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National Background Check Program Grant

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Grant Web Site: http://onbc.health.ok.gov
Program Goals

- Help States protect vulnerable populations in Long Term Care Settings
- Identify efficient, effective, and economical procedures for States to conduct State and Federal background checks
- Establish framework for standardized nationwide program for States to conduct fingerprint-based background checks on all prospective direct patient access employees of long term care facilities and providers
Program Fundamentals

- Grant awarded through Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS)
- State provides 25% match – currently authorized grant of $2.6 million, allowed up to $3 million
- Grant program currently in effect: April 2011 - April 2013; extension to be requested
- Funds for exploration and development of applicant screening program:
  - Applies to future hires not current employees
  - Fingerprint-based national criminal history records search
  - Search of applicable exclusion registries:
    - OIG exclusion list
    - Abuse/neglect registries
    - Sex & violent Offender registries
    - Licensure Boards
  - Rap back capability for on-going monitoring of criminal convictions and reduced duplicate fingerprinting
Ad Hoc Advisory Group

- Created and stakeholder discussions to:
  - Refine proposed system, process, and scope of work
  - Identify and select funding options
  - Draft legislative proposal

- Members
  - Nursing Home, Assisted Living, Home Health, Hospice & Residential Care Associations
  - Personal care services providers
  - DHS Program Officials
  - Okla. State Bureau of Investigation
  - Okla. Health Care Authority
  - Vulnerable Populations
Model for Proposal

- Single web portal point of entry operated by OSDH
- Automated registry checks
  - Sex & Violent Offender
  - Abuse/neglect registries
  - Exclusion Lists
  - Licensure Boards
- Cleared for digital fingerprinting (FP) through statewide vendor shared with sister agencies for best pricing
- Digital transmission of FPs to OSBI/FBI & results
- Determination unit (DU) reviews rap sheets & advises potential employer
- Rap back capability for on-going monitoring of criminal convictions & 1-time fingerprinting
Employers Defined

Term “long-term care facility or provider” means facilities or providers that receive payment for services under title XVIII or XIX of the Social Security Act. In Oklahoma this would include:

- Nursing facilities
- Residential Care
- Adult Day Care
- Assisted Living
- Intermediate Care Facility for Individuals with Intellectual Disabilities
- Home health agencies
- Hospice agencies
- Sooner Care nurse aide scholarship program
- Staffing agencies contracting with providers
- Independent contractors serving providers
- Providers of Medicaid Home and Community-based waiver services may participate on a voluntary basis
Applies to those with direct patient access on an ongoing basis

Means access to a service recipient of an employer, through employment, independent contract, or the granting of clinical privileges, in which the performance of duties involve, or may involve one-on-one contact with a service recipient of the employer on an ongoing basis. Such term shall include access to a patient's or resident's property, medical information or financial information. Such term does not include a volunteer unless the volunteer has duties that are equivalent to the duties of a direct patient access employee and those duties involve one-on-one contact with a patient or resident of an employer, without line of sight supervision by employer staff;
Screening and Background Check Process

- Employer enters basic applicant info. in system
- Registries and prior screening enrollment status checked
- If cleared & not previously enrolled, employer enrolls applicant for FP and pays $19 fee
  - Applicant pays $10 scanning fee at fingerprinting
  - OSBI/FBI results sent to OSDH
  - OSDH pays OSBI/FBI fingerprinting fee of $41 & scanning vendor fee of $15
  - OSDH reviews and sends determination to employer/employee
  - If cleared employee enrolled in monitoring
  - If not cleared, employee ineligible in system (appeal rights)
- If employee was cleared & previously enrolled, & employer hires, employer pays $19 fee and enrolls employee for criminal history monitoring under employer
- Short term grant funds and long term Medicaid match funds support program funding
Fees

- Registry Screening fee to employer: $0
- Criminal History Screening & Enrollment fee to employer: $19 (Equivalent to name based and sex/violent offender check)
- Applicant fingerprinting fee (One-time fee while under rap-back) $10
- No change in fees without law change
- Allows *voluntary* enrollment of current employees at full cost of $65
- Collected fees used to leverage Medicaid dollars for applicable costs of services to Medicaid providers
Fees

- Actual FP Costs of $41 are paid by the Department.
- Diminishing fingerprint load based on monitored criminal histories for currently enrolled employees avoids duplicative fingerprinting cost on changes of employment within the industry.
- If you change employers within the industry you do not have to be re-fingerprinted.
- Applicants previously disqualified will be made known to potential employer without paying fee for background check.
By year three of the program 2 out of ten hires will be in system and will not require re-fingerprinting.

