Profile of American Indian Mothers with Oklahoma Medicaid Reimbursed Live Births in 2016
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BACKGROUND

Oklahoma is home to more than 289,000 American Indians.† Oklahoma is also one of the states with the largest proportion of the Medicaid population that is American Indian.‡ Currently, almost 80,000 American Indians are enrolled in Medicaid, representing 10% of the state’s Medicaid population.³ Although Medicaid enrollment among American Indians is enumerated and reported monthly, limited studies have been done on American Indian mothers with Medicaid reimbursed live births within the state.

STUDY OBJECTIVE

The objective of this profile is to present a snapshot of select maternal characteristics and birth outcomes among American Indian mothers whose live births in calendar year (CY) 2016 were reimbursed by Oklahoma Medicaid.

DATA AND METHODS

The data used in this report were from the Oklahoma Medicaid and birth data linkage project for CY 2016. Oklahoma Medicaid data were extracted from the Oklahoma Medicaid Management Information Systems (OKMMIS) from the Oklahoma Health Care Authority (OHCA). Oklahoma birth data were obtained from Vital Records (VR) Division of Oklahoma State Department of Health (OSDH). Probabilistic and deterministic data linkage between the Medicaid eligibility data and birth data was conducted in SAS (version 9.4) and Link King (version 9.0). Medicaid reimbursed live births (n=27,010) were determined by the matches of the Medicaid recipient data to the birth data. Medicaid reimbursed live births among American Indian mothers (n=3,577) were subsequently identified from the Medicaid-birth matched data (Figure 1). Classification of American Indian race was derived from birth certificates. Select maternal characteristics and birth outcomes were assessed using variables in birth data.

RESULTS

In 2016, 3,577 American Indian live births were reimbursed by Oklahoma Medicaid, representing 60.4% of American Indian live births in Oklahoma.

Nearly 96% of American Indian mothers were non-Hispanic, 84.0% were between 20 to 39 years of age, and 76.6% were with at least a high school education. (Figure 2)

Over 66% of American Indian mothers had one or more previous live births, 24.4% of American Indian mothers did not access prenatal care (PNC), 3.2% of American Indian mothers were overweight, and 63.3% of the mothers were overweight or obese. (Figure 2)

Nearly 11% of Oklahoma Medicaid reimbursed American Indian live births were prematures, 6.9% of the American Indian live births were of low or very low birthweight, and 6.3% of the American Indian live births were admitted to newborn intensive care unit (NICU). (Figure 3)

The percentage of Oklahoma Medicaid reimbursed live births among American Indian mothers residing in rural areas was higher than that in urban areas (64.3% vs 59.4%). Counties with the highest percentage of American Indian live births reimbursed by Oklahoma Medicaid were Payne, Latimer, Atoka, Comanche and Custer. (Table 1)

CONCLUSION

Medicaid plays an important role for the American Indian population across the country, especially in the states with substantial American Indian population. This profile based on the Medicaid-Birth linked data 2016 provided a preliminary assessment of the maternal characteristics and birth outcomes among American Indian mothers whose deliveries were reimbursed by Oklahoma Medicaid. Further studies could evaluate maternal health status and behaviors, as well as assess risk factors for adverse birth outcomes.

LIMITATIONS

Medicaid eligibility files were extracted based on the Medicaid Delivery Dates table may not account for unmatched mother and baby due to adoption and custody. Medicaid births outside of Oklahoma are not included in birth certificate data. However, it includes Medicaid partial paid such as Third Party Liability (TPL) and Medicare. Due to frequent updates of Medicaid data in OKMMIS, a majority of the Medicaid data was a “point in time” representation of the data extraction.

REFERENCES


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