

PRIMARY ELECTIONS

August 28, 1984

DEMOCRATIC PRIMARY ELECTION

CORPORATION COMMISSIONER

James B. Townsend.....	241,681	55.2%
Howard Bell.....	62,306	14.2%
Jim Martin.....	133,537	30.5%
Totals.....	437,524	

UNITED STATES SENATOR

David L. Boren.....	432,534	89.8%
Marshall Luse.....	48,761	10.1%
Totals.....	481,295	

UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE

District			
2.	Mike Synar.....	87,363	88.3%
	Arlie J. Nixon.....	11,493	11.6%
	Totals.....	98,856	

Elections of 1984

REPUBLICAN PRIMARY ELECTION

UNITED STATES SENATOR

Gar Graham.....	32,901	27.5%
Will E. Bill Crozier.....	39,581	33.1%
George L. Mothershed.....	46,933	39.3%
Totals.....	119,415	

UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE

District

1.	Tom Cantrell.....	11,589	31.9%
	Frank Keating.....	24,682	68.0%
	Totals.....	36,271	
2.	Gary K. Rice.....	9,498	54.3%
	Vickie L. Cleveland.....	7,971	45.6%
	Totals.....	17,469	
5.	Elizabeth Bussey Graham.....	4,236	11.1%
	Mickey Edwards.....	33,790	88.8%
	Totals.....	38,026	

Elections of 1984

STATE QUESTIONS

STATE QUESTION NO. 561

LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 237

This measure would amend Section 9A of Article X of the Oklahoma Constitution. The present law provides for ad valorem tax of up to 2-1/2 mills. This measure would increase the tax to five mills to maintain county health departments. It would have provisions to terminate the tax levy. It would authorize the counties to join with one or more counties, cities, towns, or school districts, or any combination thereof, to maintain the health departments. It would allow other levies or public funds to be used for health departments.

Vote---Yes.....291,704
No.....314,049

AMENDMENT REJECTED.

STATE QUESTION NO. 578

LEGISLATURE REFERENDUM NO. 245

This measure would amend Section 32 of Article X of the Oklahoma Constitution. This section relates to state Public Common Building Equalization Fund. The amendment would take out invalid language from this section. It would remove any limits on the amount paid to or for any school district from the funds. It would grant the legislature the authority to set a formula for payment to or for any school district from the funds.

Vote---Yes.....308,263
No.....288,590

AMENDMENT ADOPTED.

STATE QUESTION NO. 581

LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 248

This measure would amend the Oklahoma Constitution. It would add a new Section 39 to Article X. The measure would allow the use of State monies to provide financial assistance to cities, towns, counties, and certain other units of the State. The public bodies could only use the monies to finance water resource and sewage treatment projects. The assistance allowed would be an exception to the provisions in Sections 14 and 15 of Article X. The monies to be used would come from the Statewide Water Development Revolving Fund and the Water Resources Fund. The measure would control the use of State monies in the funds. Use of the monies in the funds would also have to be approved by the Legislature. Any State obligation would be limited to State monies which have been reserved in the Revolving Fund.

Vote---Yes.....397,272
No.....206,488

AMENDMENT ADOPTED.

Elections of 1984

RUNOFF PRIMARY ELECTIONS

September 18, 1984

REPUBLICAN RUNOFF PRIMARY ELECTION

UNITED STATES SENATOR

George L. Mothershed.....	100,995	49.9%
Will E. Bill Crozier.....	101,194	50.0%
Totals.....	202,189	

Elections of 1984

STATE QUESTION

STATE QUESTION NO. 563

INITIATIVE PETITION NO. 319

This measure would amend the Oklahoma Constitution. It would repeal all of Article 27. It would adopt a new Article 28. It would rename the Alcoholic Beverage Control Board. The new name would be the Alcoholic Beverage Laws Enforcement Commission. The measure would place new restrictions on the qualifications of the members. It will increase the size of the commission. The Director of the commission, who is charged with the responsibility for enforcement of the liquor laws, need not be confirmed by the Senate. Retail sale of liquor by the drink for on the premises drinking would be approved only by a vote of the people in a county election. It would provide for laws to be enacted by the legislature. The laws would be to regulate, license, and tax those who make, sell, distribute, possess, and transport the liquor.