By year five almost 4 out of every ten hires will be in system and will not require re-fingerprinting.

For those in the system, the OSDH can provide immediate confirmation of eligibility to hire.
### Fingerprinting vs. Rap-Back Enrollment

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Hires Previously Enrolled</th>
<th>Hires Fingerprinted</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Yr1</td>
<td>-</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yr2</td>
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<td>Yr10</td>
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</table>
Background Check Program Revolving Fund Balance
(Medicaid Match on 22% of Fingerprints)

Note: Model relies on constant provider enrollment fee of $19 and applicant scanning fee of $10.
Employment Barriers

- Failure to act in conformity with federal, state and municipal laws applicable to their professional license, certificate, permit, or employment class, as established by the authority having jurisdiction for the applicant’s license, certificate, permit, or employment class

- Currently subject to an exclusion as described under Title 42 of the United States Code, Section 1320a-7

- Currently the subject of a substantiated finding of neglect, abuse, verbal abuse, misappropriation of property, maltreatment, or exploitation, by any state or federal agency pursuant to an investigation conducted in accordance with Title 42 of the United States Code, Sections 1395i-3(g)(1)(C) or 1396r(g)(1)(c), or Sections 1-1950.7 or 1-1951 of Title 63 of the Okla. Statutes
Employment Barriers

- Entered on the Community Services Worker Registry
- Recorded on the Child Care Restricted Registry
- Registered Sex or Violent Offender in OK or on another state’s sex offender registry.
- A nurse aide is disqualified from employment based on an amended list of barrier crimes [See slides 12 & 13]
- A nontechnical services worker is disqualified from employment based on the same barrier crimes as a nurse aide
- An individual providing direct patient services in an employment class not otherwise described would be subject to barriers defined for nurse aides
Amended Nurse Aide Barrier Convictions

- Shall not employ an Aide who was convicted of, pled guilty or no contest to, or received a deferred sentence to, a felony or misdemeanor offense for any of the following offenses in any state:
  - abuse, neglect or financial exploitation of any person entrusted to the care or possession of such person,
  - rape, incest or sodomy,
  - child abuse,
  - murder or attempted murder,
  - manslaughter,
  - kidnapping,
  - aggravated assault and battery,
  - assault and battery with a dangerous weapon, or
  - arson in the first degree.
7-Years Post Completion of Sentence Barriers for Nurse Aides

Shall not employ an aide where 7 years have not elapsed since the completion of sentence where the aide was convicted of, or pled guilty or no contest to, a felony or misdemeanor offense for any of the following offenses, in any state or federal jurisdiction:

- assault,
- battery,
- indecent exposure and indecent exhibition, except where such offense disqualifies the applicant as a registered sex offender,
- pandering,
- burglary in the first or second degree,
- robbery in the first or second degree,
- robbery or attempted robbery with a dangerous weapon, or imitation firearm,
- arson in the second degree,
- unlawful manufacture, distribution, prescription, or dispensing of a Schedule I through V drugs as defined by the Uniform Controlled Dangerous Substances Act,
- grand larceny, or
- petit larceny or shoplifting.
Miscellaneous

- Would authorize employer to request FP’s on current employees with employees consent and at employers expense at higher cost to employer
- Provisional employment period
- Appeal provisions
- Employers acting in good faith to comply with the requirements of this law shall be immune from liability in carrying on the provisions of the law
- Phased-in implementation with effective dates established in rule
- System currently in place in State of Michigan
Value

- Name based background checks apply to a limited class of employees and are not national in scope. Evidence exists of employees in long term care settings with criminal and abuse findings crossing state boundaries to continue employment in long term care settings.
- Avoids duplicate fingerprinting and the associated costs to employers and citizens on changes in employer within the industry.
- Relies on live scan fingerprint vendor to collect digital image fingerprint, yielding more reliable fingerprints the first time, reducing delays in processing and inconvenience to applicants.
- Live scan vendor to serve multiple agencies with recently imposed fingerprint based background statutes through a statewide network offering 30-minute drive time access giving greater access to teachers and child-care service workers who can also use the system.
- Shared contracting with a live scan vendor keeps fingerprinting costs lower.
- Some insurance underwriters require a national background check.
Current law status

- HB2582 signed by governor June 8, 2012
- Effective date of law is November 1, 2012
- The law authorizes staggered implementation by provider groups through rule rulemaking. We anticipate effective dates for the Nursing Home industry of January 1, 2013 at the latest.
- More information and training will be forthcoming
- See the web site http://onbc.health.ok.gov for more information