

SPECIAL ELECTION

October 15, 1991

STATE QUESTION NO. 639

INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 347

This measure replaces newly enacted House Bill 1017 with the laws existing before the Bill's passage. It repeals minimum standards for school accreditation and curriculum, but restores power to the State Board of Education to set those standards. It repeals certain programs for teacher training and certification, and for parent education. It changes formulas for state assistance to consolidated schools and repeals severance pay for their employees. It raises the age for attending school from five to seven. It repeals the requirement to attend kindergarten. It restores student transfer fees and prior procedures for suspending or firing teachers. County Superintendent of Schools positions and the prior formula for school state aid are restored. Class size limits are raised and limits on how many students teachers may teach are removed. It repeals all taxes enacted to fund House Bill 1017. Teachers' minimum salaries are lowered. The measure repeals many other changes.

Vote---Yes.....360,318

No.....428,680

AMENDMENT REJECTED.

PRIMARY ELECTIONS

March 10, 1992

DEMOCRATIC PRESIDENTIAL PREFERENTIAL PRIMARY ELECTION

PRESIDENT

Charles Woods.....	16,828	4.0%
J. Louis McAlpine.....	2,670	.6%
Tom Harkin.....	14,015	3.4%
Bob Kerrey.....	13,252	3.2%
Lyndon H. LaRouche, Jr.....	6,474	1.6%
Edmund G. Brown Jr.....	69,624	16.7%
Bill Clinton.....	293,266	70.5%
Totals.....	416,129	

Results by United States Congressional District

District

1.	Charles Woods.....	1,221	2.6%
	J. Louis McAlpine.....	273	0.6%
	Tom Harkin.....	1,351	2.8%
	Bob Kerrey.....	1,506	3.2%
	Lyndon H. LaRouche, Jr.....	593	1.2%
	Edmund G. Brown Jr.....	10,262	21.6%
	Bill Clinton.....	32,316	68.0%
	Totals.....	47,522	
2.	Charles Woods.....	1,893	2.4%
	J. Louis McAlpine.....	470	0.6%
	Tom Harkin.....	1,988	2.5%
	Bob Kerrey.....	1,973	2.5%
	Lyndon H. LaRouche, Jr.....	1,167	1.5%
	Edmund G. Brown Jr.....	11,126	14.1%
	Bill Clinton.....	60,468	76.4%
	Totals.....	79,085	
3.	Charles Woods.....	5,459	6.2%
	J. Louis McAlpine.....	514	0.6%
	Tom Harkin.....	2,608	2.9%
	Bob Kerrey.....	2,480	2.8%
	Lyndon H. LaRouche, Jr.....	1,324	1.5%
	Edmund G. Brown Jr.....	11,819	13.3%
	Bill Clinton.....	64,593	72.7%
	Totals.....	88,797	

Elections of 1992

4.	Charles Woods.....	3,508	4.8%
	J. Louis McAlpine.....	578	0.8%
	Tom Harkin.....	2,877	3.9%
	Bob Kerrey.....	2,547	3.5%
	Lyndon H. LaRouche, Jr.....	1,125	1.5%
	Edmund G. Brown Jr.....	12,488	17.0%
	Bill Clinton.....	50,161	68.5%
	Totals.....	73,284	
5.	Charles Woods.....	1,904	3.3%
	J. Louis McAlpine.....	378	0.7%
	Tom Harkin.....	2,450	4.3%
	Bob Kerrey.....	2,346	4.1%
	Lyndon H. LaRouche, Jr.....	1,005	1.8%
	Edmund G. Brown Jr.....	12,426	21.7%
	Bill Clinton.....	36,641	64.1%
	Totals.....	57,150	
6.	Charles Woods.....	2,843	4.0%
	J. Louis McAlpine.....	457	0.7%
	Tom Harkin.....	2,741	3.9%
	Bob Kerrey.....	2,400	3.4%
	Lyndon H. LaRouche, Jr.....	1,260	1.8%
	Edmund G. Brown Jr.....	11,503	16.4%
	Bill Clinton.....	49,087	69.8%
	Totals.....	70,291	

Elections of 1992

REPUBLICAN PRESIDENTIAL PREFERENTIAL PRIMARY ELECTION

PRESIDENT

George Bush.....	151,612	69.6%
David Duke.....	5,672	2.6%
Patrick J. Buchanan.....	57,933	26.6%
Tennie B. Rogers.....	674	0.3%
Isabell Masters.....	1,830	0.9%
Totals.....	217,721	

Results by United States Congressional District

District

1.	George Bush.....	34,796	68.2%
	David Duke.....	1,267	2.5%
	Patrick J. Buchanan.....	14,427	28.3%
	Tennie B. Rogers.....	132	0.2%
	Isabell Masters.....	421	0.8%
	Totals.....	51,043	
2.	George Bush.....	15,160	69.3%
	David Duke.....	728	3.3%
	Patrick J. Buchanan.....	5,746	26.3%
	Tennie B. Rogers.....	84	0.4%
	Isabell Masters.....	167	0.7%
	Totals.....	21,885	
3.	George Bush.....	12,360	71.4%
	David Duke.....	489	2.8%
	Patrick J. Buchanan.....	4,243	24.5%
	Tennie B. Rogers.....	60	0.4%
	Isabell Masters.....	151	0.9%
	Totals.....	17,303	
4.	George Bush.....	18,954	68.8%
	David Duke.....	768	2.8%
	Patrick J. Buchanan.....	7,494	27.2%
	Tennie B. Rogers.....	77	0.3%
	Isabell Masters.....	254	0.9%
	Totals.....	27,547	

Elections of 1992

5.	George Bush.....	44,309	71.4%
	David Duke.....	1,310	2.1%
	Patrick J. Buchanan.....	15,743	25.4%
	Tennie B. Rogers.....	167	0.3%
	Isabell Masters.....	499	0.8%
	Totals.....	62,028	
6.	George Bush.....	26,033	68.7%
	David Duke.....	1,110	2.9%
	Patrick J. Buchanan.....	10,280	27.1%
	Tennie B. Rogers.....	154	0.4%
	Isabell Masters.....	338	0.9%
	Totals.....	37,915	

Elections of 1992

STATE QUESTION

STATE QUESTION NO. 640

INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 348

This measure amends the State Constitution. It adds new provisions to Section 33 of Article 5. These would change the method by which state government makes laws that raise revenue. The measure requires that a bill to raise revenue be voted upon by the people at the next general election. A bill would not be effective until it was approved by a majority of the voters. The measure also provides a way that a revenue bill could become law without a vote of the people. A bill would have to be approved by a 3/4 vote of each house of the legislature and go to the governor for proper action. A revenue bill approved by a 3/4 vote of each house of the legislature would not become effective until ninety days after the approval date. Such a bill would not be subject to the emergency measure provision.

Vote---Yes.....373,143

No.....290,978

AMENDMENT ADOPTED.

Elections of 1992

PRIMARY ELECTIONS

August 25, 1992

DEMOCRATIC PRIMARY ELECTION

CORPORATION COMMISSIONER

Roger M. Streetman.....	20,848	4.9%
Larry Gentry.....	43,434	10.2%
Frank Lewis.....	111,101	26.0%
Cleeta John Rogers.....	64,297	15.1%
Cody L. Graves.....	186,967	43.8%
Totals.....	426,647	

UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE

District

1.	Dan Morrissey.....	24,245	44.0%
	John Selph.....	30,884	56.0%
	Totals.....	55,129	
2.	Robert W. Bob Blackstock.....	15,446	14.0%
	Drew Edmondson.....	42,080	38.2%
	Charles Lee Kilgore.....	5,059	4.6%
	Mike Synar.....	47,562	43.2%
	Totals.....	110,147	
5.	John Shorty Barnett.....	8,279	18.8%
	Laurie Williams.....	23,866	54.1%
	Charles Lamb.....	5,048	11.4%
	John Crawford.....	5,398	12.2%
	Willard M. Woods.....	1,547	3.5%
	Totals.....	44,138	

Elections of 1992

PRIMARY ELECTIONS

**August 25, 1992
REPUBLICAN PRIMARY ELECTION**

CORPORATION COMMISSIONER

Merle McCollum.....	18,101	11.3%
Jerry D. Brown.....	54,946	34.5%
Robert R. Murphy.....	21,653	13.6%
Steve Davis.....	64,667	40.6%
Totals.....	159,367	

UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE

District			
1.	James M. Inhofe.....	36,354	67.7%
	Richard L. Bunn.....	17,339	32.3%
	Totals.....	53,693	
2.	Ted Jones.....	4,112	23.9%
	Terry M. Gorham.....	5,011	29.1%
	Jerry Hill.....	4,812	28.0%
	Brent Davis.....	3,275	19.0%
	Totals.....	17,210	
3.	Robert W. Stokes.....	7,332	75.6%
	James Otha Braly.....	2,361	24.4%
	Totals.....	9,693	
4.	Robert W. Best.....	5,873	41.7%
	Howard Bell.....	8,225	58.3%
	Totals.....	14,098	
5.	Ernest Jim Istook.....	17,975	32.1%
	John David Hershberger.....	2,294	4.1%
	Mickey Edwards.....	14,519	26.0%
	Bill Price.....	20,485	36.6%
	Robert W. Schafer.....	659	1.2%
	Totals.....	55,932	

Elections of 1992

RUNOFF PRIMARY ELECTIONS

September 15, 1992

DEMOCRATIC RUNOFF PRIMARY ELECTIONS

CORPORATION COMMISSIONER

Cody L. Graves.....	162,816	57.5%
Frank Lewis.....	120,485	42.5%
Totals.....	283,301	

UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE

District			
2.	Mike Synar.....	56,662	53.1%
	Drew Edmondson.....	50,084	46.9%
	Totals.....	106,746	

Elections of 1992

RUNOFF PRIMARY ELECTIONS

September 15, 1992

REPUBLICAN RUNOFF PRIMARY ELECTIONS

CORPORATION COMMISSIONER

Steve Davis.....	41,075	44.5%
Jerry D. Brown.....	51,231	55.5%
Totals.....	92,306	

UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE

District

2.	Terry M. Gorham.....	5,255	44.2%
	Jerry Hill.....	6,644	55.8%
	Totals.....	11,899	
5.	Bill Price.....	20,679	43.7%
	Ernest Jim Istook.....	26,659	56.3%
	Totals.....	47,338	

Elections of 1992

GENERAL ELECTION

November 3, 1992

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS

DEMOCRAT

Earl E. Abernathy			
Carl Albert			
Obera Bergdall	Bill Clinton (Pres.)		
Carolyn Crump	Al Gore (V. Pres.)		
Lynn D. Hall	.....	473,066	34.0%
Glorine Henley			
Grace Hudlin			
Pete White			

REPUBLICAN

Jana Barker			
Linda Blaylock			
Ed Calhoon	George Bush (Pres.)		
Betty Casey	Dan Quayle (V. Pres.)		
Allan Goodbary	.....	592,929	42.7%
Warren Roberts			
Paul Thornbrugh			
Dorothy Zumwalt			

LIBERTARIAN

Michael Alan Clem			
Phillip R. Denney			
Anne Hill Fruits	Andre Marrou (Pres.)		
Randy Lee Gann	Nancy Lord (V. Pres.)		
Vanessa C. McNeill	.....	4,486	.3%
Brian J. Sullivan			
David J. Walker			
Paul O. Woodward			

INDEPENDENT

Pat Bigelow			
Kathryn Fanning			
Joe D. Sewell	Ross Perot (Pres.)		
A. D. Hollingsworth	James Stockdale (V. Pres.)		
A. R. Posey	.....	319,878	23.0%
John Sanders			
Robert T. Jones			
Jeanie Wolgram			

Elections of 1992

CORPORATION COMMISSIONER

Cody L. Graves (Democrat).....	729,408	57.2%
Jerry D. Brown (Republican).....	545,353	42.8%
Totals.....	1,274,761	

UNITED STATES SENATOR

Steve Lewis (Democrat).....	494,350	38.2%
Don Nickles (Republican).....	757,876	58.6%
Thomas D. Ledgerwood II (Independent).....	20,972	1.6%
Roy V. Edwards (Independent).....	21,225	1.6%
Totals.....	1,294,423	

UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE

District

1.	John Selph (Democrat).....	106,619	47.2%
	James M. Inhofe (Republican).....	119,211	52.8%
	Totals.....	225,830	
2.	Mike Synar (Democrat).....	118,542	55.5%
	Jerry Hill (Republican).....	87,657	41.1%
	William S Vardeman (Independent).....	7,314	3.4%
	Totals.....	213,513	
3.	Bill K. Brewster (Democrat).....	155,934	75.1%
	Robert W. Stokes (Republican).....	51,725	24.9%
	Totals.....	207,659	
4.	Dave McCurdy (Democrat).....	140,841	70.7%
	Howard Bell (Republican).....	58,235	29.3%
	Totals.....	199,076	
5.	Laurie Williams (Democrat).....	107,579	46.6%
	Ernest Jim Istook (Republican).....	123,237	53.4%
	Totals.....	230,816	
6.	Glenn English (Democrat).....	134,734	67.8%
	Bob Anthony (Republican).....	64,068	32.2%
	Totals.....	198,802	

JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT
(Judicial Retention)

Office

2.	Ralph B. Hodges.....(Yes).....	692,212	62.1%
		(No).....	422,100
	Totals.....	1,114,312	37.9%

Elections of 1992

JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT
(Judicial Retention)

5.	Alma Wilson.....(Yes).....	699,051	63.1%
		(No).....408,657	36.9%
	Totals.....	1,107,708	
8.	Rudolph Hargrave.....(Yes).....	666,224	60.9%
		(No).....427,891	39.1%
	Totals.....	1,094,115	

JUDGE OF THE COURT OF APPEALS
(Judicial Retention)

District No. 3 - Office No. 2			
	Ronald J. Stubblefield.....(Yes).....	663,997	60.6%
		(No).....432,110	39.4%
	Totals.....	1,096,107	
District No. 4 - Office No. 1			
	Glenn D. Adams.....(Yes).....	667,935	61.2%
		(No).....423,031	38.8%
	Totals.....	1,090,966	
District No. 4 - Office No. 2			
	Robert L. Bailey.....(Yes).....	666,781	61.1%
		(No).....424,484	38.9%
	Totals.....	1,091,265	
District No. 5 - Office No. 2			
	Carl B. Jones.....(Yes).....	666,120	60.9%
		(No).....427,810	39.1%
	Totals.....	1,093,930	

Elections of 1992

STATE QUESTIONS

STATE QUESTION NO. 643

LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 288

Approval of this measure will repeal Section 14 of Article 9 of the Oklahoma Constitution. Section 14 requires that a railroad must pass through a county seat if it passes within four miles of the county seat. Section 14 also requires that railroads maintain a depot at the county seat. If this measure is approved, these requirements will no longer be a part of the Oklahoma Constitution.

Vote---Yes.....822,199
No.....465,412

AMENDMENT ADOPTED.

STATE QUESTION NO. 645

LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 289

This measure adds a new section of law to the State Constitution. It adds Section 12 to Article 23. It requires that all proceeds, assets and income of certain public retirement systems be held, invested or disbursed as in trust for a limited purpose. The retirement systems involved include those administered by a state agency. The limited purpose for which the funds are to be held in trust is to provide benefits, refunds, investment management and administrative expenses of any such system. The proceeds, assets and income of such retirement system shall not be used for any other purpose.