Vote---Yes.....425,803

No.....396,923

AMENDMENT ACCEPTED.

Elections of 1984

GENERAL ELECTION

November 6, 1984

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS

DEMOCRAT

Carl Albert	
Margaret Watson	
Dorris Nash	Walter F. Mondale (Pres.)
Doris Montgomery	Geraldine A. Ferraro (V. Pres.)
James W. Brown385,080
Edna Mae Phelps	
Ed Edmondson	
Robert M. Kerr	

REPUBLICAN

Carolyn Branham	
Joe Coleman	
Ricky Farmer	Ronald Reagan (Pres.)
Larry Lahman	George Bush (V. Pres.)
Stuart Meltzer861,530
Luke Reid	
Maria Mendez	
Mary Helen Swanson	

LIBERTARIANS

Loren L. Baker	
Constance F. Hill	
Clare A. Mendus	David Bergland (Pres.)
Thomas J. Laurent II	James A. Lewis (V. Pres.)
Andrea Bross9,066
Brian Holk	
Monte L. Fruits	
Brenda Bromiley	

CORPORATION COMMISSIONER

James B. Townsend (Democrat).....	639,915	54.4%
Tom Guild (Republican).....	509,155	43.2%
Agnes M. Regier (Libertarian).....	27,048	2.2%
Totals.....	1,176,118	

Elections of 1984

UNITED STATES SENATOR

David L. Boren (Democrat).....	906,131	75.6%
Will E. Bill Crozier (Republican).....	280,638	23.4%
Robert T. Murphy (Libertarian).....	11,168	0.9%
Totals.....	1,197,937	

UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE

District

1.	James R. Jones (Democrat).....	113,919	52.2%
	Frank Keating (Republican).....	103,098	47.2%
	D. Lynn Neal (Libertarian).....	1,076	0.4%
	Totals.....	218,093	
2.	Mike Synar (Democrat).....	148,124	74.0%
	Gary K. Rice (Republican).....	51,889	25.9%
	Totals.....	200,013	
3.	Wes Watkins (Democrat).....	137,964	77.7%
	Patrick K. Miller (Republican).....	39,454	22.2%
	Totals.....	177,418	
4.	Dave McCurdy (Democrat).....	109,447	63.6%
	Jerry Smith (Republican).....	60,844	35.3%
	Gordon E. Mobley (Libertarian).....	1,748	1.0%
	Totals.....	172,039	
5.	Allen Greeson (Democrat).....	39,089	21.8%
	Mickey Edwards (Republican).....	135,167	75.6%
	D. Frank Robinson (Libertarian).....	4,470	2.5%
	Totals.....	178,726	
6.	Glenn English (Democrat).....	96,994	58.9%
	Craig Dodd (Republican).....	67,601	41.0%
	Totals.....	164,595	

JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT
(Judicial Retention)

Office

1.	Robert E. Lavender.....(Yes).....	694,236	69.8%
	(No).....	299,710	30.1%
	Totals.....	993,946	
5.	Alma Wilson.....(Yes).....	688,627	69.6%
	(No).....	300,074	30.3%
	Totals.....	988,701	

Elections of 1984

Office

6.	Robert D. Simms.....(Yes).....	694,419	70.5%
		(No).....289,394	29.4%
	Totals.....	983,813	
9.	John B. Doolin.....(Yes).....	672,309	68.7%
		(No).....305,409	31.2%
	Totals.....	977,718	

JUDGE OF THE COURT OF CRIMINAL APPEALS
(Judicial Retention)

Office

3.	Hez J. Bussey.....(Yes).....	676,921	68.4%
		(No).....311,994	31.5%
	Totals.....	988,915	

JUDGE OF THE COURT OF APPEALS
(Nonpartisan)

District No. 1 - Office No. 1 (six-year term)
Paul W. Brightmire.....(Unopposed)

