

2011

YEARBOOK

OKLAHOMA DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS

Oklahoma
Department of Corrections



State of Oklahoma

2011 Yearbook

STANDING PROUD

VISION

The Department of Corrections will create a culture that empowers individuals, encourages teamwork, employs best practices, and embraces diversity.

VALUES

Professionalism

Rehabilitation

Integrity

Diversity

Excellence

2011 YEARBOOK

OKLAHOMA DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS



MISSION STATEMENT

“The mission of the Oklahoma Department of Corrections is to protect the public, the employees, and the offenders.”

History

January 10, 1967 is an important day in corrections history. It was on this date that Governor Dewey Bartlett made a historic announcement in his Legislative address, when he said:

“I have had prepared for introduction, today, a bill creating a new Department of Corrections. This bill has been prepared, after consultation with leaders of both Houses of the Legislature. It is a joint recommendation of your leadership and the administration. Briefly, this bill provides for the creation of a new state Corrections Department, consisting of a state Board of Corrections, a state director of Corrections, and three divisions: a Division of Institutions, a Division of Probation and Parole, and a Division of Inspection. The Division of Inspection will perform duties of the present Charities and Corrections Department.”

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Justin Jones has worked for the Oklahoma Department of Corrections since September 1977 in numerous capacities, to include Probation and Parole Officer; Warden; Regional Director of Institutions; Deputy Director of the Division of Community Corrections and Director since 2005.

Justin has degrees in Sociology and Communications from East Central University.

The following are just a few of the organizations which Justin serves: Reentry Committee Chair for the Association of Correctional Administrators; Board of Directors for Council of State Governments Justice Center; Board of Directors for Oklahoma Employees Credit Union; Board of Directors for Military Thunderbird Youth Academy and Commissioner for Correctional Accreditation for the American Correctional Association.

Board of Corrections



Matthew Hunter McBee
Chair

The Oklahoma Department of Corrections was created by legislation in 1967, and in that legislation, the State Board of Corrections was created to be the governing board of the Department. The legislation stated that the Board shall consist of seven members appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate. One member shall be appointed from each congressional district and any remaining members shall be appointed from the State at-large. The term of appointment is six years and the terms are staggered. No more than four members of the

Board shall be of the same political party. Vacancies on the Board are filled for the unexpired term. Board officers include Chairperson, Vice-chairperson, and Secretary, which are filled annually.

The Board normally meets monthly with the Director to review the administration and activities of the Department. The meetings are conducted in accordance with Oklahoma's "Open Meetings Law." In addition to tours of facilities taken in conjunction with regular Board meetings, Board members are encouraged to conduct at least one unannounced visit to a facility or district probation and parole office per year.

POWER AND DUTIES OF THE BOARD

- To establish policies for the operations of the Department;
- To approve personnel matters including: appointing and fixing the salary of the Director, confirming the appointments of wardens, district supervisors, and other staff members as presented to the Board by the Director;
- To approve contracts and budgets including: selection of architectur-

al firms if the fee is over \$200,000;

- The selection of sites for new institutions and community corrections centers and approve relocation of existing facilities;
- Review and approve the proposed DOC budget before it is submitted to the State Budget Office in the fall of each year;
- Review and approve emerging expenditures of money that exceed the Director's authority as allowed by law; and
- Review and approve contracts with private prisons.



Linda Neal
Vice Chair

Board of Corrections



Gerald W. Wright
Secretary



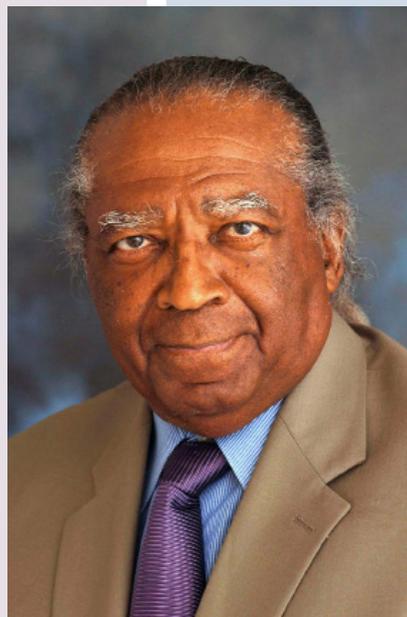
Earnest D. Ware
Member



Robert L. Rainey
Member



David C. Henneke
Member



Ted Logan
Member



SPECIAL RECOGNITION AWARDS

2011 Correctional Officer of the Year



RICHARD J. LYNCH
Correctional Security Manager I
Oklahoma City Community Corrections Center
Community Corrections Division

Lieutenant Lynch is a graduate of Norman North High School, has obtained his Associates Degree from Redlands Community College where he is currently pursuing his Bachelors in Correctional Administration.

In May of 2006, he was hired by the Oklahoma Department of Corrections at Joseph Harp Correctional Center. He served on the JHCC Correctional Emergency Response team until 2010. He transferred to Oklahoma City Community Corrections Center in May of 2010 to expand his career experience within the agency. He was promoted to Correctional Security Manager I in June of 2011. Lieutenant Lynch's professionalism and dedication has earned him the respect of supervisors and peers. His excellent interpersonal, reasoning and communication skills with others successfully defuses conflict in the work place and promotes a professional work environment.

2011 Correctional Officer Supervisor of the Year



LEWIS ALLEN LAYTON
Correctional Security Manager II
Mack Alford Correctional Center
Field Operations Division

Captain Layton began his career with the Oklahoma Department of Corrections in 1998 at Mack Alford Correctional Center. He is a graduate of Stringtown High School. During his 14 years at Mack Alford Correctional Center Captain Layton has dealt with defiant offenders on a daily basis in a professional manner defusing situations that could result in major security issues on the yard. He has the ability to identify potential problems and develop a proper course of action to resolve them. When dealing with subordinates, he ensures measures taken are within agency policies.

Captain Layton is the commander of the Mack Alford CERT. He is a commissioned peace officer and maintains annual training requirements with CLEET. He has attended Correctional Leadership Development I and II and has served as Acting Chief of Security.

2011 Probation and Parole Officer of the Year



SHANTAL R. JACKSON-KEITH
Probation & Parole Officer III
Southeast District Community Corrections
Community Corrections Division

Shantal R. Jackson-Keith began her career with the Oklahoma Department of Corrections in July of 1996. She received her Bachelor's degree in 2001 from Bartlesville Wesleyan College.

Ms. Jackson-Keith supervises a community sentencing and generic caseload. She utilizes Evidence Based Practices on a daily basis and uses Motivational Interviewing skills during each offender interaction and has been particularly successful in diverting offenders' problem behavior through innovative intermediate sanctions.

Ms. Jackson-Keith is a member of the Community Sentencing Counsel for Pittsburg County. She also serves as on the Southeast District Community Corrections affirmative action committee. Ms. Jackson-Keith is highly talented, self-motivated and well liked by probation officers in the district. She performs without complaint and receives nothing but praise from internal and external stakeholders. She is a great role model for the district and her community.

Outstanding Employee of the Year



CHERYL D. BRYAN
Unit Manager
Jess Dunn Correctional Center
Field Operations Division

Ms. Bryan is a true professional, rich in talent and creativity. She is extremely versatile and effectively handles multiple tasks and assignments with efficiency and accuracy. Ms. Bryan has served as the acting Deputy Warden for both EWCC and JDCC. While serving as the acting Deputy Warden Ms. Bryan has coordinated many high profile tours and media events at both facilities. Ms. Bryan is highly regarded by the media for her integrity and impeccable honesty. She is very skilled in formulating solutions to difficult issues. Ms. Bryan excels in drawing on the strengths of staff and obtaining full participation. She always gives 100% and there is no recollection of an assignment or challenge given her that she has not been able to accomplish.

Outstanding Employee of the Year



FAYE L. TUCKER

Transition Liaison

Clara Waters Community Corrections Center
Community Corrections Division

Ms. Tucker has 32 years of experience in representing and advocating for programs that benefit children, women, men and families to obtain and maintain social, health and economic stability. She has an excellent network of politicians, employers, educators, community leaders, social service agencies, volunteers, substance abuse prevention programs, as well as public and private sector contacts that contribute to her success. She has started Financial Literacy, Fatherhood Initiative programs and assisted Dr. Melanie Spector with offender programs: "Seeking Safety" a HIV prevention program. Ms. Tucker coordinated the first offender Job Fair for the District in Oklahoma City. Ms. Tucker is the District Affirmative Action Chair.

Professional Excellence Recipient



MARY GENESE MCCOY

Medical Services Administrator

Medical Services

Treatment and Rehabilitative Services Division

Ms. McCoy is a poster child for the Oklahoma Department of Corrections (ODOC). She began her career with ODOC 22 years ago as a typist/clerk II. Since her beginnings, she has worked in several positions, always doing an excellent job, and promoting to another level of responsibility. For the past 4 years, Ms. McCoy has served as Medical Services Administrator, daily assuming responsibilities for and overseeing 17 Correctional Health Services Administrators and 24 ODOC medical clinics. Geneese knows policy like nobody else; and keeps her co-workers, subordinates and superiors inside policy. Geneese is excellent.

