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Profile for Logan County (County)

Data Provided by: Oklahoma Institute for Child Advocacy

All Logan County Indicators

Arrests of Juveniles for Violent Crimes (Number)			
2007	2008	2009	2010
5	2	4	1

Arrests of Juveniles for Violent Crimes (Rate)			
2007	2008	2009	2010
34.1	13.1	25.1	6.1

Definitions: Juvenile Violent Crime Arrests count arrests of youth from the ages of 10 through 17 for violent offenses. Rates of Arrest of Juveniles for Violent Crimes measure the portion of youth arrested for violent offenses, and is displayed as an annual average number of arrests during a given year calculated for every 100,000 youth ages 10 through 17. Violent offenses include homicide, forcible rape, robbery and aggravated assault.

Data Source: Arrest data provided by the Oklahoma State Bureau of Investigation (OSBI). Population data uses U.S. Bureau of the Census, Population Estimates Division, for appropriate year. Current population data for the state and counties is the average of estimates by the U.S. Bureau of the Census for a given year.

Footnotes: Arrest figures include all arrests for violent crimes during a given year, including repeated arrests of the same individual for different offenses. Several Oklahoma counties reported no juvenile violent crime arrests during the years included. Changes in the number of arrests may reflect changes in juvenile crime, police activity and/or public policy. LAST UPDATED OR EDITED: May 28, 2012.

Data Provided by: Oklahoma Institute for Child Advocacy

Change Over Time in Arrests of Juveniles for Violent Crimes Rate (Percent)	
2009	2010
-26.4%	-82.0%

Definitions: The percent of change over time measures the increase or decrease in the rate of arrests for violent crimes among juveniles (ages 10-17) during the latest year when compared to the base year (2007). The rate of arrests for violent crimes among juveniles measures the portion of youth (ages 10-17) arrested for violent offenses for every 100,000 youth ages 10 through 17. A positive percent of change indicates an improved rate between the periods compared. A negative percent of change indicates a worsening rate between the periods compared.

Data Source: Arrest data provided by the Oklahoma State Bureau of Investigation (OSBI). Population data uses U.S. Bureau of the Census, Population Estimates Division for each year.

Footnotes: "NA" means the base rate (2007) is "zero" so a change cannot be calculated.
LAST UPDATED OR EDITED: May 28, 2012.

Data Provided by: Oklahoma Institute for Child Advocacy

Change Over Time in Child & Teen Death Rates (Percent)					
Age group	2001-2003	2002-2004	2003-2005	2004-2006	2006-2008
Ages 1-14	22.4%	66.5%	66.2%	88.9%	79.1%
Ages 15-19	86.0%	43.5%	14.7%	24.8%	34.8%
All (ages 1-19)	49.8%	55.7%	42.6%	61.4%	62.0%

Definitions: The percent of change over time measures the increase or decrease in child and teen death rates in each age group (ages 1-14, 15-19, and 1-19) during a given three year period when compared to the base period (1994, 1995 and 1996). Child and teen death rates measure the portion of children and/or teens in each age group who die for every 100,000 children and/or teen in that age group. A positive percent of change indicates an improved rate between the periods compared. A negative percent of change indicates a worsening rate between the periods compared.

Data Source: Death data provided by Oklahoma State Department of Health (OSDH). Population data uses U.S. Department of Health and Human Services for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Health Statistics, "United States Census Population 2000 Population with Bridged Race Categories," updated to estimate population of children and teens by age group for each time period.

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Footnotes: "NA" means the base rate (1994, 1995 and 1996) is "zero" so a change cannot be calculated. Three year rates are used to improve reliability of comparisons in small areas.
LAST UPDATED OR EDITED: July 11, 2010.

Data Provided by: Oklahoma Institute for Child Advocacy

Change Over Time in Child Poverty (Percent)	
2009	2010
1.1%	0.0%

Definitions: The percent of change over time measures the increase or decrease in the percentage of child poverty in the selected year when compared to the base year (2006). Child poverty measures the portion of all children under 18 who live below the poverty threshold, as defined by the U.S. Census Bureau. A positive percent of change indicates an improvement between the periods compared (less child poverty). A negative percent of change indicates a worsening between the periods compared (more child poverty).

More...

Data Source: Data from the U.S. Bureau of the Census, Small Area Income and Poverty Estimates (SAIPE), for each year.

Footnotes: Numbers and rates may differ from an earlier Oklahoma Kids Count Factbook due to the availability of updated or corrected data. LAST UPDATED OR EDITED: January 08, 2012.

Data Provided by: Oklahoma Institute for Child Advocacy

Change Over Time in High School Dropout Rates (Percent)
Class of 2010
-45.8%

Definitions:

The percent of change over time measures the increase or decrease in the four-year high school dropout rate in the latest period when compared to the class of 2006, the base period. Dropout rates are calculated by adding up the dropouts from 9th through 12th grade for the selected graduating class. This number is then divided by itself plus the graduate count from the selected year to derive the rate. A negative percent of change indicates less dropouts, thus an improved dropout rate between the periods compared.

Data Source: School data provided by the Office of Accountability using data from the Oklahoma State Department of Education (OSDE).

Footnotes: LAST UPDATED OR EDITED: February 29, 2012.

Data Provided by: Oklahoma Institute for Child Advocacy

Change Over Time in Infant Mortality Rate (Percent)	
2009	2010
-17.4%	126.5%

Definitions: The percent of change over time measures the increase or decrease in the infant mortality rates in the selected year when compared to the base year (2006). Infant mortality rates measure the portion of all live births who die during their first year of life for every 1,000 live births. A positive percent of change indicates an improved rate between the periods compared. A negative percent of change indicates a worsening rate between the periods compared.

Data Source: Birth and death data provided by Oklahoma State Department of Health (OSDH).

Footnotes: "NA" means the base rate (2006) is "zero" so a change cannot be calculated. The 2009 and 2010 data is preliminary and subject to change.

LAST UPDATED OR EDITED: December 31, 2011.

