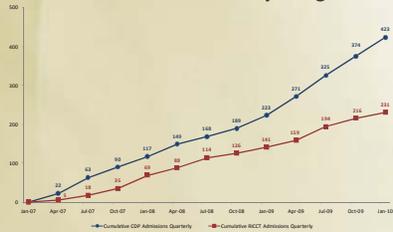


# Oklahoma Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services (ODMHSAS) and Oklahoma Department of Corrections (DOC) Mental Health Re-Entry Program

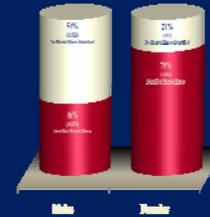
The DOC and the ODMHSAS have worked to improve the transition of incarcerated offenders with a serious mental illness (SMI) into community-based mental health services. During the 2006 legislative session, ODMHSAS requested and received funding for new staff positions to be located within three state prisons to develop and coordinate discharge planning for offenders with a SMI. Beginning January 2007, the newly hired "Integrated Services Discharge Managers," who are ODMHSAS employees, function at offices located in the mental health units of three prisons. The Discharge Managers, as part of the DOC treatment team, coordinate mental health services for discharge planning. Re-Entry Intensive Care Coordination Teams (RICCT) provide treatment services in the community to persons discharged from DOC. The ultimate goal of the Mental Health Re-Entry Program (MHRP) is recovery.

Cumulative Admissions to the Mental Health Re-Entry Program

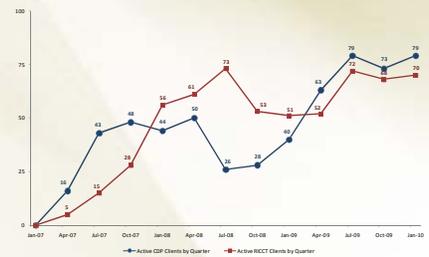


## Mental Health Needs Within DOC

Studies have shown that as many as 67% of offenders with mental illness will be re-incarcerated within six months after release from prison if given no adequate aftercare services. In fiscal year 2007, DOC discharged approximately 8,000 offenders to either probation/parole supervision or directly to the street without supervision. Based on the mental health levels classification system, it is estimated that approximately 1,000 of those 8,000 discharged have a mental illness that would reduce their successful re-entry into the community if not given proper services.

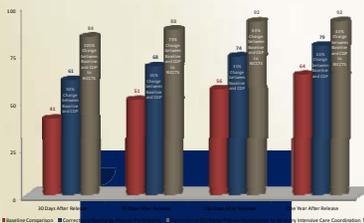


Clients Active in the Mental Health Re-Entry Program by Quarter



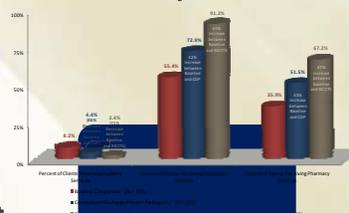
CDP clients were 6 times more and RICCT clients were almost 7 times more likely to be enrolled in Medicaid at DOC release than the baseline comparison group.

Rate of Service Engagement (Receiving at Least One Service in a Specified Time Period)



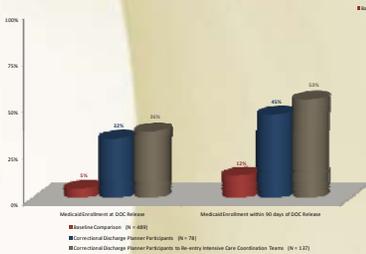
Service engagement rates for CDP clients were over 3 times more and RICCT clients were 5 times more than the baseline comparison group.

Inpatient, Outpatient and Pharmacy Services



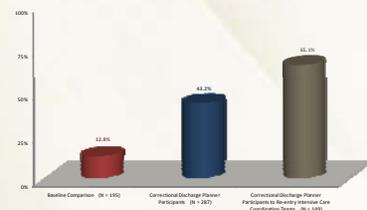
Returns to DOC for CDP clients were 58% lower and RICCT clients were 47% lower than that of the baseline comparison group.

Clients Enrolled in Medicaid



Almost 80% of the CDP group and over 90% of the CDP to RICCT group received a service within one year of prison release.

Rate of Service Engagement (Receiving at Least Four Services within 44 days of Release from the Department of Corrections)



CDP clients showed 46% less and RICCT clients showed 71% less inpatient admissions than the baseline comparison group.

Clients Returning to the Department of Corrections Within 18 Months