District No. 1 - Office No. 2 (six-year term)
Wm. W. Means.....(Unopposed)

District No. 2 - Office No. 1 (six-year term)
John F. Reif.....(Unopposed)

District No. 2 - Office No. 2 (six-year term)	Fred H. DeMier.....	90,352	46.9%
	Keith Rapp.....	101,994	53.0%
	Totals.....	192,346	

Elections of 1984

STATE QUESTIONS

STATE QUESTION NO. 570

LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 238

This measure would add a new Section 9D to Article X of the Oklahoma Constitution. It would authorize an additional county ad valorem tax levy. The levy would not exceed three (3) mills assessed valuation of the dollar. The purpose of the tax is to construct, maintain, and improve the county parks. This is for any county within the state having a population of over two hundred-fifty thousand (250,000) and having a county park system. The measure requires voter approval. It would have provisions to terminate the tax levy.

Vote---Yes.....406,998
No.....734,365

AMENDMENT REJECTED.

STATE QUESTION NO. 571

LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 239

This measure would amend the Oklahoma Constitution. It would amend Section 7 of Article XXIII. This section relates to the right to sue for damages. The damages are for personal injuries resulting in death. The measure would allow the Legislature to set statutory limits. The limits would be for the amount of damages that can be recovered. The limits would be on claims or actions against the state or the political subdivisions of the state.

Vote---Yes.....555,822
No.....580,326

AMENDMENT REJECTED.

STATE QUESTION NO. 572

LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 240

This measure would amend the Oklahoma Constitution. It would amend Section 26 of Article X. This section relates to the debt limits of political units of the state. The measure changes the limit on debts a school district may incur for buildings and equipment. The limit is based on the value of the taxable property of the school district. The measure changes the current limit of ten percent (10%) to fifteen percent (15%). Any increase in the limit by a school district would require the approval of the voters of the district.

Vote---Yes.....543,020
No.....591,950

AMENDMENT REJECTED

Elections of 1984

STATE QUESTION NO. 573

LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 241

This measure would amend Article X of the Oklahoma Constitution. It would add a new Section 9D. The measure would authorize an additional county ad valorem tax levy upon voter approval at an election held for such purpose. The levy would not exceed five (5) mills on the dollar of assessed valuation. The levy would be to construct and maintain county roads and jails. It would require the amount and duration of the tax levy to be specified. The measure would limit elections to approve such a levy. It would provide for termination of the tax.

Vote---Yes.....457,192
No.....673,398

AMENDMENT REJECTED.

STATE QUESTION NO. 574

LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 242

This measure would add a new Section 27B to Article X of the Oklahoma Constitution. It would authorize any city, town, or county of this state to acquire certain debts. The debts would be to finance public utilities. To acquire such debts would require an affirmative vote of at least three fourths (3/4) of the members of the governing body of said city, town, or county. The debts would be limited obligations payable from and secured by a lien and charge against revenues or funds given by the city, town, or county. This section shall not limit or be limited by existing provisions of the Constitution or Statutes relating to financing public utilities.

Vote---Yes.....371,986
No.....747,654

AMENDMENT REJECTED.

STATE QUESTION NO. 575

LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 243

This measure would add a new Section 9D to Article X of the Oklahoma Constitution. It would authorize an additional county ad valorem tax levy. This levy would not exceed three and one-half (3-1/2) mills on the value of the dollar of all taxable property in the county. The purpose of the tax is to provide funds for poor persons needing health care. The levy must be approved by a majority of the voters of the county voting on the question at an election called for that purpose. It provides for termination of the tax levy. Nothing in this section shall prohibit other levies or the use of other public funds for said purpose. Nothing in this section shall limit the authority of Section 9A of Article X of the Oklahoma Constitution. Section 9A provides for county health departments.

Vote---Yes.....459,923
No.....663,156

AMENDMENT REJECTED.