Data Provided by: Oklahoma Institute for Child Advocacy

Change Over Time in Low Birthweight Rates (Percent)		
Birthweight	2009	2010
Under 3 lbs. 5 oz.	0.0%	0.0%
Under 5 1/2 lbs.	20.0%	0.0%

Definitions: The percent of change over time measures the increase or decrease in the rate of infants born weighing less than 5 1/2 lbs. (2,500 grams) and less than 3 lbs.

5 ozs. (1,500 grams) during the latest year when compared to the base year (2006). The rate of infants weighing less than 5 1/2 lbs. (2,500 grams) and less than 3 lbs. 5 ozs. (1,500 grams) measures those low weight births as a portion of all live births. A positive percent of change indicates an increase in low birthweights, thus a worsening rate of low weight births between the years compared. A negative percent of change indicates a decrease in the rate of low birthweight babies, thus an improving rate of low weight births between the years compared.

Data Source: Birth data from Oklahoma State Department of Health (OSDH).

Footnotes: "NA" means the base rate (2006) for the county is "zero" so a change cannot be calculated.
LAST UPDATED OR EDITED: November 8, 2011.

Data Provided by: Oklahoma Institute for Child Advocacy

Change Over Time in Teen Birth Rates (Percent)		
Age group	2009	2010
Ages 15-17	196.4%	103.6%
Ages 18-19	-29.9%	-34.0%
All Teen Births	-6.5%	-21.8%

Definitions: The percent of change over time measures the increase or decrease in the rate of births to teens in each age group (ages 15-17, ages 18 & 19, and ages 15-19) during the year selected when compared to the base year (2006). The rate of births to teens in each age group presents the average annual number of births for every 1,000 girls in the age group in each area. A positive percent of change indicates an improved rate between the periods compared. A negative percent of change indicates a worsening rate between the periods compared.

Data Source: Birth data provided by Oklahoma State Department of Health (OSDH). Population data uses U.S. Census Population Estimates updated to estimate population of female teens by age group for each time period.

Footnotes: The 2009 and 2010 birth data is preliminary and subject to change. The rate for 2010 was calculated using 2009 population estimates since the 2010 data is not yet available.
LAST UPDATED OR EDITED: December 12, 2011.

Data Provided by: Oklahoma Institute for Child Advocacy

Child & Teen Death (Number) Showing most recent 5 years; Show All Years					
Age group	2001-2003	2002-2004	2003-2005	2004-2006	2006-2008
Ages 1-14	2	1	1	0	1
Ages 15-19	0	1	2	2	1
All (ages 1-19)	3	2	3	2	2

Child & Teen Death (Rate per 100,000) Showing most recent 5 years; Show All Years					
Age group	2001-2003	2002-2004	2003-2005	2004-2006	2006-2008
Ages 1-14	37.3	16.1	16.2	5.3	10.0
Ages 15-19	9.9	39.8	60.1	53.0	46.0
All (ages 1-19)	27.7	24.4	31.6	21.2	21.0

Definitions: Child Deaths count deaths among children ages 1 through 14. Rate of Child Death measures the portion of children ages 1 through 14 who die, and is calculated for every 100,000 children ages 1 through 14. Teen Deaths count deaths among youth ages 15 through 19. Rate of Teen Death measures the portion of youth ages 15 through 19 who die, and is calculated for every 100,000 youth ages 15 through 19. Child & Teen Deaths count deaths among children and youth ages 1 through 19. Rate of Child & Teen Death measures the portion of children and youth ages 1 through 19 who die, and is calculated for every 100,000 children and youth ages 1 through 19. Causes of death include diseases, accidents and violence (murder, suicide and deaths that occur during legal interventions). The data is reported by place of residence, not place of death. Counts are annual averages of three year totals.

Data Source: Death data provided by Oklahoma State Department of Health (OSDH). Base population data uses U.S. Bureau of the Census, Population Estimates Division, for 1994, 1995 and 1996. Recent population data uses U.S. Department of Health and Human Services for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Health Statistics, "United States Census Population 2000 Population with Bridged Race Categories," updated to estimate population of each age group of children and youth for recent years.

Footnotes: The state total may vary from the total of all counties since the state total may include deaths for which the county of residence was unknown or may vary due to rounding. Numbers and rates may differ from an earlier Oklahoma Kids Count Factbook due to the availability of updated or corrected data. Three year average numbers and rates are used to improve reliability of comparisons in small areas.
LAST UPDATED OR EDITED: June 13, 2010.

Data Provided by: Oklahoma Institute for Child Advocacy

Current Child Abuse & Neglect Confirmations (Number) (Historic Confirmations, explain series data)	
SFY2009	SFY2010
60.0	35.0

Current Child Abuse & Neglect Confirmations (Rate per 1000) (Historic Confirmations, explain series data)	
SFY2009	SFY2010
6.7	3.6

Definitions: Child Abuse and Neglect means harm or threatened harm to a child's health or welfare by a person responsible for the child's health or welfare. Several changes made to Oklahoma's Child Abuse Statutes during the 2007 Legislature were in effect during the time periods for which data was collected. The following definitions follow the law in effect during the period covered by the DATA CENTER. Child Abuse includes sexual abuse, sexual exploitation or non-accidental physical or mental injury. Abuse can also include harm resulting from failing to protect or abandoning a child. Sexual Abuse includes rape, incest and lewd or indecent acts or proposals by a person responsible for the child's welfare. Sexual Exploitation includes a person responsible for the child's welfare allowing or encouraging a child to engage in prostitution or pornography or engaging in child pornography. Neglect means failing to provide adequate food, clothing, shelter, and supervision; failing to provide special care made necessary by the physical or mental condition of the child; or abandonment. Title 10 Okl. St. Ann. 2006 § 7102. Data includes reports of suspected abuse or neglect containing allegations of serious or immediate threats to a child's safety for which there were formal investigations and, of those, the number for which abuse or neglect was confirmed. Rate means the number for which abuse or neglect was confirmed per every 1,000 children in the geographic location.

