground.....	4	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Vehicles.....	56	16	9	7	--	29	21	--	--	5	--	--	--
Highway vehicle, motorized.....	50	14	7	7	--	27	21	--	--	4	--	--	--
Automobile.....	10	3	--	3	--	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Truck.....	36	11	7	4	--	20	18	--	--	--	--	--	--
Pickup truck.....	9	7	4	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Semitrailer, tractor trailer, trailer truck.....	19	--	--	--	--	16	16	--	--	--	--	--	--
Truck, n.e.c.....	5	--	--	--	--	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Van--passenger or light delivery.....	4	--	--	--	--	4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Other sources.....	14	7	4	--	--	7	5	--	--	--	--	--	--
Ammunition.....	8	3	--	--	--	5	4	--	--	--	--	--	--
Bullets.....	7	--	--	--	--	5	4	--	--	--	--	--	--
Atmospheric and environmental conditions.....	5	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Fire, flame, smoke.....	4	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Fire, flame.....	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Secondary Source⁴													
Parts and materials.....	4	4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Fasteners, connectors, ropes, ties.....	3	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Ropes, ties.....	3	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Persons, plants, animals, and minerals.....	19	5	3	--	--	11	9	--	--	--	--	--	--
Person--other than injured or ill worker.....	7	--	--	--	--	5	4	--	--	--	--	--	--
Person--other than injured or ill worker, n.e.c.....	4	--	--	--	--	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Plants, trees, vegetation--not processed.....	10	--	--	--	--	6	5	--	--	--	--	--	--
Trees, logs.....	9	--	--	--	--	6	5	--	--	--	--	--	--
Structures and surfaces.....	11	6	--	5	--	4	4	--	--	--	--	--	--

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE A-4. Fatal occupational injuries by primary and secondary source of injury by major private industry¹ sector, Oklahoma, 2005 - continued

Primary source and secondary source	Total fatalities (number)	Goods producing				Service providing							
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ²	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation, and utilities	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services
Other structural elements.....	4	3	--	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Skylights.....	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Structures.....	5	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Vehicles.....	24	9	4	4	--	11	8	--	--	--	--	--	--
Highway vehicle, motorized.....	21	7	3	4	--	11	8	--	--	--	--	--	--
Automobile.....	5	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Truck.....	16	5	--	3	--	9	7	--	--	--	--	--	--
Pickup truck.....	5	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Semitrailer, tractor trailer, trailer truck.....	9	--	--	--	--	6	4	--	--	--	--	--	--

¹ Classified according to the North American Industry Classification System, 2002.

² Includes fatalities at all establishments categorized as Mining (Sector 21) in the North American Industry Classification System, 2002, including establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction.

³ The primary source of injury identifies the object, substance, or exposure that directly produced or inflicted the injury. For most transportation incidents, the primary source identifies the vehicle in which the deceased was an occupant. For most falls, the primary source identifies the surface or object contacted.

⁴ The secondary source of injury, if any, identifies the object, substance, or person that generated the source of injury or that contributed to the event or exposure. For vehicle collisions, the deceased's vehicle is the primary source and the other object (truck, road divider, etc.) is the secondary source.

For most homicides, the "bullet" is the primary source and the "perpetrator" is the secondary source. For most falls, the secondary source identifies the equipment or surface from which the worker fell.

NOTE: Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately. Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria. n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Data for 2005 are preliminary.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State and Federal agencies, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries

TABLE A-5. Fatal occupational injuries by occupation and event or exposure, Oklahoma, 2005

