

## 2012 OHIP Work Group Quarterly Report

January – March 2012

**Work Group Name: Tobacco Use Prevention Workgroup**

**Work Group Goal: Protect all Oklahomans from exposure to secondhand smoke**

Result Objective	Target Completion Date	Actual Completion Date	Accountability (Lead Person(s) Responsible)	Measure	Progress
<p>1. By May 2010, extend state law to eliminate smoking in all indoor public places and workplaces, except in private residences.</p> <p>a) Educate the public and policy makers concerning the seriousness of adverse health effects of secondhand smoke exposure, including brief exposures.</p> <p>b) Educate the public and policy makers concerning progress in other states to protect workers and the public from secondhand smoke exposure, including successful implementation of smoke-free laws with positive health benefits and without adverse business effects.</p> <p>c) Organize business and professional organizations, healthcare and public health organizations, public health agencies and others to call on elected officials to strengthen Oklahoma's clean indoor air laws.</p> <p>d) Intervene with the Oklahoma Restaurant Association to obtain their support for Smoke-Free Oklahoma.</p>	<p>May 2010</p>		<p>Lead:            a) OSDH/TSET            b) Oklahoma Alliance on Health or Tobacco (OAHT)            c) OAHT            d) OSDH</p>	<p>Measures:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Law amended</li> </ul>	<p>Efforts this year are again focused on restoring local rights for smoke-free environments. There is a continued emphasis on the importance of eliminating smoking in public places and workplaces through local coalitions and through the Musicians for a Smoke-free Oklahoma website and Facebook page.</p> <p>HB 2667 by Cox in the House and Simpson in the Senate passed the House and is assigned to the Senate Health and Human Services Committee, where it awaits a hearing.</p>

<p>2. By January 2015, increase the number of tribal nations that voluntarily adopt laws/policies to eliminate commercial tobacco abuse in tribally-owned or -operated worksites, including casinos.</p> <p><i>Baseline – none in June 2009</i></p> <p>a) Educate tribal leadership on the health consequences of second hand smoke.  b) Get on the agenda of the Sovereignty Symposium by June 2010.  c) Look for opportunities to include the smoke-free discussion as health care reform progresses.</p>	<p>January 2015</p>		<p>Lead:  a) Native American MPOWER  b) Native American MPOWER  c) Native American MPOWER</p>	<p>Measures:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Number of laws/policies adopted</li> </ul>	<p>There is continued work being done by many tribal nations and partners to address casinos and other tribal areas affected by exposure to secondhand smoke.</p>
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<p>3. By January 2015, increase the proportion of multi-unit housing facilities (25%), homes (90%) and motor vehicles (80%) with voluntary smoke-free policies.</p> <p><u>Baseline:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>Multi-unit housing facilities – 1% (estimated)</i></li> <li>• <i>Homes – 74% in 2008</i></li> <li>• <i>Vehicles – 69% in 2008</i></li> </ul> <p>a) Develop a database to establish baseline and track smoke-free policies among multi-unit housing facilities.</p> <p>b) Educate owners and managers (<b>statewide associations</b>) of multi-unit housing on options and processes to provide protection from secondhand smoke including information on the marketing of lease agreements that assure a housing unit to be located in a 100 percent smoke-free building.</p> <p>c) Provide education to residents of multi-unit housing on all available educational and legal remedies and resources that may be applicable in various situations, depending on the ownership of the facility (publicly or privately owned) and the documented health condition of the persons affected.</p> <p>d) Develop, distribute, and utilize toolkits for Oklahoma communities to increasing voluntary adoption of smoke-free policies in homes and motor vehicles.</p>	<p>January 2015</p>		<p>Lead:</p> <p>a) OSDH b) OSDH and community partners c) Community Coalitions d) OSDH and community coalitions</p>	<p>Measures:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Percent of smoke-free multiunit housing facilities</li> <li>• Percent of persons reporting a smoke-free home policy</li> <li>• Percent of persons reporting a smoke-free vehicle policy</li> </ul>	<p>A multi-unit housing toolkit has been developed by the Oklahoma State Department of Health. Plans are in the works to begin pilot testing of the toolkit.</p> <p>The Oklahoma City-County Health Department received the Community Transformation Grant from the CDC and one of the objectives written into the grant is to address multi-unit housing.</p>
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***Specific activities towards objectives completed this quarter:***

***Other items to share:***

**Chair:** Tracey Strader, Tobacco Settlement Endowment Trust

**Team Members:** Bob Miner, *staff*, Oklahoma State Department of Health  
Carolyn Durbin, Oklahoma City-County Health Department  
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Joy Leuthard, Oklahoma Hospital Association  
Joyce Morris, *staff*, Oklahoma State Department of Health  
Laura Beebe, Oklahoma Tobacco Research Center  
Laurette Taylor, Cimarron Alliance  
Lynette McClain, Oklahoma Osteopathic Association  
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Neil Hann, Oklahoma State Department of Health  
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