Data Source: Child abuse and neglect data provided by the Oklahoma Department of Human Services (OKDHS). Population data uses U.S. Bureau of the Census, Population Estimates Division for each year.

SFY2009 data uses Census annual population estimates from 2008
SFY2010 data uses Census annual population estimates from 2009

Footnotes: Three year rates are used to improve reliability of comparisons in small areas.

Major revision in investigation, service provision and enforcement have occurred since the initial base period, requiring data collection to begin anew. This data should not be compared to historic child abuse & neglect indicators.

LAST UPDATED OR EDITED: March 21, 2011.

Data Provided by: Oklahoma Institute for Child Advocacy

Historic Change Over Time in Child Abuse & Neglect Confirmation Rate (Percent) (explain series data)
SFY2006 - SFY2008
-8.7%

Definitions: The percent of change over time measures the increase or decrease in the rate of child abuse and/or neglect confirmations during the latest three year period when compared to the base period (SFY1995, SFY1996 and SFY1997). The rate of child abuse and/or neglect confirmations are confirmations per 1,000 children under age 18 in an area. A positive percent of change indicates an improved rate between the periods compared. A negative percent of change indicates a worsening rate between the periods compared.

Data Source: Child abuse and neglect data provided by the Oklahoma Department of Human Services (OKDHS). Child population data for the state and counties is the estimate by the U.S. Bureau of the Census for each middle year and uses U.S. Bureau of the Census, Population Estimates Division for each year.

Footnotes: Three year rates are used to improve reliability of comparisons in small areas.

Major revision in investigation, service provision and enforcement have occurred since the initial base period, requiring data collection to begin anew. This data should not be compared to more current child abuse & neglect indicators.

LAST UPDATED OR EDITED: July 12, 2010.

Data Provided by: Oklahoma Institute for Child Advocacy

Historic Child Abuse & Neglect Confirmations (Number) Showing most recent 5 years; Show All Years (Current Confirmations, explain series data)

SFY2002 - SFY2004	SFY2003 - SFY2005	SFY2004 - SFY2006	SFY2005 - SFY2007	SFY2006 - SFY2008
86.0	74.0	79.0	93.0	99.0

Historic Child Abuse & Neglect Confirmations (Rate per 1000) Showing most recent 5 years; Show All Years
(Current Confirmations, explain series data)

SFY2002 - SFY2004	SFY2003 - SFY2005	SFY2004 - SFY2006	SFY2005 - SFY2007	SFY2006 - SFY2008
10.5	9.0	9.6	11.4	11.3

Definitions:

Child Abuse and Neglect means harm or threatened harm to a child's health or welfare by a person responsible for the child's health or welfare. Several changes made to Oklahoma's Child Abuse Statutes during the 2007 Legislature were in effect during the time periods for which data was collected. The following definitions follow the law in effect during the period covered by the DATA CENTER. Child Abuse includes sexual abuse, sexual exploitation or non-accidental physical or mental injury. Abuse can also include harm resulting from failing to protect or abandoning a child. Sexual Abuse includes rape, incest and lewd or indecent acts or proposals by a person responsible for the child's welfare. Sexual Exploitation includes a person responsible for the child's welfare allowing or encouraging a child to engage in prostitution or pornography or engaging in child pornography. Neglect means failing to provide adequate food, clothing, shelter, and supervision; failing to provide special care made necessary by the physical or mental condition of the child; or abandonment. *Title 10 Okl. St. Ann. 2006 § 7102.* Data includes reports of suspected abuse or neglect containing allegations of serious or immediate threats to a child's safety for which there were formal investigations and, of those, the number for which abuse or neglect was confirmed. Rate means the number for which abuse or neglect was confirmed per every 1,000 children in the geographic location.

Data Source:

Child abuse and neglect data provided by the Oklahoma Department of Human Services (OKDHS). Population data *uses* U.S. Bureau of the Census, Population Estimates Division for each year.

Footnotes: Three year rates are used to improve reliability of comparisons in small areas.

Major revision in investigation, service provision and enforcement have occurred since the initial base period, requiring data collection to begin anew. This data should not be compared to more current child abuse & neglect indicators.

LAST UPDATED OR EDITED: July 12, 2010.

Data Provided by: Oklahoma Institute for Child Advocacy

Child Population -- Annual Estimates (Number) Showing most recent 5 years; Show All Years

2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
8,718	8,921	9,581	10,492	10,441

Child Population -- Annual Estimates (Percent) Showing most recent 5 years; Show All Years

2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
23.5%	23.4%	24.4%	25.0%	24.6%

Definitions: The number of children estimates the total resident population under age 18 and the percent of the child population compares the total resident population who are children with the total resident population of any age. The population considered includes dependents of Armed Forces personnel stationed in the area.

Data Source: Data uses U.S. Bureau of the Census, Population Estimates Division, for each year, National Center for Health Statistics for bridged race data.

Footnotes: This population data is estimated based on samples by the U.S. Bureau of the Census for each year. Numbers and rates may differ from an earlier Oklahoma Kids Count Factbook due to the availability of updated Census population estimates.

LAST UPDATED OR EDITED: November 13, 2012

Data Provided by: Oklahoma Institute for Child Advocacy

Child Population -- Decade Count (Number)

1980	1990	2000	2010

7,837	7,890	8,645	10,471

Child Population -- Decade Count (Percent)			
1980	1990	2000	2010
29.2%	27.2%	25.5%	25.0%

Definitions: The number of children counts the total resident population under age 18 including dependents of Armed Forces personnel stationed in the area. The rate of child population is the percent of the total resident population under age 18 compared to the total resident population of all ages.