Occupation ¹	Total fatalities (number)	Event or exposure ²					
		Transportation incidents ³	Assaults and violent acts ⁴	Contact with objects and equipment	Falls	Exposure to harmful sub- stances or environments	Fires and explosions
Total.....	95	57	9	10	10	5	4
Protective service occupations.....	7	6	--	--	--	--	--
Law enforcement workers.....	3	--	--	--	--	--	--
Other protective service workers.....	3	3	--	--	--	--	--
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations.....	3	3	--	--	--	--	--
Sales and related occupations.....	7	4	--	--	--	--	--
Office and administrative support occupations.....	3	3	--	--	--	--	--
Material recording, scheduling, dispatching, and distributing workers.....	3	3	--	--	--	--	--
Postal service workers.....	3	3	--	--	--	--	--
Postal service mail carriers.....	3	3	--	--	--	--	--
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations.....	5	--	--	--	--	--	--
Agricultural workers.....	5	--	--	--	--	--	--
Miscellaneous agricultural workers.....	5	--	--	--	--	--	--
Construction and extraction occupations.....	29	14	--	5	7	--	--
Supervisors, construction and extraction workers.....	4	3	--	--	--	--	--
First-line supervisors/managers of construction trades and extraction workers.....	4	3	--	--	--	--	--
First-line supervisors/managers of construction trades and extraction workers.....	4	3	--	--	--	--	--
Construction trades workers.....	16	7	--	--	6	--	--
Carpenters.....	4	--	--	--	--	--	--
Carpenters.....	4	--	--	--	--	--	--
Construction equipment operators.....	3	--	--	--	--	--	--
Operating engineers and other construction equipment operators.....	3	--	--	--	--	--	--
Electricians.....	3	--	--	--	--	--	--
Electricians.....	3	--	--	--	--	--	--
Extraction workers.....	7	--	--	3	--	--	--

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE A-5. Fatal occupational injuries by occupation and event or exposure, Oklahoma, 2005 - Continued

Occupation ¹	Total fatalities (number)	Event or exposure ²					
		Transportation incidents ³	Assaults and violent acts ⁴	Contact with objects and equipment	Falls	Exposure to harmful sub- stances or environments	Fires and explosions
Production occupations.....	5	--	--	3	--	--	--
Metal workers and plastic workers.....	3	--	--	--	--	--	--
Transportation and material moving occupations.....	28	22	--	--	--	--	--
Motor vehicle operators.....	22	19	--	--	--	--	--
Driver/sales workers and truck drivers.....	21	19	--	--	--	--	--
Truck drivers, heavy and tractor-trailer.....	17	16	--	--	--	--	--
Truck drivers, light or delivery services.....	3	--	--	--	--	--	--
Material moving workers.....	5	--	--	--	--	--	--

¹ Based on the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification System.

² Based on the 1992 BLS Occupational Injury and Illness Classification Manual.

³ Includes highway, nonhighway, air, water, rail fatalities, and fatalities resulting from being struck by a vehicle.

⁴ Includes violence by persons, self-inflicted injury, and attacks by animals.

NOTE: Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately. Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria. Data for 2005 are preliminary.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State and Federal agencies, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries

TABLE A-6. Fatal occupational injuries resulting from transportation incidents and homicides by occupation, Oklahoma, 2005

Occupation ¹	Total fatalities (number)	Transportation incidents					Homicides		
		Total	Highway incidents	Non-highway incidents	Worker struck by vehicle	All other transporta- tion incidents	Total	Homicides by shooting	All other homicides
Total.....	95	57	46	3	5	3	8	6	--
Protective service occupations.....	7	6	6	--	--	--	--	--	--
Law enforcement workers.....	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Other protective service workers.....	3	3	3	--	--	--	--	--	--
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations.....	3	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Sales and related occupations.....	7	4	3	--	--	--	--	--	--
Office and administrative support occupations.....	3	3	3	--	--	--	--	--	--
Material recording, scheduling, dispatching, and distributing workers.....	3	3	3	--	--	--	--	--	--
Postal service workers.....	3	3	3	--	--	--	--	--	--
Postal service mail carriers.....	3	3	3	--	--	--	--	--	--
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations.....	5	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Agricultural workers.....	5	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Miscellaneous agricultural workers.....	5	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Construction and extraction occupations.....	29	14	9	--	3	--	--	--	--
Supervisors, construction and extraction workers.....	4	3	3	--	--	--	--	--	--
First-line supervisors/managers of construction trades and extraction workers.....	4	3	3	--	--	--	--	--	--
First-line supervisors/managers of construction trades and extraction workers.....	4	3	3	--	--	--	--	--	--
Construction trades workers.....	16	7	3	--	--	--	--	--	--
Carpenters.....	4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Carpenters.....	4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Construction equipment operators.....	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Operating engineers and other construction equipment operators.....	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Electricians.....	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Electricians.....	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Extraction workers.....	7	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE A-6. Fatal occupational injuries resulting from transportation incidents and homicides by occupation, Oklahoma, 2005 - continued