Elections of 1984

STATE QUESTION NO. 576

LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 244

This measure would amend the Oklahoma Constitution. It would amend Section 18, of Article II. This section relates to the grand jury. The grand jury would be ordered by a district judge upon his own motion or upon filing of a petition. The measure would increase the percentage of qualified electors who must sign the petition. The increase would be from one percent (1%) to two percent (2%) of the population of the county. The measure would increase the minimum number of signatures required for the petition. The increase would be from two hundred (200) to four hundred (400). It would increase the maximum number of signatures required from four hundred (400) to eight hundred (800).

Vote---Yes.....437,878
No.....672,716

AMENDMENT REJECTED

STATE QUESTION NO. 579

LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 246

This measure would amend the Oklahoma Constitution. It would add new sections 27B and 27C to Article X. It would permit incorporated cities, towns or counties to form transportation service districts. The purpose of the districts would be to provide transportation. The measure would require an election to form each district, to issue the bonds, and to levy the taxes. It would require an election to withdraw from a district. It would require an election to expand or dissolve a district. It would allow the districts to pledge taxes for payment of bonded indebtedness. It would specify the powers and duties of the board of trustees of the transportation service districts. It would require an election for incorporated cities, towns or counties within a district to contract with or pledge taxes to the district. The Legislature could not provide state funds for any transportation district.

Vote---Yes.....467,028
No.....648,112

AMENDMENT REJECTED.

STATE QUESTION NO. 580

LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 247

This measure would amend Section 9 of Article X of the Oklahoma Constitution. It would authorize a local school district incentive tax levy. The tax would not exceed ten (20) mills. The mills to be based on the dollar valuation of taxable property of the school district. The tax levy would require voter approval of a majority of the voters of the school district. The voters would vote on the tax levy each fiscal year at an election held for that purpose. The measure would also do away with obsolete language in the section.

Vote---Yes.....486,607
No.....630,263

AMENDMENT REJECTED.

Elections of 1984

STATE QUESTION NO. 582

LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 249

This measure would amend the Oklahoma Constitution. It would amend Section 6 of Article X. This section relates to property that is not taxed. The measure would permit the taxing of schools and colleges which operate for a profit. As in the past, nonprofit schools and colleges would not be taxed. The measure would also remove the tax exemption for the ex-Civil War soldiers and their widows.

Vote---Yes.....577,316

No.....545,316

AMENDMENT ADOPTED.

SPECIAL ELECTION

April 30, 1985

STATE QUESTIONS

STATE QUESTION NO. 586

LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 250

This measure would amend Oklahoma Constitution. It would amend Section 7 of Article XXIII. This section relates to the right to sue for damages. The damages are for personal injuries resulting in death. The measure would allow the Legislature to set statutory limits. The limits would be for the amount of damages that can be recovered. The limits would be on claims or actions against the state or political subdivisions of the state.

Shall this amendment be approved by the people?

Yes.....343,925

No.....255,466

AMENDMENT PASSED.

STATE QUESTION NO. 587

LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 251

This measure requires a balanced budget. This measure amends Section 23 of Article X of the Oklahoma Constitution. It changes the method which determines how much tax money may be spent each year. It limits the amount that may be spent to ninety-five percent (95%) of estimated income. It further limits any increase in the amount to be spent to twelve percent (12%) annual growth, after inflation. The measure provides a method to change the amounts that may be spent based on changes in law or changes in business conditions. Extra money would be placed in a reserve fund. The measure limits the ways that reserve funds can be spent. It directs that the limit on income to be spent in the next fiscal year be changed to conform to this measure.

Shall this amendment be approved by the people?

Yes.....405,775

No.....203,369

AMENDMENT PASSED.

Elections of 1985

STATE QUESTION NO. 588

LEGISLATIVE REFERENDUM NO. 252

This measure would add a new Section 6B to Article X of the State Constitution. It would exempt certain new or expanding manufacturing plants from ad valorem taxes. The exemption would be for five years. The measure defines the types of new plants which would be exempt. The purpose of the measure is to promote new industrial growth in this state. The measure would require the Legislature to pass laws to carry out the terms of the section. It would also require the Legislature to provide a way to repay local government units and schools for money lost through the exemption.

Shall this amendment be approved by the people?

Yes.....424,281

No.....184,115

AMENDMENT PASSED.