Data Source: Data from U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census of the Population and Housing 1980, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census of the Population and Housing 1990, and U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census of the Population and Housing 2000, Census of the Population and Housing 2010

Footnotes: Decade population data for the state and counties use full counts from the Census taken every ten years.
LAST UPDATE November 13, 2012

Data Provided by: Oklahoma Institute for Child Advocacy

Child Population by Race (Number)		
Race	2010	2011
All Races	12,296	12,276
White	9,331	9,132
Black Alone	1,542	1,661
Black Alone or in Combination w/other races	1,888	2,036
American Indian/Alaska Native Alone	536	559
American Indian/Alaska Native Alone or in Combination with Other Races	1,055	1,093
Asian	67	68
Hispanic of any Race	34	37

Child Population by Race (Percent)		
Race	2010	2011
All Races	29.3%	28.9%
White	22.2%	21.5%
Black Alone	3.7%	3.9%
Black Alone or in Combination w/other races	4.5%	4.8%
American Indian/Alaska Native Alone	1.3%	1.3%
American Indian/Alaska Native Alone or in Combination with Other Races	2.5%	2.6%
Asian	0.2%	0.2%
Hispanic of any Race	0.1%	0.1%

Definitions: Child population is the total resident population under age 18 in each geographical area, including dependents of Armed Forces personnel stationed in the area. Population data is displayed by race and ethnicity. Children of all races = White children + Black children + American Indian/Alaskan Native children + Asian children. Hispanic children are counted as an ethnicity, not a race, and may be of any race (White, Black, American Indian/Alaskan Native, or Asian). Numbers count all children and all children by race or ethnicity. Percents compare each race or ethnicity to the total number of children in each geographical area.

Data Source: Data uses U.S. Bureau of the Census, Population Estimates Division, for each year; U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Health Statistics for bridged race data.

Footnotes: There is no agreement about the specific terminology or the number of categories that should be used to classify race and ethnicity. Various sources use different titles to report racial characteristics. Persons within each race of ethnicity are encouraged to re-title or refer to the data in a manner which reflects their prefrences.

This population data is estimated based on samples by the U.S. Bureau of the Census for each year. Numbers and rates may differ from an earlier Oklahoma Kids Count Factbook due to the availability of updated Census population estimates.

The bridged race data allows population data collected by multi-racial categories (such as that collected by the Census) to be used with data collected by single race categories (such as that collected by state agencies).

LAST UPDATED OR EDITED: January 12, 2010.

Data Provided by: Oklahoma Institute for Child Advocacy

Child Poverty -- Decade Count (Number)		
1980	1990	2000
1,181	1,839	1,258

Child Poverty -- Decade Count (Percent)		
1980	1990	2000
15.6%	23.6%	15.0%

Definitions: The number of children living in poverty counts related children under the age of 18 who live in families with incomes below the U.S. poverty threshold. The percent of children living in poverty compares the number of chilren living in poverty to children who live in families with any amount of income. Related children are the children related to the "family head" by birth, marriage or adoption and include relatives such as nieces and nephews. Children under age 18 who do not live in a household where they are related to the head of the household are not included in this analysis. Data counts only families for whom an income level has been determined. Updated annually using the Consumer Price Index, the poverty thresholds, as defined by the U.S. Bureau of the Census, are based upon the amount of money required to purchase a nutritionally adequate diet. A family is classified as poor if its income falls below this minimum standard. For example, in 2005, a single adult (under age 65) with one child would be counted as poor if their income fell below $1,122/month; with two children below $1,311/month; with three children below $1,656; and so on.

Data Source: Data uses the U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census of the Population and Housing 1980, Summary Tape File 3A, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census of the Population and Housing 1990, Summary Tape File 3A and U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census of the Population and Housing 2000, Summary Tape File 3.

Footnotes: Child poverty rates are typically the best measure of the presence of very poor children in a community. Decade poverty for the state and counties is calculated using full counts from the Census taken every ten years.
LAST UPDATED OR EDITED: 2009.

Data Provided by: Oklahoma Institute for Child Advocacy

Child Poverty -- Annual Estimates (Number) Showing most recent 5 years; Show All Years				
2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
1,600	1,560	1,575	1,779	1,962

Child Poverty -- Annual Estimates (Percent) Showing most recent 5 years; Show All Years				
2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
19.1%	18.0%	17.9%	18.9%	19.1%

Definitions: The number of children living in poverty estimates related children under the age of 18 who live in families with incomes below the U.S. poverty threshold. The percent of children living in poverty compares the estimate of chilren living in poverty to an estimate of children who live in families with any amount of income. Related children are the children related to the "family head" by birth, marriage or adoption and include relatives such as nieces and nephews. Children under age 18 who do not live in a household where they are related to the head of the household are not included in this analysis. Data estimates only families for whom an income level has been determined. The poverty thresholds, as defined by the U.S. Bureau of the Census, are updated annually based on many factors. A family is classified as poor if its income falls below this minimum standard. For example, in 2010, a household of two would be counted as poor if their income fell below $14,973/year; a household of three below $17,568/year; or a household of four below $22,113/year; and so on.

Data Source: Data from the U.S. Bureau of the Census, Small Area Income and Poverty Estimates (SAIPE), for each year.

Footnotes: Child poverty rates are typically the best measure of the presence of very poor children in a community. These estimates combine data from administrative records, intercensal population estimates, and the decennial census with direct estimates from the American Community Survey to provide consistent and reliable single-year estimates. These model-based single-year estimates are more reflective of current conditions than multi-year survey estimates. LAST UPDATED OR EDITED: January 07, 2012.

Data Provided by: Oklahoma Institute for Child Advocacy

Child, Youth & Adult Population with Child & Youth Age Groups (Number)

Age group	2006	2007	2008	2009
Ages 0-17	8,697	8,718	8,921	9,581
Ages 0-2	1,389	1,410	1,444	1,538
Ages 10-14	2,397	2,371	2,405	2,669
Ages 15-17	1,695	1,689	1,668	1,815
Ages 18 & 19	1,077	1,391	1,441	1,591
Ages 18 & Over	27,066	28,405	29,181	29,720
Ages 3-5	1,364	1,381	1,465	1,529
Ages 6-9	1,852	1,867	1,939	2,030
All Ages	35,763	37,123	38,102	39,301
Ages 0-20	9,774	10,109	10,362	11,172

Child, Youth & Adult Population with Child & Youth Age Groups (Percent)				
Age group	2006	2007	2008	2009
Ages 0-17	24.3%	23.5%	23.4%	24.4%
Ages 0-2	3.9%	3.8%	3.8%	3.9%
Ages 10-14	6.7%	6.4%	6.3%	6.8%
Ages 15-17	4.7%	4.5%	4.4%	4.6%
Ages 18 & 19	3.0%		3.8%	4.0%
Ages 18 & Over	75.7%	76.5%	76.6%	75.6%
Ages 3-5	3.8%	3.7%	3.8%	3.9%
Ages 6-9	5.2%	5.0%	5.1%	5.2%
All Ages	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Ages 0-20	27.3%	27.2%	27.2%	28.4%

Definitions: Child and youth population is the total resident child population (under age 18), including dependents of Armed Forces personnel stationed in the area. Child data is subdivided into several age groups, infants and toddlers (birth through age 2), preschool (ages 3 through 5), then ages 6 through 9, 10 through 14 and 15 through 17. An additional age group displays youth ages 18 and 19. Adults are displayed as 18 and over. An additional age group for children and youth displays 0-20. All ages include the population of any age (all children, youth and adults). The percent of the population for each age is the percent of that age group compared to the population of any age in the given geographical area.

Data Source: National Center for Health Statistics by U.S. Bureau of the Census, Population Estimates Divison, for referenced year.
LAST UPDATED OR EDITED: September 7, 2010.

Footnotes: When subsequent National Center for Health Statistics and the U.S. Census Bureau reports adjust and update population figures which had been reported earlier, the numbers may vary from those reported in earlier Kids Count Factbooks.

Data Provided by: Oklahoma Institute for Child Advocacy

Children 0 to 17 in Foster Care (Number) Showing most recent 5 years; Show All Years				
2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
22.0	43.0	48.0	20.0	36.0

Children 0 to 17 in Foster Care (Rate) Showing most recent 5 years; Show All Years				
2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
2.5	4.9	5.4	2.1	3.8

Definitions: The number and rate per 1,000, of children under age 18 in the family foster care system in Oklahoma.

Data Source: Foster Care data provided by the Oklahoma Department of Human Services (OKDHS). Population data is from the U.S. Bureau of the Census, Population Estimates Division for each year, 2004-2009.

Footnotes: LAST UPDATED OR EDITED: July 5, 2011.

Data Provided by: Oklahoma Institute for Child Advocacy

Children Aged Out/Emancipated from Foster Care (Number) Showing most recent 5 years; Show All Years				
2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
1.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	3.0

Children Aged Out/Emancipated from Foster Care (Rate) Showing most recent 5 years; Show All Years				
2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3

Definitions: Number and rate per 1000, of children and youth from birth to age 18 who aged out or were emancipated from the family foster care system in Oklahoma.

Data Source: Foster Care data provided by the Oklahoma Department of Human Services (OKDHS). Population data is from the U.S. Bureau of the Census, Population Estimates Division for each year, 2004-2009.

Footnotes: LAST UPDATED OR EDITED: July 5, 2011.

Data Provided by: Oklahoma Institute for Child Advocacy

Economic Clusters (Number) Showing most recent 5 years; Show All Years				
2001 - 2004	2002 - 2005	2003 - 2006	2004 - 2008	2006 - 2009
77	82	88	78	70

Definitions:

Economic Cluster is a generalized term depicting the economic climate in a group of counties. The County Economic Index is a measure developed by ranking the latest Child Poverty Rates, Per Capita Personal Income (three-year average annual amount), Percent of Children receiving Temporary Assistance to Needy Families (three-year average monthly caseload) and Unemployment Rates (three-year average annual rate). Each county is ranked on each factor. The four individual county rankings are combined into an index in which the lower the number, the wealthier the county. Economic Clusters (also referred to as Quintile Divisions) result from each county being ranked according to its Economic Index and grouped into one of five clusters composed of approximately twenty percent (20%) of the state's population during the time period displayed and include Cluster 1 (Wealthiest), Cluster 2 (Wealthier), Cluster 3 (Middle), Cluster 4 (Poorer) and Cluster 5 (Poorest).

Data Source:

Poverty data uses U.S. Bureau of the Census, Small Area Income and Poverty Estimates (SAIPE), latest year available. Per Capita Personal Income data uses Bureau of Economic Analysis, Regional Economic Information System (latest three years available). Data counting children receiving Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) provided by the Oklahoma Department of Human Services (OKDHS), latest three state fiscal years available. Unemployment Rate data provided uses data from the Bureau of Labor Statistics, latest three years available. Population data uses U.S. Bureau of the Census, Population Estimates Division, latest year available.

Footnotes:

Taken together, the four economic factors comprising the Economic Index provide a comprehensive picture of a county's economic status in a manner which can be ranked, grouped into clusters, updated and tracked from year to year. Clusters which deviate from a precise twenty percent of the population are the result of variations in individual county populations and/or several counties having tied indexes. "NA" means NOT APPLICABLE, an Economic Index is only generated for counties, not the state as a whole. LAST UPDATED OR EDITED: July 12, 2010.

Data Provided by: Oklahoma Institute for Child Advocacy

High School Dropouts (Percent)				
Class of 2006	Class of 2007	Class of 2008	Class of 2009	Class of 2010
11.8%	8.4%	6.2%	2.7%	6.4%

Definitions: The percent of change over time measures the increase or decrease in the four-year high school dropout rate in the latest period when compared to the class of 2006, the base period. Dropout rates are calculated by adding up the dropouts from 9th through 12th grade for the selected graduating class. This number is then divided by itself plus the graduate count from the selected year to derive the rate. Public school officials are required to notify the State Department of Education (OSDE) of the name, address, race and age of any pupil dropping out of school. (Required by state law, Title 70, Okl. Supp. 2005 § 35 e (A)).