Occupation ¹	Total fatalities (number)	Transportation incidents					Homicides		
		Total	Highway incidents	Non-highway incidents	Worker struck by vehicle	All other transporta- tion incidents	Total	Homicides by shooting	All other homicides
Production occupations.....	5	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Metal workers and plastic workers.....	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Transportation and material moving occupations.....	28	22	21	--	--	--	--	--	--
Motor vehicle operators.....	22	19	19	--	--	--	--	--	--
Driver/sales workers and truck drivers.....	21	19	19	--	--	--	--	--	--
Truck drivers, heavy and tractor-trailer.....	17	16	16	--	--	--	--	--	--
Truck drivers, light or delivery services.....	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Material moving workers.....	5	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

¹ Based on the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification System.

no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria. Data for 2005 are preliminary

NOTE: Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately. Dashes indicate

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State and Federal agencies, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries

Table A-7. Fatal occupational injuries by worker characteristics and event or exposure, Oklahoma, 2005

Worker characteristics	Total fatalities (number)	Event or exposure ¹					
		Transportation incidents ²	Assaults and violent acts ³	Contact with objects and equipment	Falls	Exposure to harmful substances or environments	Fires and explosions
Total.....	95	57	9	10	10	5	4
Employee Status							
Wage and Salary Workers ⁴	86	53	7	9	10	3	4
Self-employed ⁵	9	4	--	--	--	--	--
Sex							
Men.....	88	53	6	10	10	5	4
Women.....	7	4	3	--	--	--	--
Age							
Under 16 years.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
16 to 17 years.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
18 to 19 years.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
20 to 24 years.....	5	3	--	--	--	--	--
25 to 34 years.....	14	5	3	--	--	--	--
35 to 44 years.....	25	13	4	--	4	--	--
45 to 54 years.....	24	14	--	--	3	--	--
55 to 64 years.....	18	17	--	--	--	--	--
65 years and over.....	7	5	--	--	--	--	--
Race or Ethnic Origin⁶							
White, non-Hispanic.....	73	47	7	6	7	3	3
Black, non-Hispanic.....	6	4	--	--	--	--	--
Hispanic or Latino.....	8	4	--	--	--	--	--
American Indian or Alaska Native.....	4	--	--	--	--	--	--
Asian.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

¹ Based on the 1992 BLS Occupational Injury and Illness Classification Manual.

² Includes highway, nonhighway, air, water, rail fatalities, and fatalities resulting from being struck by a vehicle.

³ Includes violence by persons, self-inflicted injury, and attacks by animals.

⁴ May include volunteers and workers receiving other types of compensation.

⁵ Includes self-employed workers, owners of unincorporated businesses and farms, paid and unpaid family workers, and may include some owners of incorporated businesses or members of partnerships.

⁶ Persons identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race. The race

categories shown exclude data for Hispanics and Latinos.

NOTE: Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately. Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria. Data for 2005 are preliminary.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State and Federal agencies, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries

TABLE A-8. Fatal occupational injuries by event or exposure and age, Oklahoma, 2005

Event or exposure ¹	Total fatalities (number)	Age								
		Under 16 years	16-17 years	18-19 years	20-24 years	25-34 years	35-44 years	45-54 years	55-64 years	65 years and over
Total.....	95	--	--	--	5	14	25	24	18	7
Contact with objects and equipment.....	10	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Struck by object.....	7	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Falls.....	10	--	--	--	--	--	4	3	--	--
Fall to lower level.....	10	--	--	--	--	--	4	3	--	--
Fall from roof.....	5	--	--	--	--	--	3	--	--	--
Fall through skylight.....	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Exposure to harmful substances or environments.....	5	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Contact with electric current.....	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Transportation accidents.....	57	--	--	--	3	5	13	14	17	5
Highway accident.....	46	--	--	--	--	5	11	10	14	4
Collision between vehicles, mobile equipment.....	22	--	--	--	--	--	6	7	5	--
Moving in opposite directions, oncoming.....	7	--	--	--	--	--	3	--	--	--
Moving in intersection.....	10	--	--	--	--	--	3	4	--	--
Moving and standing vehicle, mobile equipment--in roadway.....	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Vehicle struck stationary object, equipment on side of road.....	11	--	--	--	--	3	--	--	3	--