Medal of Valor Recipients



On July 7, 2011, Lieutenant Robert Womack and Corporal Gregory James were traveling on Highway 270 when a Poteau police car went into a ditch. The subject in the back of the car was attacking the police officer. Lt. Womack and Cpl. James quickly pulled the subject off the officer and subdued him until the officer could apply restraints and complete his transport of the subject.



ROBERT E. WOMACK
Correctional Security Manager I
CTU/Jackie Brannon Correctional Center
Field Operations Division

GREGORY L. JAMES
Correctional Security Officer III
CTU/Jackie Brannon Correctional Center
Field Operations Division



TRENTON D. GRIFFIN
Administrative Programs Officer I
Mack Alford Correctional Center
Field Operations Division

On April 14, 2011, in his role as a volunteer firefighter, Trenton Griffin spotted a major cloud rotation west of Tushka. He notified the Emergency Operations Commander and the Fire Chief. Once he had done this, he continued to track the tornado in his vehicle giving vital information to those in Tushka. After the tornado had struck and moved away, he joined others in the search for survivors and the injured.

Medal of Valor Recipients



WESTLEY E. BAUGH

Correctional Security Officer IV
CTU/Jackie Brannon Correctional Center
Field Operations Division

On August 24, 2011, Sergeant Westley Baugh and Corporal Gregory James were traveling on Highway 3 near Antlers when they noticed smoke coming from inside a mobile home. They were able to move an elderly man to safety, put out several grass fires that erupted around the site and alert the fire department.



GREGORY L. JAMES

Correctional Security Officer III
CTU/Jackie Brannon Correctional Center
Field Operations Division



ROY M. MOORE

Correctional Security Officer IV
John Lilley Correctional Center
Field Operations Division

On October 19, 2011, K-9 officer Sergeant Moore was called to the facility to assist Seminole County in the search for a missing boy. The K-9 had lost scent of the boy; however Sgt. Moore joined the other officers and continued the search by vehicle. Alerted by the bark of a dog, Sgt. Moore located the dog and followed it to the boy.

Volunteer of the Year



RHONDA WILLIAMS

Lawton Community Corrections Center
Southwest District
Community Corrections Division

With expertise in military audits, Ms. Williams assisted the LCCC staff with its 2009 ACA audit in addition to helping the Records Officer. The audit was passed. In April 2011 she began coordinating the Transition Program with a record of all graduates securing jobs prior to graduation and housing as required. She works with real estate agents and tribal case managers to secure additional resources to enhance reentry. A continuum of care is done by Ms. Williams in a mentorship program for offenders beyond DOC custody. She volunteers 32 hours weekly in 4 days and meets the financial needs of the program out of personal funds to host graduations, family connections, and other support. Her commitment saves the agency \$3,500 monthly; \$24,500 to date. The implied impact is a non return to crime due to the secured support provided through the invaluable assistance of Ms. Williams.

2011 Teacher of the Year



MARY GANN

Lexington Assessment & Reception Center
Treatment & Rehabilitative Services

LARC has been my DOC home for 20+ years. I started as a Recreation Supervisor, and then transferred to the education department in June of 2004. I teach ABE, GED and Life Skills to the medium security yard as well as Unit 7, which is our minimum security unit. My teaching concept is reality based information striving to teach the students the importance of realistic decisions, practical practices and social skills. A large portion of the offenders are in school to achieve something that has escaped them all of their lives. They marvel in achieving success in the classroom. The gleam in their eyes and smile on their faces keeps me coming back for more. Their success is my success.

2011 Nurse of the Year



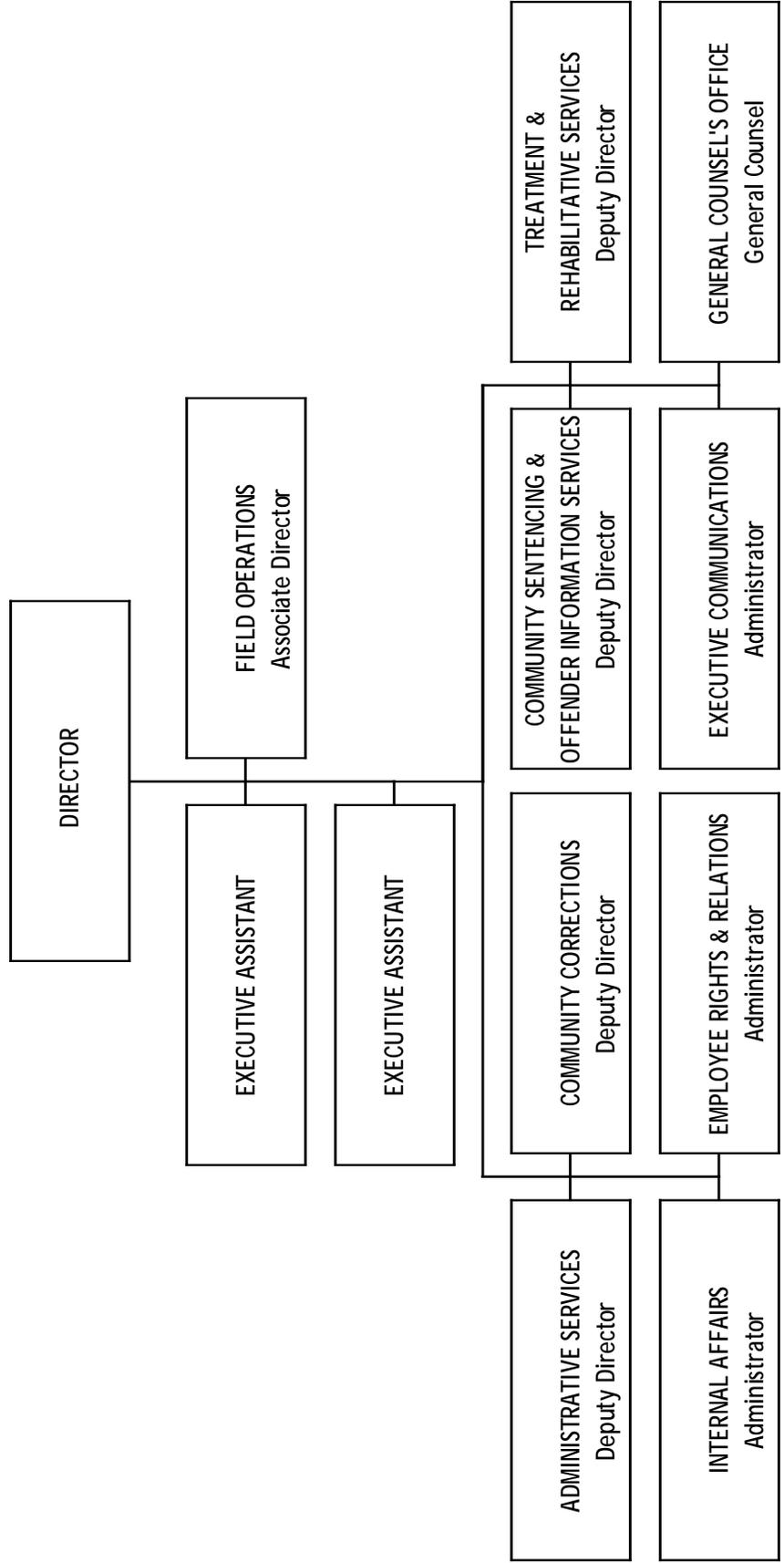
DAVID KILLEBREW
Licensed Practical Nurse
Oklahoma State Penitentiary
Medical Services Division

Mr. Killebrew began his career with the Oklahoma Department of Corrections as a Licensed Practical Nurse (LPN) at the Oklahoma State Penitentiary in December 2004. He was chosen as Nurse of the Year due to his commitment to his patients and ability to work well with other nursing staff. He always goes above and beyond by working to cover shifts or staying later to take care of patients. He is a team player that is supportive to all of his peers while demonstrating a positive attitude in all situations.



Executive Staff

OKLAHOMA DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS
EXECUTIVE STAFF
 Organizational Chart



Director's Office



Justin Jones
Director

The Director of the Oklahoma Department of Corrections is the agency's chief executive administrator and is responsible for the overall management and administration of the agency. The position provides the leadership and vision for the agency and is appointed by the Oklahoma Board of Corrections. The Director's Office is comprised of the Director, an Administrative Assistant and two Executive Assistants. Other positions that directly report to the

Director are as follows: Associate Director of Field Operations, Deputy Director of Administrative Services, Deputy Director of Community Corrections, Deputy Director of Treatment and Rehabilitative Services, Deputy Director of Community Sentencing and Offender Information Services, Administrator of Internal Affairs, General Counsel, Administrator of Employee Rights and Relations, and Administrator of Executive Communications.

Executive Assistant

Anetta Bullock serves as Executive Assistant and is responsible for providing administrative support to the Director and ensuring the administrative day to day operations of the office, which includes communication and interaction with legislative leadership, government entities, the public, and executive and senior level personnel;

handling of sensitive and confidential information; preparation of reports and correspondence; coordination of special projects and activities, and other duties to assist the Director in carrying out his responsibilities. She also serves as the liaison to the Oklahoma Board of Corrections.



Anetta Bullock
Executive Assistant

Executive Assistant



Neville Massie
Executive Assistant

Neville Massie is an Executive Assistant to the Director. Her primary responsibility is to serve as the agency's liaison with members of the legislature, legislative staff, other governmental agency employees; as well as external civic and professional organizations.

Ms. Massie monitors legislation that may impact the department, solicits legislative initiatives from agency Executive Staff

and represents the department at legislative committee meetings. She provides regular legislative status reports to the Board of Corrections, department Executive Staff and Upper Management staff.

In an effort to increase legislators knowledge and understanding of agency operations and issues, she coordinates facility tours for legislators and their staff.

Employee Rights and Relations

The primary focus of the Employee Rights and Relations Unit (ERRU) is to serve the employees of the agency by providing technical expertise regarding the department's affirmative action plan and assistance in adherence to employment related rules/regulations, policies, procedures, laws, and agency practices. The unit provides training and development to all employees and supervisors on Civil Rights rules, regulations, policy procedures and laws, aids in conflict resolution, provides mediation information, and assists in resolving issues and conflict informally.

The Unit investigates formal discrimination grievances which come under Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, sexual harassment, Americans with Disabilities

Act complaints, cultural diversity and other related issues. In addition, the Unit assists all facility Affirmative Action Committees with problem solving, training, current information and updates. In addition, ERRU have written articles for "Inside Corrections" pertaining to Workplace Violence and "Stress." By writing these articles, the unit has the opportunity to keep staff informed and aware of workplace issues.

The unit consists of team members, Joyce Perry, Civil Rights Administrator I, Kim Moon, Secretary V, and Elvin Baum, Civil Rights Administrator, and is available to any staff member and/or members of the public who may have questions or in need of information pertaining to the services provided.



Elvin Baum
Administrator

Executive Communications



Joyce Jackson
Administrator

The Office of Executive Communications serves as the central point of contact for information about the Oklahoma Department of Corrections and its facilities to the media and the general public. The mission of the Office is to provide accurate, and timely information to build public support and enhance public awareness, while promoting positive change.

This office is responsible for media relations, various informational publications and reports, to include facility brochures, fact sheets and the production of the Department's quarterly magazine, Inside Corrections. This also includes the planning and implementing of special projects and numerous training events.

The Office of Executive Communications is responsible for the Department's historical archives, the production of the Oklahoma Department of Corrections History Book and the implementation of Leadership Academy, which is the nation's first citizen's academy for corrections.

This office also provides a variety of communications services to the staff as needed. The Office of Executive Communications staff is creative and proficient at problem solving and generating communications that engage and inform various audiences.

ACCOMPLISHMENTS

- The management of the DOC webpage was transferred and incorporated into the Executive Communications Office in February, 2011.
- DOC Walking Trail - Initiated a Clean Up Project for the DOC Walking Trail which included cleaning and removing weeds; replacing and repairing several benches; and repairing a couple of bridges. Then planned and presented a Ribbon Cutting/ Health Fair/ Luncheon for employees from the Department of Public Safety, Military Department, Oklahoma Turnpike Authority and the Oklahoma Department of Transportation.
- Leadership Academy for Employees - developed and designed a Leadership Academy for Employees, allowing 100 employees to gain training credits for participating in a 2 part training session to enhance their understanding and education about the operation of the Department of Corrections.

General Counsel

The Office of General Counsel acts as the primary liaison with the Attorney General's office in matters of civil litigation when the agency or its employees are sued. The Office represents the agency at Merit Protection Commission hearings and Risk Management, oversees the submission of agency administrative rulings until finalized by the Office of Administrative Rules in the Secretary of State's office,

responds to Offender Lawsuits (assigned by the Attorney General's Office), reviews all private prison contracts, assists in gathering information for the Attorney General's Office, reviews all formal discipline action, assists employees in preparing for depositions and trial and gives legal advice to agency upper management as needed.



Michael T. Oakley
General Counsel

The Administrative Review Unit is responsible for reviewing, investigating and responding to offender misconduct and grievance appeals, which are submitted to the director for final review. This review is considered to be the last step in the internal administrative process. Offenders are required to exhaust their administrative

remedies prior to filing litigation in the court system. The review conducted at both the facility and departmental level assists in preventing unnecessary litigation. Hundreds of offender letters are received in Administrative Review every year with a response forwarded for each one received. This unit is also responsible for conducting training for all

staff involved in the disciplinary process, and continually conducts pre-service training in the disciplinary and grievance processes. The unit serves as a contact point for field staff, family members and legislators who have questions regarding the department's disciplinary process and grievance process.

Internal Affairs



Johnny Blevins
Chief

The Internal Affairs Investigation Unit is responsible for conducting both procedural and criminal investigations under the authority of the Director. Investigations encompass matters concerning offenders, employees and other identified criminal activity with impacts correctional operations. During CY 2011, the Investigation Unit was assigned 199 investigations and 79 preliminary Inquires. The unit completed 284 total investigations presenting 57 cases to the District Attorney of jurisdiction for the filing

of criminal charges. As a result of their assignments staff also completed 22 forensic computer audits and 12 polygraphs.

The Fugitive Unit is comprised of agents dedicated to the apprehension of DOC escapees and offenders who have chosen to abscond parole supervision. Agents are also called upon to assist Probation and Parole Officers with the apprehension of offenders with a violent history as well as to assist the US Marshall's Violent Crime Task Forces. In January 2011, the DOC lifetime fugitive list identified 84 total DOC fugitives. During CY 2011, the fugitive hotline added 145 escapes (138 escapes from community corrections, 7 from minimum security with no escapes from medium or maximum security) and 45 offenders who absconded parole. Assigned agents apprehended 155 DOC escapees and parole absconders while 44 additional fugitives were apprehended by various law enforcement agencies across the nation. The assigned agents assisted Probation and Parole Officers with the apprehension of 64 offenders and

assisted the US Marshall Task Force with the apprehension of 85 fugitives. Additionally, this unit completed 9 out of state transports.

The Intelligence Unit is responsible for continuous collection, evaluation, collation and analysis of raw information into meaningful intelligence for correctional action. The Intelligence Unit also registers offenders as Security Threat Group members. As of January 1, 2012, 1,910 offenders are registered. The unit develops on-line training available to all staff, trains at the DOC pre-service academy, produces a weekly Serious Incident Report, a monthly Intelligence Bulletin and has conducted training at numerous facilities/districts as well as outside law enforcement agencies.

2011 SPOTLIGHT:

In June of 2011, the office of Internal Affairs began utilizing the InfoShare data base. InfoShare was specifically designed for DOC but modeled from a state wide intelligence network currently in place in the State of New Jersey. InfoShare enables the Office of

Internal Affairs to enter all operations; investigations, intelligence and fugitive apprehension, in one database. The database is internet accessible allowing all IA staff the ability to utilize the data from locations across the state. InfoShare also provides immediate

access of information to all executive staff and facility heads in regard to current and completed investigations in their area of assignment. Reportable incidents are also entered into the system, and can be sorted to show trends in various types of incidents

throughout the Department. As the database expands the Office of Internal Affairs plans to provide limited access to outside law enforcement in order to share information regarding criminal activity and validated members of Security Threat Groups.

Administrative Services



Linda Parrish
Deputy Director

The Division of Administrative Services consists of the following units:

- Departmental Services
 - Finance and Accounting
 - Evaluation and Analysis
 - Building Maintenance
 - Business Office/Document and Mail Services
- Information Technology
- Personnel
- Contracts and Acquisitions
- Training and Staff Development

ACCOMPLISHMENTS

Procurement - After a lengthy 16 month process, the procurement and award of a new offender telephone contract was completed in December 2011. The Contracts and Acquisitions Unit worked very closely with DOC Information Technology, as well as, the Department of Central Services, Central Purchasing Division to complete a fair and open and highly competitive procurement process. The overall process included developing specifications, conducting the solicitation, completing evaluations, and making the final award. Specifications were developed with emphasis on the overall technical and security requirements of DOC and with additional focus on providing the best value to offenders, their family and friends, and, DOC. A very extensive evaluation process was completed that involved a collection of people, multiple steps, and months of work. Using a variety of best practices, we were able to utilize a more flexible solicitation and evaluation process which included lengthening the normal optional renewal periods in the contract and asking for several rounds of

best and final offers, allowing vendors to be more aggressive in their pricing. Ultimately the process resulted in a contract being awarded that took effect on January 1, 2012, which is a better value for DOC and offers lower call rates and deposit fees to offenders, and their friends and families compared to the previous contract.

Personnel – The agency made the decision to retire the Oracle HR/Training system, in addition to the Legacy/mainframe timekeeping system. DOC contracted with the Office of State Finance/CORE to implement the PeopleSoft HCM system. The kick-off meeting for the project was held on October 11, 2011 and since that time numerous meetings and fit sessions have occurred. Approximately 200 employees who will be utilizing the new system have received training. The new system is scheduled to be in full use by June 1, 2012.

Treatment and Rehabilitative Services



Deputy Director
Kenny Holloway

The Division of Treatment and Rehabilitative Services is responsible for the provision of medical and mental health services for all offenders incarcerated in the Department of Corrections. Medical and mental health staff is assigned to all facilities to ensure appropriate access to these services. The Division maintains four infirmaries and three mental health units.

The Programs Unit oversees all offender programs to include drug and alcohol treatment and adult educational services. Educational services include literacy, adult basic education, GED, and college courses. Drug and alcohol treatment programs include cooperative agreements with the Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services, as well as RSAT programs funded by grants through the District Attorney's Council. Career and Technical training programs allow offenders

the opportunity to acquire work skills and Reentry programs focus on the offender's employment, housing, treatment aftercare, and other services vital to successful return to the community.

Religious and Volunteer services provides oversight and coordination of the many volunteers who provide religious and program services to the offender population. These volunteers form a critical partnership with the Department of Corrections providing thousands of hours of support each month. The Victim Services unit is committed to assisting victims of crime by providing information related to the custody and status of offenders who are incarcerated or under the supervision of the agency.

ACCOMPLISHMENTS

One of the most significant accomplishments of mental health services has been the DOC/DMHSAS Interagency Reentry Program. A recent 2011 study revealed that the three-year recidivism rate for seriously mentally ill offenders who were discharged from DOC and a part of the program was reduced from 42.3% to 25.0%. The DOC/ODMHSAS interagency mental health reentry program provides pre-release and post-release discharge planning and services to offenders with serious mental illness. Beginning in 2007, the newly created "Integrated Services Discharge Managers" were assigned to mental health units at Mabel Bassett Correctional Center, Joseph Harp Correctional Center and the Oklahoma State Penitentiary.

The Discharge Managers (who are ODMHSAS employees), as part of the DOC treatment team, coordinate discharge planning for offenders who are seriously mentally ill. In addition, four Reentry Intensive Care Coordination Teams (two in Tulsa and two in OKC) are under ODMHSAS contracts to be responsible for engaging with the offender/consumer prior to discharge and then working with them in the community until they are fully participating in the appropriate community based mental health and substance abuse services.

The Programs Unit has made significant inroads in the area of reentry. Through the Second Chance Grant, many com-

CLIENTS RETURNING TO THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS WITHIN 36 MONTHS (2011)

42.3%

Baseline Comparison (N=196)

25.0%

Correctional Discharge Planner Participants

25.2%

Correctional Discharge Planner Participants to Re-entry Intensive Care Coordination Teams

ponents of reentry have been explored and further developed. Through the use of grant funds, SCA has assisted with two primary areas offenders struggle with following release: housing and transportation. Through work with this grant, staff has become more familiar with the challenges offenders face and continue to strive to assist in reducing these barriers to reentry. Ongoing meetings with Department of Public Safety (DPS) have resulted in the likely use of offender identification cards as a form of recognized secondary photo identification. Once finalized this will be a vast improvement to the process that allows an ex-offender to receive state identification card or driver's license. The SCA grant encouraged the development of interagency agreements for services and data tracking. For the first time through arrangements made with the Oklahoma Employment Securities Commission (OESC) employment data can be collected on the SCA participants. This is an important en-

deavor in that it will create a data pool that can be analyzed to determine how many offenders work and earn wages at or above the federal poverty level. Finally, technical assistance received in conjunction with the SCA grant has resulted in ongoing contact with pilot communities to develop community based reentry plans as well as reinvigorate the Executive Reentry Committee, whose membership has grown and has become more revitalized over the past year.

This year a new 10-year contract was negotiated with Lindsay Municipal Hospital. These negotiations resulted in a reduced administration fee for twelve months, resulting in an estimated annual cost savings of \$196,800. The medical unit worked with the Lindsay Municipal Hospital to expand medical services available to the offender population. This includes a weekly orthopedic clinic where the physician is able to perform various surgeries that previously required transport to Oklahoma

University Health Sciences Center, or a local hospital. Additional services include full time physical therapy. With the additional services at Lindsay Municipal Hospital we are able to reduce the waiting time for an offender to be seen in a specialty clinic and continue to reduce the number of correctional officers providing security at different hospitals, while ensuring the offenders receive timely and appropriate medical specialty care. Lindsay Municipal Hospital was added into Medicaid Reimbursement program. This addition will yield annual savings in medical expenses for the agency. The total savings from Medicaid for 2011 is \$1,213,616.16. These changes, along with, increased technology in DOC Medical, internal medical audits, and the pro-active quality care provided by DOC clinicians and nurses has resulted in the medical per diem decreasing for the third year in a row.



Pictured left: Front row (L-R) Gary Cooley, Robert Scott, Diana Givens, Rodney Roland, Donna Bond, Lindsay Horn, Robin Wong, Jackie Shipp, and Linda Mattia.

Back row (L-R) Dana McEnulty, Sabrina Stevenson, Renine Stansloski, Gregory Palmer, Jin-Song Chen, Kimberly Castro, and Bob Mann.

Community Sentencing and Offender Information Services



Sharon Neumann
Deputy Director

The Community Sentencing and Offender Information Services Division administers the provisions of the Oklahoma Community Sentencing

Act (22 O.S. §988.1-.24). Positioned between probation and prison on the criminal justice continuum, Community Sentencing provides the courts an innovative punishment option for non-violent offenders. Assessment, supervision, and treatment are combined in a manner that directly confronts criminal behavior and protects public safety.

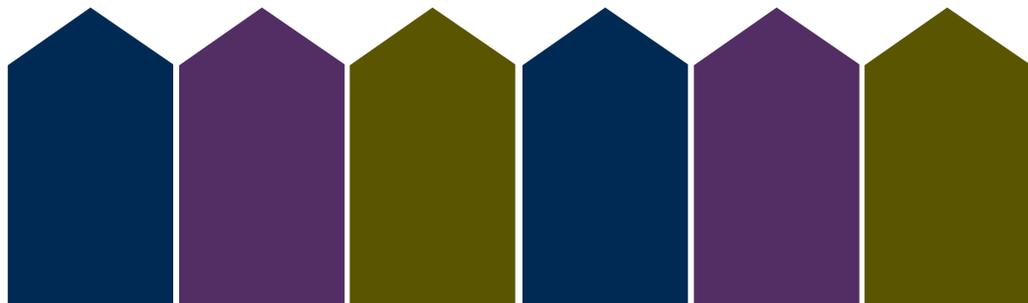
In each county, a planning council, a group of citizens and elected officials specified by law or appointed by the chief judge of the judicial district, plans the local Community Sentencing system and with the assistance of the Community Sentencing Division locates treatment providers and resources to support the local system. The partnerships among the

Department of Corrections, the local Community Sentencing systems, and the contractors providing services for participating offenders characterize this “cents-able” community punishment sentencing option.

The division is also responsible for the development and maintenance of COMIT, the offender information management software supporting case planning linked to identification of criminogenic needs, the Statewide Automated Victim Information and Notification (SAVIN), and a web based vouchering system for offender treatment services. In March 2010 Community Sentencing and Offender Information Services assumed responsibility for the grants administration unit.

ACCOMPLISHMENTS

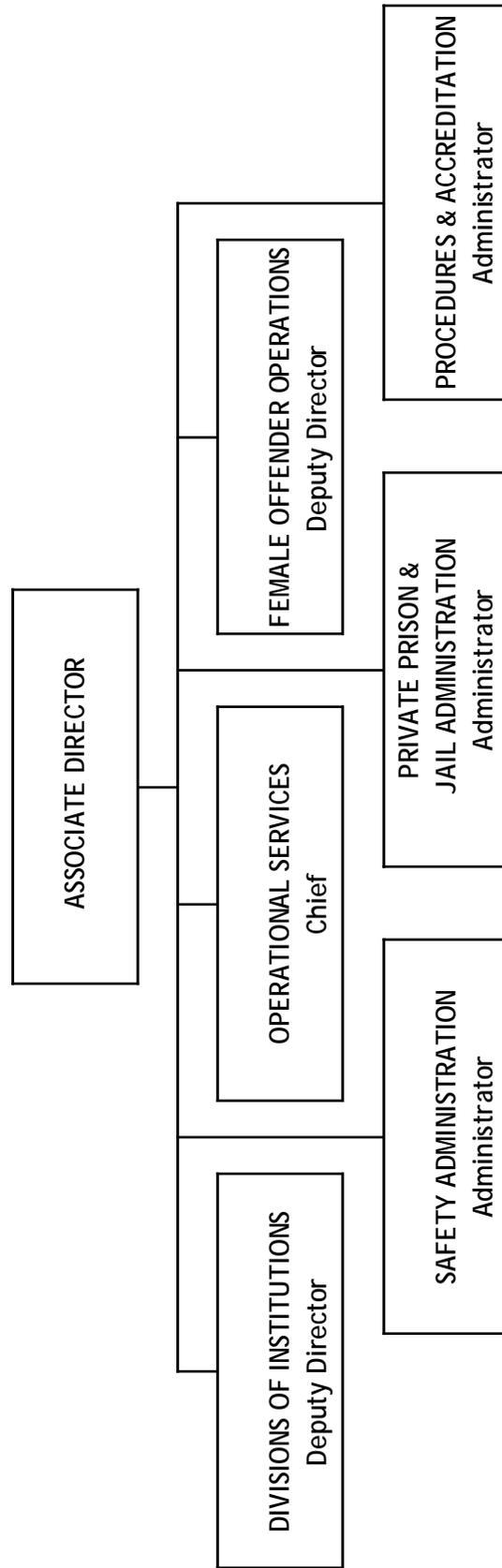
- Community Sentencing legislation was amended to broaden the eligibility requirements for offenders who have plead guilty or no contest to a felony offense. Prior to the amendment, some offenders who were excluded from community sentencing eligibility remained eligible for other probationary sentences. The amendment allowed additional sentencing options to judges, prosecutors and defense attorneys.
- Two additional Community Sentencing Planning Councils received funding and became active, sentencing their first participants.
- Grant funding received by the agency increased over the previous year in spite of cuts to federal funding of grant programs at the national level.





Field Operations

OKLAHOMA DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS
FIELD OPERATIONS
 Organizational Chart



Field Operations



Edward Evans
Associate Director

The Division of Field Operations is comprised of Female Offender Operations, Institutions, Operational Services, Private Prisons and Jail Administration, Procedures and Accreditation, Safety Administration, and Dietary Services.

These entities provide direct supervision of all agency institutions, to include both male and female offenders at minimum, medium, and maximum security, and death row, as well as female offenders under community corrections supervision; three contract private prisons housing Oklahoma male offenders and oversight of the remaining three private prisons which contract for out-of-state offenders;

in addition to offenders in contract county jail programs. The division also oversees classification and population, Central Transportation Unit (CTU), sentence administration and offender records, sex offender registration, Agri-Services, Oklahoma Correctional Industries, and construction and maintenance.

Field Operations Administrative staff work closely with members of the legislature and their staff, other state agencies and law enforcement entities, as well as members of the public to respond to questions and provide information on agency-related matters and offender specific concerns.

ACCOMPLISHMENTS

BILL JOHNSON CORRECTIONAL CENTER (BJCC)



In May 2010, Bill Johnson Correctional Center's (BJCC) Chapel Coalition Committee was created to raise and manage funds in coordination with Dr. Joe Wilson and the World Mission Builders. Comprised of 13 members of the Citizen Advisory Council and other key community leaders, the Chapel Coalition Committee through fundraising efforts from individuals, foundations, and local businesses, broke ground on the chapel in August 2010.

Construction of the 6,000 square foot chapel building valued at approximately \$500,000 was completed in April 2011 with the official dedication being held April 22, 2011. This chapel has had a significant impact on the offenders and the program at BJCC with volunteers increasing to 112 providing weekly volunteer groups averaging 1,000 offenders in attendance monthly with over 200 baptisms performed to date.

Pictured at right (top and bottom) is the 6,000 square foot new chapel building located at BJCC.

JESS DUNN CORRECTIONAL CENTER (JDCC)

INSTALLATION OF HIGH PRESSURE BOILER

A major improvement to the infrastructure at JDCC was accomplished in January, 2011 with the emergency purchase and installation of a new 400 HP high



The installation of a new 400 HP high pressure boiler at JDCC is completed.

pressure boiler for steam plant operation. The new boiler replaced the main steam plant boiler which was approximately 35 years old and had become non-repairable. The new boiler is credited with reducing energy consumption in the six months from January, 2011 through June, 2011 by \$41,241.99 or (15.2%) compared to the same period the previous year.

MESSAGES PROJECT

JDCC participated in the pilot of the “Messages Project” on May 4, 2011. This program, created in 1999 by Carolyn LeCroy of the Virginia Department of Corrections provided offenders the opportunity to create a 15 minute video recording sending a special message to their child or children. Cheri Fuller, DOC Volunteer and organizer of the

“Redeeming the Family” program assisted in bringing the project to Oklahoma and worked with Chaplain James Remer at JDCC to coordinate filming of our offenders. Twelve (12) offenders at JDCC were selected to participate in the pilot, and another thirteen (13) offenders participated in the program in November, 2011.



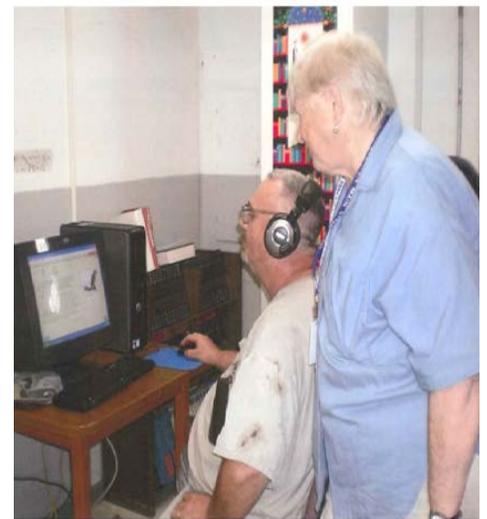
Offenders at JDCC participate in the “Messages Project.”

JIM E. HAMILTON CORRECTIONAL CENTER (JEHCC)

JEHCC educational department is using a reading intervention program which supplements the GED instruction for the offenders. The material in this program builds fluency and supports comprehension and vocabulary growth for offenders with reading deficiencies. Program volunteer, Barbara Tyson Ed.D. (pictured right), has worked diligently with Diane Adams GED teacher, at establishing and implementing this program at JEHCC.

A computer assisted program is being used to assist volunteers and tutors in instructing offenders in this program.

Large classes and numerous offenders with special reading needs who require explicit and intensive reading instruction overwhelm many educational instructors. Therefore, teachers/instructors and volunteers are able to provide more individualized assistance to more offenders with the use of the computer assisted program.



JOHN LILLEY CORRECTIONAL CENTER (JLCC)

On October 19, 2011, K-9 officer Sgt. Roy Moore (pictured right) was called to JLCC to assist Seminole County in the search for missing child, Austin Self. He arrived at the Seminole County Command Center and received information of the young boy's last sighting. Sgt. Moore and his tracking dog, Katie (pictured right), found a scent track of Austin Self. Katie lost the scent and was removed from the track but Sgt. Moore and other officers continued the search by vehicle.

Sgt. Moore heard a dog bark in the dis-

tance and followed the sound. He discovered a dog by a pile of brush and when he approached the dog barked and ran off. Sgt. Moore decided to follow the dog and found Austin Self. When the boy was asked if he was ready to go home, he raised his arms crying and said, "I want to go home."

Austin Self was safely returned to his parents due to the persistence and professionalism of Sgt. Roy Moore. This type of heroic act is an action of a well dedicated and trained officer such as Sgt. Moore.



DICK CONNER CORRECTIONAL CENTER (DCCC)

June 28, 2011 World Mission Builder from Enid, Oklahoma broke ground on two chapels (pictured right) at the Dick Conner Correctional Center. The chapels will provide dedicated space for religious programs and other programs/activities. Both chapels have classrooms, staff offices and large sanctuaries. Staff and volunteers will utilize this space to offer offenders life skills training and relationship enhancing programs to gain skills they can use after their release from prison.

The smaller of the two chapels was built for the John L. Dahl Minimum Unit and when completed will be 3000 sq. ft. The large chapel was built for the medium security offenders and is 5000 sq. ft. The smaller chapel is approximately 60% complete and the

large chapel is approximately 50% complete. Construction is expected to be completed in the summer of 2012.

By changing the criminal aspect of offender thinking, it will make working in corrections a safer, healthier place for staff.



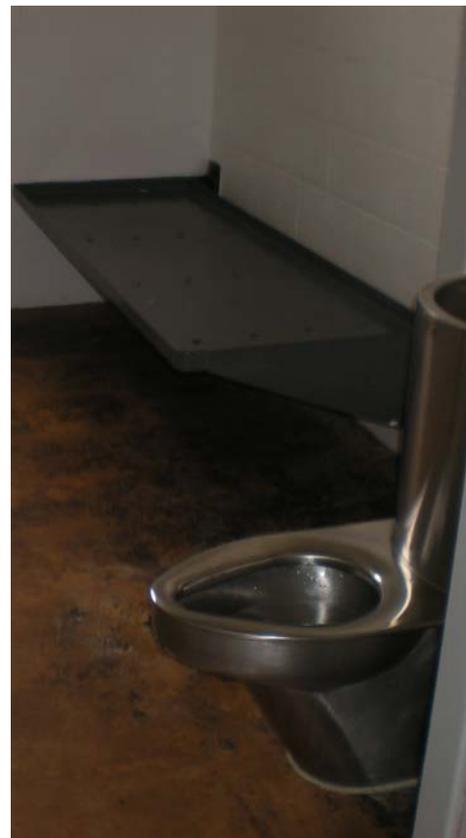
JOSEPH HARP CORRECTIONAL CENTER (JHCC)

During 2011 the JHCC maintenance department constructed ten safe cells providing JHCC with a total of 30 safe cells. The safe cell project was a major renovation of existing cells to include:

- the removal of existing block privacy walls
- all electrical except approved More-lights
- installation of cameras in each cell and monitors in control room
- installation of stainless steel combination toilets and sinks
- installation of fabricated metal bracing, beds, chase panels and windows
- removal of existing floor tile
- prefabrication of cell doors with bean holes built per new specifications.

Additional safe cells were constructed

due to the large volume of offenders being referred from other facilities. Offenders referred to the Mental Health Unit (MHU) with self-injurious behaviors and due to suicidal ideation/ attempts are placed in these cells. Safe cells used for seclusion or restraints must be free from any loose or breakable object, condition or fixture with which the offender could harm himself or others. Walls must be smooth and no rough edges. There are no electrical fixtures or light switches. The restraining bed is secured to the floor with rounded corners, etc. In addition, officers have a full, clear view of the cell with constant monitoring to reduce the risk for self harm by the offender.



OKLAHOMA STATE REFORMATORY (OSR)

The offenders that participate in the Faith and Character Program are housed in A-Unit of OSR. As the 2011 contraband report was compiled, it was discovered that the total number of contraband items found, broke down by housing units, was extremely low for this unit. A-unit had only a small amount of contraband items found during 2011. The rest of the units had a much larger number of contraband items. This is extremely impressive for the participants in the Faith and Character Program. The facility is looking forward to this group of offenders

graduating this class in June and moving back to the General Population yard at OSR. It is the staff's hope that they will positively influence other offenders and staff resulting in a large drop

in contraband items found on the rest of the yard. The facility is very proud of the results that have been noted as a result of participation in the Faith and Character Program.



LEXINGTON ASSESSMENT AND RECEPTION CENTER (LARC)

The Friends for Folks (FFF) Program, which trains dogs for placement with senior citizens, handicapped persons and private individuals has been in operation since 1990 at the medium-security prison, Lexington Assessment and Reception Center, in Lexington, Oklahoma. FFF has gained national and international recognition for the effectiveness of the program and has been featured on television programs such as Animal Planet. Visitors have come from as far away as China and Norway to view the program operation. The Oklahoma Department of Corrections provides staff supervision, training facilities and minimum funding. Most funding required for program operation comes from donations from grateful dog recipients and other sources.

Training mainly consists of basic obedience. An example of some of the basic commands is heel, sit down and stay. If time permits, some are taught tricks and other commands such as “Off” or “Go to Bed.”



1972

The use of the automation to process information for the Department of Corrections began in 1972. The first application was a simple listing of inmates.

DIVERSITY LUNCH N' LEARN SERIES
AFRICAN AMERICANS IN THE MILITARY
 February 17, 2011 • Hillside Community Corrections Center • Oklahoma City



Mahlon Smith
 Guest Speaker
 Re: Tuskegee Airmen



Elvin Baum
 Master of Ceremony
 Re: Military Today



Sharon Smith, Chair
 Metro Affirmative Action
 Committee



Samuel Terry
 Guest Speaker
 Re: Buffalo Soldiers



Patti Ormerod and Ingrid Bennett,
 Personnel Unit

AFRICAN AMERICANS IN THE MILITARY

Although African Americans have participated in every major U.S. war, the battle for integration and for recognition of the accomplishments of black soldiers has been a slow process. It wasn't until after World War II that the U.S. Armed Forces became integrated, under a 1948 executive order by President Harry S. Truman.

Presentations on African Americans in the Military were made by Samuel Terry, Personnel Manager, regarding the Buffalo Soldiers, followed by Mahlon Smith, Vice President of the Charles B. Hall Chapter of Tuskegee Airmen, Inc on the Tuskegee Airmen and African Americans in Today's Military presented by Elvin Baum, Civil Rights Administrator and Lt. Colonel of the U.S. Army Reserves.



Larry Li and Penny Broomfield
 Information Technology

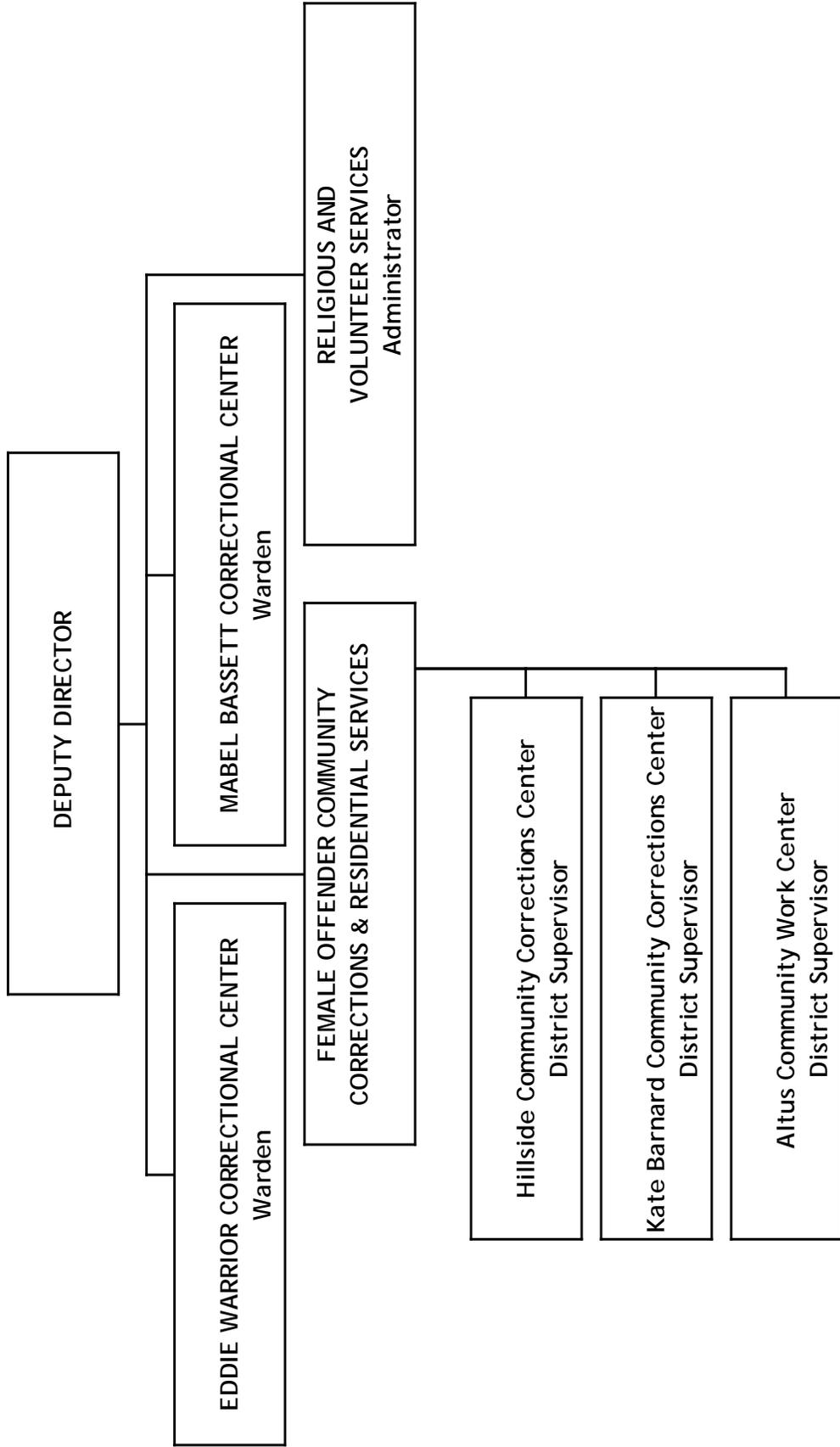


Shirley Cole , Jerry Motte, Robert Grisham and Sam Sangaran
 Information Technology



Female Offender Operations

OKLAHOMA DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS
FEMALE OFFENDER OPERATIONS
 Organizational Chart





Laura J. Pitman, Ph.D.
Deputy Director

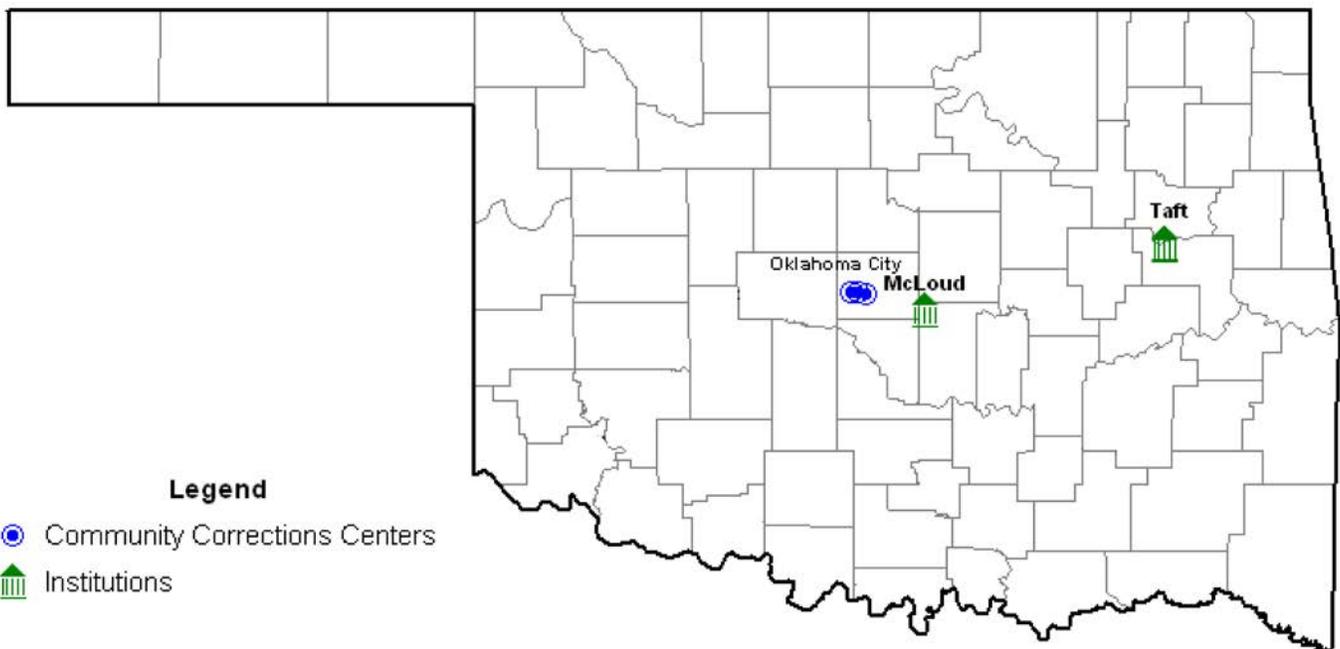
The Oklahoma Department of Corrections established the Division of Female Offender Operations in December 2008. In 2011 the division’s name was changed to Institutions-Division I to incorporate the other responsibilities the division assumed

in October 2010 (Female Offender Diversion Programs and Religious and Volunteer Services) and in November 2011 (Classification and Population). This division faces a unique challenge. While the division is responsible for all operational issues associated with the oversight of female offenders from reception through reentry at two correctional centers, two community corrections centers, and three contract residential centers, the division also has a parallel mission. The division’s parallel mission is to “Reduce Oklahoma’s female incarceration rate to at, or below, the national average while protecting the public, the employees, and the offenders.”

ACCOMPLISHMENTS

As a result of HB 2998, a pilot diversion program, ReMerge of Oklahoma County...Moms Breaking the Cycle, was developed through collaboration

with multiple community stakeholders already engaged in service provision to the female offender population. Initial funding commitments included: Inasmuch Foundation, \$350,000; Oklahoma Department of Corrections, \$100,000; Oklahoma Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services, \$100,000; and, George Kaiser Family Foundation (GKFF), \$30,000. The program provides access to a variety of supports and services which include: food, shelter, clothing, transportation; behavioral health; domestic violence intervention; health care; education; training and employment placement; parenting skills; and spiritual support as well as supervision in the community. The program targets women who are facing a nonviolent felony conviction that would otherwise result in imprisonment, who have care-taking responsibility for their children or are



Legend

- Community Corrections Centers
- Institutions

eligible for reunification. Priority is given to women who are pregnant, those with a child or children under five years of age and those with multiple minor children. Both the Oklahoma County District Attorney's office and the Public Defender's office have been extremely supportive of this new diversion effort. NorthCare and Department of Corrections staff evaluated the first program candidate on July 15, 2011, and began providing services in September 2011.

In November 2010, Division I was awarded the Second Chance Act Adult and Juvenile Offender Reentry Demonstration Project Competitive Grant by the Department of Justice. In support of Representative Kris Steele's HB 2998, DOC with private matching funding support from GKFF and in collaboration with Resonance Center for Women and Tulsa area community partners began this reentry program on June 8, 2011. Resonance case managers work with female offenders returning to the Tulsa area from Dr. Eddie Warrior Correctional Center and Turley Residential Center while they are still incarcerated to develop individualized reentry plans. Services include: employment, access to safe housing, family reunification, health care, and mentoring. Referrals are also made for substance abuse and mental health treatment, education and vocational training. The program is committed to serving 100 offenders.

HB 1197, signed by Governor Fallin on April 4, 2011, created the

Children of Incarcerated Parents Task Force and directed the Oklahoma Commission on Children and Youth to be the lead agency. The bill required representation from state agencies to include the Oklahoma Department of Human Services, Office of Juvenile Affairs, Commissioner of Health, the Oklahoma Department of Corrections, Commissioner of Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services, the Oklahoma Commission on Children and Youth, the State Superintendent and the District Attorney's Council. The task force's report dated January 1, 2012, can be found at <http://www.okkids.org/documents/Children%20of%20Incarcerated%20Parents%20Report%20January%201,%202012.pdf>.

The Female Diversion Program was audited by District Attorneys Council on May 3, 2011 as part of the Justice Assistance Grant (JAG) which has been awarded for three years. The grant provides funding for personnel, housing assistance, childcare assistance, emergency food, transportation, electronic monitoring, substance abuse, mental health and co-occurring disorders for female offenders in Tulsa and Oklahoma Counties with varying degrees of involvement in the criminal justice system. It was noted to be a successful program by the District Attorneys Council. The department was awarded \$350,000 for the renewal of the grant on May 10, 2011. Three hundred thirty four (334) offenders have been received

into the program since inception. The diversion program was highlighted as a promising practice by the National Criminal Justice Association.

Passage of HB 2131, authored by Representative Kris Steele and signed by Governor Fallin on May 11, 2011, effective November 1, 2011, expanded eligibility for community sentencing and the global position satellite surveillance program.

Division I, in partnership with the Count the Cost Coalition and representatives from the Inasmuch Foundation, Oklahoma Academy, Oklahoma Women's Coalition, Oklahoma Christian University, Oklahoma Institute for Child Advocacy, University of Oklahoma Women's Leadership Initiative, Oklahoma Commission on the Status of Women and the George Kaiser Family Foundation, have continued to educate stakeholders and the public through presentations, articles, editorials, and other media to place focus on the issues related to female offenders. Oklahoma Watch has published numerous articles on their website and in local papers drawing attention to Oklahoma's high incarceration rate of women.

Numerous presentations were made to increase awareness regarding critical issues (e.g. Leadership Oklahoma City, Commission on Children and Youth State Post Adjudication Review Advisory Board, the Children of Incarcerated Parents Task Force, Oklahoma City University Law School

Panel for Diversity, University of Oklahoma Health Sciences Center and the graduate class of Women and Crime, Southern Nazarene University Introduction to Corrections class).

Students from Princeton University participated in a learning project entitled “Breakout Princeton” at EWCC and Turley Residential Center October 29-November 5, 2011. The goal of “Breakout Princeton”, coordinated by Princeton University’s Pace Center for Civic Engagement, was to educate students on a specific social problem and the challenges faced by one or a few agencies who are trying to resolve the problem. The students chose Oklahoma and the impact of female incarceration. The breakout group conducted site visits, participated in focus groups and met with experts to study female incarceration.

The Messages Project was introduced to the Dr. Eddie Warrior Correctional Center in May 2011 and Hillside Community Corrections Center in November 2011. The program was founded by Carolyn LeCroy and coordinated in Oklahoma by Cheri Fuller of Redeeming the Family. The project was a very positive experience for the female offenders as well as their children and families. This project allows female offenders to be taped reading a book to her child(ren) or grandchild(ren). The DVD and book are then sent to the child(ren) or grandchild(ren). The project allows the opportunity for offenders to build trust with their children, the children’s caregivers and families. The children have written their moms indicating they have viewed the DVD numerous times. The project also allowed the children to see that their mom is healthy and doing well.



Pictured are offenders who participated in the Messages Project at Dr. Eddie Warrior Correctional Center with Carolyn LeCroy (top right) and Cheri Fuller (bottom right).

1940

The McAlester News-Capital makes the first announcement of the Oklahoma State Penitentiary’s First Annual Rodeo, advertised as the biggest “behind the walls” rodeo in the world, scheduled to be held October 12-13, 1940.

Classification and Population

Lesia Miser, Interim Administrator



SENTENCE ADMINISTRATION

Jim Rabon, Administrator

ACCOMPLISHMENTS

The Closed Records unit houses all of the agency's inactive offender records in the old gym at the Hillside Community Corrections Center. Space is limited and the warehouse is near capacity. While most of the shelving consists of ten feet tall units attached together in multiple rows, some older seven feet tall stand-alone units remain. In order to optimize the space, the shorter shelving units that covered 1700 square feet of floor space were replaced in June 2011 with the taller shelving units. The taller units increased the capacity of the warehouse, provide a better uniform appearance, and are safer due to their heavy gauge construction.