Data Source: School data provided by the Office of Accountability using data from the Oklahoma State Department of Education (OSDE).

Footnotes: LAST UPDATED OR EDITED: February 29, 2012.

Data Provided by: Oklahoma Institute for Child Advocacy

Adverse Childhood Experience Index (number) (Children of Incarcerated Parents, explain series data)
2002 - 2004
10.6

Definitions:

Adverse Childhood Experience (ACE) Indicators are composed of seven key factors weighted to replicate for Oklahoma the ten adverse childhood experiences referenced in the ACE Study conducted by the Center for Disease Control (CDC) and Department of Preventive Medicine at Kaiser Permanente (KP) in San Diego. For the purpose of the ACE Study half (five) of the adverse childhood experiences measure household or family dysfunction and half (five) measured child maltreatment. For the purpose of Oklahoma's ACE Indicators, half of each county's overall rank is generated by that county's rank on one of five household or family dysfunction indicators: Absent Family Indicators (Parental Separation or Divorce and Incarcerated Household Member) and Mental Illness/Substance Abuse Indicators (Mentally Ill Household Member and Substance Abusing Household Member) and Violence Against Mother. Each individual indicator contributes 10% to each county's overall rank. The other half of each county's overall rank is generated by that country's rank on one of two child maltreatment indicators: Abuse (Psychological, Physical & Sexual) and Neglect (Emotional & Physical), weighted at 30% and 20% respectively to replicate the three Abuse indicators and the two Neglect indicators referenced in the ACE Study. Taken together the data items provide one way to measure adverse childhood experience for Oklahoma and each county in a manner that can be ranked and compared. The worse the county rank, the more likely its children are at risk of poor adult health status and early death.

Data Source:

Absent Family data provided by Oklahoma State Department of Health (OSDH). **Incarcerated Household Member** data provided by Oklahoma State Bureau of Investigation. (2002). *Crime in Oklahoma: 2002 Uniform Crime Report.* Oklahoma City, OK; Oklahoma State Bureau of Investigation. (2003). *Crime in Oklahoma: 2003 Uniform Crime Report.* Oklahoma City, OK; and Oklahoma State Bureau of Investigation. (2004). *Crime in Oklahoma: 2004 Uniform Crime Report.* Oklahoma City, OK. **Mentally Ill Household Member** data is from Department of Health and Human Services (August 2006). *Substate Estimates from the 2002-2004 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health.* SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, Rockville, MD. **Substance Abusing Household Member** data is from Department of Health and Human Services (August 2006). *Substate Estimates from the 2002-2004 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health.* SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, Rockville, MD. **Violence Against Mother** data is from the Oklahoma Criminal Justice Resource Center (September 2003 - September 2004). *A Multi-Disciplinary Analysis by the Oklahoma Domestic Violence Fatality Review Board.* Oklahoma City, OK. www. ocjrc.net/dvfrbHome.asp. **Child Abuse** and **Child Neglect** data is provided by the Oklahoma Department of Human Services (OKDHS). **Population** data provided by the Oklahoma State Data Center, Research and Policy, Oklahoma Department of Commerce (ODOC), *using* U.S. Bureau of the Census, Population Estimates Division for 2003.

Footnotes: NOTE: Since indexes rank counties only, a state index is not developed.

Data Provided by: Oklahoma Institute for Child Advocacy

Children of Incarcerated Parents Index (number) (Adverse Childhood Experience, explain series data)
2002 - FY 2009
144.0

Definitions: Each Oklahoma County is ranked on five indicators, selected to illustrate how much of a problem it is for children residing in that county who lose their parents to prison during thir childhood. The indicators include: Children with Fathers in Prison, Children with Motheres in Prison, Children with Fathers Gouing to Prison During a Year (receptions), Children with Mothers Going to Prison During a Year (receptions) and the KIDS COUNT Adverse Childhood Experience Index. NOVEMBER 30, 2010.

Incarceration Rates count the number of adult inmates who are in Oklahoma Correctional institutions. The data is reported by sex to display **Male Incarceration Rates**, **Female Incarceration Rates** and **Total Incarceration Rates**. The data reports the annual average number of men, women and all adults in prison, displayed as a rate for every 100,000 adult men, adult women or all adults, for a three year period including FY2007-FY2009.

Reception Rates count the number of convicted felons taken into custody by the Oklahoma Department of Corrections (ODOC) during the year. The data is reported by sex to display **Male Reception Rates**, **Female Reception Rates** and **Total Reception Rates**. The data reports the annual average number of men, women and all adults taken into custody by ODOC during the year, displayed as a rate for every 100,000 adult men, adult women or all adults, for a three year period including FY2007-FY2009. Reception Rates are also referred to as individuals (or men or women) "going to prison" through the 2010 Factbook.

Adverse Childhood Experience (ACE) Indicators are composed of seven key factors weighted to replicate for Oklahoma the ten adverse childhood experiences referenced in the ACE Study conducted by the Center for Disease Control (CDC) and Department of Preventive Medicine at Kaiser Permanente (KP) in San Diego. For the purpose of the ACE Study half (five) of the adverse childhood experiences measure household or family dysfunction and half (five) measured child maltreatment. For the purpose of Oklahoma's ACE Indicators, half of each county's overall rank is generated by that county's rank on one of five household or family dysfunction indicators: Absent Family Indicators (Parental Separation or Divorce and Incarcerated Household Member) and Mental Illness/Substance Abuse Indicators (Mentally Ill Household Member and Substance Abusing Household Member) and Violence Against Mother. Each individual indicator contributes 10% to each county's overall rank. The other half of each county's overall rank is generated by that country's rank on one of two child maltreatment indicators: Abuse (Psychological, Physical & Sexual) and Neglect (Emotional & Physical), weighted at 30% and 20% respectively to replicate the three Abuse indicators and the two Neglect indicators referenced in the ACE Study. Taken together the data items provide one way to measure adverse childhood experience for Oklahoma and each county in a manner that can be ranked and compared. The worse the county rank, the more likely its children are at risk of poor adult health status and early death.