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE A-8. Fatal occupational injuries by event or exposure and age, Oklahoma, 2005 - continued

Event or exposure ¹	Total fatalities (number)	Age								
		Under 16 years	16-17 years	18-19 years	20-24 years	25-34 years	35-44 years	45-54 years	55-64 years	65 years and over
Noncollision accident.....	11	--	--	--	--	--	4	--	4	--
Jack-knifed or overturned--no collision.....	10	--	--	--	--	--	4	--	4	--
Nonhighway accident, except rail, air, water.....	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Pedestrian, nonpassenger struck by vehicle, mobile equipment.....	5	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Fires and explosions.....	4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Assaults and violent acts.....	9	--	--	--	--	3	4	--	--	--
Assaults and violent acts by person(s).....	8	--	--	--	--	3	3	--	--	--
Shooting.....	6	--	--	--	--	3	--	--	--	--

¹ Based on the 1992 BLS Occupational Injury and Illness Classification Manual.

elsewhere classified." Data for 2005 are preliminary.

NOTE: Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately. Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria. n.e.c. means "not

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State and Federal agencies, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries

TABLE A-9. Fatal occupational injuries by event or exposure and major private industry¹ sector, Oklahoma, 2005

Event or exposure ²	Total fatalities (number)	Goods producing				Service providing							
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ³	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation, and utilities	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services
Total.....	95	45	19	20	6	39	29	--	--	6	--	--	--
Contact with objects and equipment.....	10	10	6	--	4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Struck by object.....	7	7	5	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Falls.....	10	8	--	7	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Fall to lower level.....	10	8	--	7	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Fall from roof.....	5	4	--	4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Fall through skylight.....	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Exposure to harmful substances or environments.....	5	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Contact with electric current.....	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Transportation accidents.....	57	18	9	9	--	29	21	--	--	5	--	--	--
Highway accident.....	46	12	7	5	--	25	20	--	--	4	--	--	--
Collision between vehicles, mobile equipment.....	22	7	3	4	--	11	8	--	--	--	--	--	--
Moving in opposite directions, oncoming.....	7	6	--	4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Moving in intersection.....	10	--	--	--	--	5	4	--	--	--	--	--	--
Moving and standing vehicle, mobile equipment--in roadway.....	3	--	--	--	--	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Vehicle struck stationary object, equipment on side of road.....	11	--	--	--	--	6	6	--	--	--	--	--	--

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE A-9. Fatal occupational injuries by event or exposure and major private industry¹ sector, Oklahoma, 2005 - continued

Event or exposure ²	Total fatalities (number)	Goods producing				Service providing							
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ³	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation, and utilities	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services
Noncollision accident.....	11	--	--	--	--	7	6	--	--	--	--	--	--
Jack-knifed or overturned--no collision.....	10	--	--	--	--	7	6	--	--	--	--	--	--
Nonhighway accident, except rail, air, water.....	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Pedestrian, nonpassenger struck by vehicle, mobile equipment.....	5	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Fires and explosions.....	4	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Assaults and violent acts.....	9	3	--	--	--	5	4	--	--	--	--	--	--
Assaults and violent acts by person(s).....	8	--	--	--	--	5	4	--	--	--	--	--	--
Shooting.....	6	--	--	--	--	5	4	--	--	--	--	--	--

¹ Classified according to the North American Industry Classification System, 2002.

² Based on the 1992 BLS Occupational Injury and Illness Classification Manual.

³ Includes fatalities at all establishments categorized as Mining (Sector 21) in the North American Industry Classification System, 2002, including establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction.

NOTE: Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately. Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria. n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Data for 2005 are preliminary.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State and Federal agencies, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries