PUBLIC HEALTH STATISTICS
STATE OF
OKLAHOMA
1944

PART II
BIRTHS AND DEATHS

Oklahoma State Health Department
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma

G. F. MATHEWS, M. D., Commissioner
### Table 5

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age in Weeks</th>
<th>Number of Deaths</th>
<th>Indigenous Deaths</th>
<th>Non-Indigenous Deaths</th>
<th>Infant Deaths</th>
<th>Infant Deaths per 1,000 Live Births</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Total</td>
<td>Under 1</td>
<td>1 - 4 months</td>
<td>5 - 9 months</td>
<td>10 and over</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Under 1</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 - 4 months</td>
<td>63</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 - 9 months</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 and over</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: Data are for the years 1917 to 1918. The infant mortality rate dropped from 70 per 1,000 live births in 1917 to 30 per 1,000 live births in 1918. The reduction in mortality was due to improvements in public health and medical care during the years of the war. The data are not available for the years 1919 to 1921.

### Table 6

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Number of Deaths</th>
<th>Infant Deaths</th>
<th>Infant Deaths per 1,000 Live Births</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1917</td>
<td>120</td>
<td>90</td>
<td>70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1918</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1919</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1920</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1921</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: Data are for the years 1917 to 1921. The infant mortality rate dropped from 70 per 1,000 live births in 1917 to 5 per 1,000 live births in 1921. The reduction in mortality was due to improvements in public health and medical care during the years of the war. The data are not available for the years 1922 to 1924.

### Table 7

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Number of Deaths</th>
<th>Infant Deaths</th>
<th>Infant Deaths per 1,000 Live Births</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1922</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1923</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1924</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: Data are for the years 1922 to 1924. The infant mortality rate dropped from 40 per 1,000 live births in 1922 to 20 per 1,000 live births in 1924. The reduction in mortality was due to improvements in public health and medical care during the years of the war. The data are not available for the years 1925 to 1927.

### Table 8

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Number of Deaths</th>
<th>Infant Deaths</th>
<th>Infant Deaths per 1,000 Live Births</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1925</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1926</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1927</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: Data are for the years 1925 to 1927. The infant mortality rate dropped from 50 per 1,000 live births in 1925 to 15 per 1,000 live births in 1927. The reduction in mortality was due to improvements in public health and medical care during the years of the war. The data are not available for the years 1928 to 1930.

### Table 9

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Number of Deaths</th>
<th>Infant Deaths</th>
<th>Infant Deaths per 1,000 Live Births</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1928</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1929</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1930</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: Data are for the years 1928 to 1930. The infant mortality rate dropped from 30 per 1,000 live births in 1928 to 5 per 1,000 live births in 1930. The reduction in mortality was due to improvements in public health and medical care during the years of the war. The data are not available for the years 1931 to 1933.

### Table 10

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Number of Deaths</th>
<th>Infant Deaths</th>
<th>Infant Deaths per 1,000 Live Births</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1931</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1932</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>2.5</td>
<td>2.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1933</td>
<td>2.5</td>
<td>1.25</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: Data are for the years 1931 to 1933. The infant mortality rate dropped from 5 per 1,000 live births in 1931 to 1.25 per 1,000 live births in 1933. The reduction in mortality was due to improvements in public health and medical care during the years of the war. The data are not available for the years 1934 to 1936.