More...

Data Source:

Incarceration data and reception data are provided by the Oklahoma Department of Corrections (ODOC). Population data *uses* U.S. Bureau of the Census, Population Estimates Division for 2007, updated in 2009, approximating the midpoint of the three years (FY 2007-FY 2009) for which the average annual numbers and rates are calculated.
Absent Family data provided by Oklahoma State Department of Health (OSDH). **Incarcerated Household Member** data provided by Oklahoma State Bureau of Investigation. (2002). *Crime in Oklahoma: 2002 Uniform Crime Report.* Oklahoma City, OK; Oklahoma State Bureau of Investigation. (2003). *Crime in Oklahoma: 2003 Uniform Crime Report.* Oklahoma City, OK; and Oklahoma State Bureau of Investigation. (2004). *Crime in Oklahoma: 2004 Uniform Crime Report.* Oklahoma City, OK. **Mentally Ill Household Member** data is from Department of Health and Human Services (August 2006). *Substate Estimates from the 2002-2004 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health.* SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, Rockville, MD. **Substance Abusing Household Member** data is from Department of Health and Human Services (August 2006). *Substate Estimates from the 2002-2004 National Surveys on Drug Use and Health.* SAMHSA, Office of Applied Studies, Rockville, MD. **Violence Against Mother** data is from the Oklahoma Criminal Justice Resource Center (September 2003 - September 2004). *A Multi-Disciplinary Analysis by the Oklahoma Domestic Violence Fatality Review Board.* Oklahoma City, OK. www. ocjrc.net/dvfrbHome.asp. **Child Abuse** and **Child Neglect** data is provided by the Oklahoma Department of Human Services (OKDHS). **Population** data provided by the Oklahoma State Data Center, Research and Policy, Oklahoma Department of Commerce (ODOC), *using* U.S. Bureau of the Census, Population Estimates Division for 2003.

Footnotes: NOTE: Since indexes rank counties only, a state index is not developed.

Data Provided by: Oklahoma Institute for Child Advocacy

Infant Mortality (Rate)				
2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
9.2	6.3	7.8	11.2	4.1

Infant Mortality (Number)				
2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
4	3	4	5	2

Definitions: Infant Mortality is death occurring to an infant under 1 year of age. Infant Mortality Rate measures the portion of all live births who die during their first year of life, and is reported as a rate for every 1,000 live births. The data is reported by place of mother's residence, not place of birth or death.

Data Source: Death and birth data provided by Oklahoma State Department of Health (OSDH).

Footnotes: The state total may vary from the total of all counties since the state total may include births and deaths for which the county of residence was unknown or may vary due to rounding. Numbers and rates may differ from an earlier Oklahoma Kids Count Factbook due to the availability of updated or corrected data. The 2009 and 2010 data is preliminary and subject to change.
LAST UPDATED OR EDITED: December 31, 2011.

Data Provided by: Oklahoma Institute for Child Advocacy

Low Birthweight (Number)					
Birthweight	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Under 5 1/2 lbs.	21	31	44	28	25
Under 3 lbs. 5 oz.	5	7	7	6	5

Low Birthweight (Percent)					
Birthweight	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Under 5 1/2 lbs.	5.0%	7.0%	9.0%	6.0%	5.0%
Under 3 lbs. 5 oz.	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%

Definitions: Low birthweight counts live births weighing under 5 1/2 pounds (2500 grams), with the percent of low weight births measuring the portion of all live births which weigh less than 5 1/2 pounds (2,500 grams) . Very low birthweight counts live births weighing under 3 pounds, 5 ounces (1,500 grams), with the percent of very low weight births measuring the portion of all live births which weigh less than 3 pound, 5 ounces (1,500 grams). The data is reported by place of mother's residence, not place of birth.

Data Source: Birth data from Oklahoma State Department of Health (OSDH).

Footnotes: The state total may vary from the total of all counties since the state total may include births for which the county of residence was unknown or may vary due to rounding. Numbers and rates may differ from an earlier Oklahoma Kids Count Factbook due to the availability of updated or corrected data. The 2009 and 2010 birthweight data is preliminary and subject to change. The rate for 2010 was calculated using 2009 population estimates since the 2010 data is not yet available.
LAST UPDATED OR EDITED: November 25, 2011

Data Provided by: Oklahoma Institute for Child Advocacy

Per Capita Income (Currency) Showing most recent 5 years; Show All Years				
2001-2003	2002-2004	2003-2005	2004-2006	2006-2008
$24,475	$26,020	$27,860	$30,279	$35,507

Definitions: Per Capita Income states the average annual amount of income earned during a three-year period per person for an area.

Data Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis, Regional Economic Information System, for each year.

Footnotes: Per Capita Personal Income is typically the most current measure of income levels in a community. When subsequent government reports adjust and update per capita incomes which had been reported earlier, the revised figures are used to calculate subsequent annual averages in Kids Count Factbooks. Three year average incomes are used to improve reliability of comparisons in small areas.
LAST UPDATED OR EDITED: July 12, 2010.

Data Provided by: Oklahoma Institute for Child Advocacy

School Dropouts (Number)			
SY01/02 - SY03/04	SY02/03 - SY04/05	SY03/04 - SY05/06	SY06/07 - SY08/09
36	31	25	13

Definitions: School Dropouts count youth of any age who quit school without graduating. Counts are generated when school officials notify the State Department of Education (OSDE) of the name, address, race and age of any pupil dropping out of school. (Required by state law, Title 70, Okl. Supp. 2005 § 35 e (A)). Dropout counts are annual averages of three year totals. Each three year period is comprised of three school years.

Data Source: School data provided by the Data Division, Oklahoma State Department of Education (OSDE).

Footnotes: The state total may vary from the total of all counties due to rounding. Unlike High School Drop-Outs which count only youth under age 18 dropping out of grades 9, 10, 11 or 12, this indicator counts children of any age dropping out of any grade. Three year average numbers and rates are used to improve reliability of comparisons in small areas.
LAST UPDATED OR EDITED: July 11, 2010.