Vote---Yes.....857,767
No.....427,049

AMENDMENT ADOPTED.

STATE QUESTION NO. 646

LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 290

This measure would amend the Oklahoma Constitution. It would add a new Section 9E to Article 10. It would allow an annual property tax levy for a county to maintain an Oklahoma cooperative extension office for field-based programs. The levy could only be made if approved by a majority of the voters of the county. The levy must be sufficient to meet the county's share of the total funding of the cooperative extension office, but could not, in any event, be more than one mill on the dollar value of property. The levy would be made annually until repealed by the voters of the county. The office would be maintained as provided by law. All tax revenues from the levy would have to be spent in the county where the levy was approved. Other public funds could also be used for the office.

Vote---Yes.....515,893
No.....763,552

AMENDMENT REJECTED.

Elections of 1992

STATE QUESTION NO. 647

LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 291

The measure enacts new laws. The laws impose taxes on health care providers to pay for health care programs. Under the laws, hospitals would pay a tax of 1.83% on some revenue. Nursing homes and similar facilities would pay \$3.00 per patient day. Some facilities for the mentally retarded would pay 10% of certain revenue. Retail pharmacies would collect a 1.8% tax on prescription drug sales. The laws create a grant program for some residents of nursing homes and similar facilities. The program is funded by the taxes on the nursing homes and similar facilities. The program would be run by the State Department of Human Services. The laws require that health care and assistance program reforms be developed. The laws create an interim task force to help develop those reforms and make other recommendations.

Vote---Yes.....514,381
No.....806,126

AMENDMENT REJECTED.

STATE QUESTION NO. 648

LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 292

This measure amends Sections 6 and 26 of Article 10 of the State Constitution. It adds a new Section 8A to Article 10. It gives counties the option of exempting household goods and certain livestock from ad valorem taxation. The exemption would have to be approved at an election. The election could be called by the board of county commissioners on their own. The election could also be called by the board of county commissioners upon petition signed by at least 25% of the registered voters of the county. The measure would provide for an adjusted millage rate for each taxing entity within an approving county. The adjusted millage rate would make up for revenue lost due to the tax exemption. The measure provides a method to adjust total bond debt capacity of taxing entities. Thus, the bonding capacity of such taxing entities in approving counties would remain the same.

Vote---Yes.....648,988
No.....629,706

AMENDMENT ADOPTED.

STATE QUESTION NO. 649

LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 293

This measure amends the State Constitution. It allows the state to become indebted in an amount up to \$350,000,000.00. It allows the Legislature to authorize the issuance of general obligation bonds. Money from the bonds would be used to build, remodel and repair state buildings and make other capital improvements. Monies would also be used to buy land, equipment and furnishings for such buildings. Construction is authorized at more than 20 state colleges and universities. Construction is also authorized by various state departments. The bonds would be repaid in 30 years or less. They would be repaid with monies from some cigarette taxes, taxes imposed to repay the bonds or general revenues. The measure would only become law if voters approve the charity gaming laws and taxes proposed by House Bill 2074.

Vote---Yes.....723,414
No.....602,086

AMENDMENT ADOPTED.

Elections of 1992

STATE QUESTION NO. 650

LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 294

This measure enacts new laws that allow and regulate charity games. Charity games are bingo games and breakopen ticket games. The Oklahoma Tax Commission would administer and enforce the laws. The Commission would also issue licenses to organizations, distributors and manufacturers. Certain entities may obtain an exemption from specific provisions of the act. The measure sets limits on the value of prizes for bingo sessions and the cost of breakopen ticket games. The measure imposes a 1.5 cent tax upon each bingo face or bingo set sold. It imposes a 10% gross receipts tax on breakopen ticket prices and a 10% tax on the price paid for charity game equipment. The measure provides for distribution of tax and fee proceeds. The measure sets penalties for violation of the act. The measure repeals the present laws regarding bingo.

Vote--Yes.....826,552

No.....499,635

AMENDMENT ADOPTED.