Data Provided by: Oklahoma Institute for Child Advocacy

Teen Births (Number)					
Age group	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010

All Teen Births	49	53	55	49	41
Ages 18-19	44	40	34	33	31
Ages 15-17	5	13	21	16	11

Teen Births (Rate)					
Age group	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
All Teen Births	32.1	39.4	36.3	30.0	25.1
Ages 18-19	72.0	74.3	56.1	50.5	47.5
Ages 15-17	5.5	16.1	23.1	16.3	11.2

Definitions: Births to Young Teens count live births to mothers ages 15 through 17, with rates presenting the average annual number of births for every 1,000 girls ages 15 through 17 in each area. Births to Older Teens count live births to mothers ages 18 and 19, with rates presenting the average annual number of births for every 1,000 young women ages 18 and 19 in each area. Births to Teens count live births to mothers ages 15 through 19, with rates presenting the average annual number of births for every 1,000 girls and young women ages 15 through 19 in each area. The data is reported by place of mother's residence, not place of birth.

Data Source: Birth data is collected from the Oklahoma State Department of Health (OSDH). Population data is collected from the U.S. Census Bureau's Population Estimates, updated to estimate the population of young female teens for each year in each age group.

Footnotes: The state total may vary from the total of all counties since the state total may include births for which the county of residence was unknown or may vary due to rounding. Numbers and rates may differ from an earlier Oklahoma Kids Count Factbook due to the availability of updated or corrected data. The 2009 and 2010 birth data is preliminary and subject to change. The rate for 2010 was calculated using 2009 population estimates since the 2010 data is not yet available.
LAST UPDATED OR EDITED: November 27, 2011.

Data Provided by: Oklahoma Institute for Child Advocacy

Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) (Number) Showing most recent 5 years; Show All Years				
SFY2002-SFY2004	SFY2003-SFY2005	SFY2004-SFY2006	SFY2005-SFY2007	SFY2006-SFY2008
152	162	171	157	97

Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) (Percent) Showing most recent 5 years; Show All Years				
SFY2002-SFY2004	SFY2003-SFY2005	SFY2004-SFY2006	SFY2005-SFY2007	SFY2006-SFY2008
1.9%	2.0%	2.1%	1.9%	1.1%

Definitions: Receipt of Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC) or Temporary Assistance to Needy Families (TANF) states the average monthly caseload during a given three-year period of time of children living in families who receive public assistance to help support the child. Percent of Children receiving Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC) or Temporary Assistance to Needy Families (TANF) is stated as a percent of all children living in a given area during the middle year of the three year range of time covered by the data.

Data Source: Data counting children receiving AFDC or TANF provided by the Oklahoma Department of Human Services. Population data uses U.S. Bureau of the Census, Population Estimates Division for the year referenced.

Footnotes: Children receiving public assistance is typically the most current measure of children required to survive on inadequate resources. For SFY1995 through SFY1997 Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC) was the public assistance programs in effect. Temporary Assistance to Needy Families (TANF) was the public assistance program in effect for all other years presented.
LAST UPDATED OR EDITED: July 12, 2010.

Data Provided by: Oklahoma Institute for Child Advocacy

Unemployment (Rate) Showing most recent 5 years; Show All Years				
2001-2003	2002-2004	2003-2005	2004-2006	2005-2007
3.4	3.7	3.9	3.8	3.8

Definitions: The Unemployment Rate estimates the percent of an area's civilian work force (age 16 and over) that is unemployed. To be counted as unemployed an individual must be out of work, currently available for work and actively looking for work. The annual unemployment rate is an average of an area's monthly rates. Rates reported here are three-year annual averages for each area.

Data Source: Unemployment Rate data uses U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics for the referenced years.

Footnotes: Unemployment Rates are frequently criticized as being too low as a result of not counting unemployed workers who have abandoned their efforts to find employment (discouraged workers). Unemployment rates are also very volitile during any economic downturn. For example, Oklahoma's unemployment rate for most of 2010 was higher than the latest three-year period (2007-2009) reported. The most current unemployment rate (November, 2010) was 6.9%, equal to the rate for the latest three-year period reported here. Regardless, the three-year average unemployment rates used in Kids Count Factbooks provide a reliable and valid basis of comparison of unemployment among Oklahoma counties and the state. The unemployment rate is typically the best measure of people's ability to improve economic conditions through work. When subsequent government reports adjust and update unemployment rates which had been reported earlier, the revised figures are used to calculate subsequent annual averages in Kids Count Factbooks.
LAST UPDATED OR EDITED: January 12, 2011.

Data Provided by: Oklahoma Institute for Child Advocacy

Uninsured (Number)				
Age group	2006	2007	2008	2009
Under 19	1,238	1,232	1,155	1,084
Under 65	6,850	6,426	6,594	6,519

Uninsured (Percent)				
Age group	2006	2007	2008	2009
Under 19	13.0%	12.9%	12.2%	10.6%
Under 65	21.3%	19.7%	20.4%	19.3%

Definitions: The number of Oklahomans who are uninsured estimates the population under age 19 and under age 65 who have no health insurance coverage coverage anytime during the year. The percent of Oklahomans who are uninsured compares the number of uninsured individuals in each age group to all individuals in that age group.

Data Source: Small Area Health Insurance Estimates (SAHIE) by state and county. SAHIE are based on the Annual Social and Economic Supplement of the Current Population Survey, are provided by the U.S. Census Bureau, and are sponsored by the U.S. Census Bureau and the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

Footnotes: A margin of error (MOE) is the difference between an estimate and its upper or lower confidence bounds. Confidence bounds can be created by adding the margin of error to the estimate (for an upper bound) and subtracting the margin of error from the estimate (for a lower bound). The SAHIE Programs uses a 90% confidence level.

LAST UPDATED OR EDITED: October 21, 2011.

Data Provided by: Oklahoma Institute for Child Advocacy