CENTRAL TRANSPORTATION UNIT

Kelly Wilkey, Chief of Security

ACCOMPLISHMENTS

The Central Transportation Unit (CTU) site located at the Jackie Brannon Correctional Center (JBCC) in McAlester is utilized by CTU staff and the JBCC CERT team. In 2011 the building received a "facelift". The project began, in part, due to a leaking roof. Upon further investigation there was substantial damage to the old roof due to age and subsequent water damage. The purchase of a new roof was inevitable. A new metal roof was installed by Oklahoma Correctional Industries (OCI) which will provide

years of protection from the elements.

In addition to the new roof, the CTU office area was expanded approximately 300 sq. ft. thanks to Warden Emma Watts. Warden Watts graciously approved a proposal that allowed CTU to occupy space that was previously assigned to JBCC. Expansion of the office allowed for greater access to computers for staff, more storage for security equipment and better observation of offenders in the holding area.



Female Offender Diversion Programs

Courtney Woodard, Program Coordinator

ACCOMPLISHMENTS

The Female Offender Intervention and Diversion program was funded for an additional year by the District Attorney's Council (DAC) through the Bureau of Justice Assistance JAG grant funding. This 12-month community based program supports women who would have otherwise been incarcerated. They are offered case management, individual and group therapy, medications, and access to health care services all at no cost to the offender. The DAC awarded the Department of Corrections \$350,000 to continue this program in both Tulsa and Oklahoma counties. The Justice Assistance Grant funded Female Diversion program in both Tulsa and Oklahoma counties remains strong – 334 offenders have been

received into the program since inception. The diversion program was highlighted as a promising practice by the National Criminal Justice Association. July 2011 marked the beginning of the ReMerge of Oklahoma County diversion program. ReMerge is a privately and publicly funded day treatment program with a mission to divert mothers from incarceration. The primary focus of the ReMerge program is pregnant women, mothers with children under five (5) years old and mothers with multiple minor children. This program relies strictly on referrals from the Oklahoma County Public Defender's Office, the Oklahoma County District Attorney's Office and the Oklahoma County Judiciary. The treatment program received their first offender in

September 2011.

The Oklahoma Department of Corrections was awarded a Second Chance Reentry Grant for 100 female offenders returning to Tulsa County in either pre-release or post-release settings. The agency has partnered with Resonance Center for Women in Tulsa County for this project. The mission of this program is to assist women with obtaining and maintaining employment once released. Those who participate in the pre-release portion of the program meet with a case manager to start their pre-release activities, which includes finding suitable housing and any additional services they may need once they are released. The women also receive substance abuse and mental health services while participating in the program.

Volunteer and Religious Services

Leo Brown, Agency Chaplain and Volunteer Coordinator

ACCOMPLISHMENTS

A Request for Proposal has been prepared, approved, and submitted to the Office of State Finance for publication. The authorized list of users for the volunteer database was reviewed and made current. Changes to OP-090211, "Volunteer Services" included making it easier for staff to become volunteers upon retirement, requiring a more detailed application for students desir-

ing internships/clinical practica, more clearly defining the facility orientation for volunteers and a revision of monthly volunteer reporting requirements. The training curriculum for volunteers has been updated. Positive working relationships have been maintained with all faith and volunteer groups without compromising the security of the facilities. Memorandums clarifying religious issues have been issued as a re-

sult of ACA requirements and/or legal decisions. During FY 2011, the average number of volunteer hours monthly was 12,391.

The Correctional Officer Chaplaincy Program is a voluntary program that enables Correctional Officers to be trained to provide support and assistance to fellow officers and staff. The program began in 2009 as a pilot project within Community Corrections. It

was successful in reaching officers and staff in need. In 2011 the program was expanded to Field Operations, our maximum, medium and minimum security facilities. Eleven new Correctional Officer Chaplains/Spiritual Counselors were trained in 2011 and they provided assistance to 326 staff members.

Vacant facility chaplain positions were filled. Every maximum, medium and

minimum security facility has a full time Chaplain for the first time since 2003. Facility chaplains address the religious needs and rights of offenders; coordinate the volunteers who serve at the facility providing offender programs, religious activities and facility support; and offer pastoral counseling to offenders and staff.

1977
Female correctional officers were employed and allowed to work in male institutions.

26th ANNUAL BLACK HERITAGE CELEBRATION

February 24, 2011 • Greater Mount Olive Baptist Church • Oklahoma City



Singing Group "EQ"



Representative Mike Shelton and Essay Winner Ana Pina, Del City High School



Marquett Youngblood, Chief Operating Officer, OKDHS



Star Spencer High School Drum Line



Star Spencer High School Jr. Army ROTC



Kenneth C. Watson, District Judge and Bruce Fisher, Curator, Oklahoma History Center

26th ANNUAL BLACK HERITAGE CELEBRATION

February 24, 2011 • Greater Mount Olive Baptist Church • Oklahoma City



Vanessa Ashely
Meritorious Award
Recipient



Roger Scott
Programs Assistant
Administrator OKDHS Office
for Civil Rights



Larry Asberry, Jr., OKDHS
Human Resources
Management Division



Poetry Reading "Eagles Fly
Solo" by Kendal S. Turner



Vice Chief Justice
Tom Colbert
Trailblazer Award
Recipient



Joyce Jackson, DOC
Administrator, and Garland
Pruitt, accepting the
Community Service Award
for Greg Pruitt, Sr.



Ted Gillispie, Director
Oklahoma Commission
for Teacher Preparation



Carl Holmes
Lifetime Achievement
Award Recipient



Ed Evans
Associate Director
OK Department of
Corrections



Dr. Tim Zwick
Associate Director
Oklahoma Historical Society



Howard Hendrick, Director
Dept. of Human Services



Master of Ceremony
Brian Creal, OKDHS
Oklahoma County-55C



Eddie Warrior Correctional Center Taft, Oklahoma

Opened: 1988
Capacity: 783
Gender: Female
Security: Minimum

Dr. Eddie Warrior Correctional Center (EWCC) is on the original site of the Indian Mission School Haloche Industrial Institute in Taft, Oklahoma. In 1909, Stephen Douglas Russell founded the Deaf, Blind, and Orphan Institute (DB&O) which housed deaf, blind, and orphaned children. From 1909 until 1961, the DB&O Institute was self-sufficient. The state operated children's homes under many different names until May of 1986 when legislative action transferred the facility to the Department of Corrections. The facility became the George Nigh Staff Development Center

handling the department's pre-service and in-service staff training. During the 1988 special legislative session, called to address prison overcrowding, the center was designated as a minimum security prison for female offenders.

EWCC houses minimum-security female offenders. The facility is divided into two general population units and the Regimented Treatment Program (RTP), a 12 month military style program with substance abuse and domestic violence components added to address addiction and family violence issues. The RTP unit is housed in one of the original buildings built for the DB&O Institute in 1909.



Warden
Mike Mullin

PROGRAMS

Helping Women Recover Program

The Helping Women Recover program located at EWCC is a 60 bed, gender specific program designed to meet the treatment needs of female offenders who are addicted to alcohol and drugs. The program is funded through private grant funds and, in its current form, has been in operation since October 2009. The program offers trauma informed substance abuse treatment, early childhood development classes, domestic violence classes, cognitive restructuring, anger management and

relapse prevention. The program utilizes a combination of full and part-time licensed therapists who provide 11 hours of weekly therapy along with individual therapy and treatment.

In January 2010 the Department of Corrections contracted with the University of Cincinnati to evaluate the program using the Evidence-Based Correctional Program Checklist (CPC). The objective of the assessment is to conduct a detailed review of programming and services offered to offenders and to compare the practices

with the research literature on best practices in corrections. The Helping Women Recover program was the first gender specific program in the country to rate in the “highly effective category” in a correctional setting. To date, approximately 200 offenders have successfully completed the program.

Other programs include:

Regimented Treatment Program, HIV/Aids Peer Education, Play Day and Early Childhood Development classes.

INDUSTRY

Jacobs Trading Company (Private Prison Industry)

The Jacobs Trading Company is a private prison industry that operates at the EWCC. The company purchases damaged and/or returned items and repackages them for resale at discount stores. Fifteen female offenders are assigned employment with the company and are paid minimum wage. Offenders learn to develop skills training and work ethics as a means of improving employability after release.



An offender working on a belt in the Leather Shop.

2003

Oklahoma becomes the first correctional system in the nation to place offender records on the internet.



Mabel Bassett Correctional Center McLoud, Oklahoma

Opened: 1974

Capacity: 1,136

Gender: Female

Security: Minimum

Medium

Maximum

The Mabel Bassett Correctional Center (MBCC) is the only medium security institution for women in the state of Oklahoma. The center was originally located in northeast Oklahoma City, adjacent to the Department of Corrections Administration Building. Opened as a community treatment center in January, 1974, the center was changed to a medium security facility in 1978. In 1982, Mabel Bassett was converted to include maximum security. Offenders assigned to MBCC range from minimum security to Death Row.

Additionally, MBCC supervises the security of all Department of Corrections offenders requiring hospitalization, through an agency contract with the OU Medical Center. The unit also supervises the holding area where offenders from all Department of Corrections facilities are held awaiting medical appointments at the Medical Center.

MBCC houses the Assessment and Reception Center for females incarcerated in the state of Oklahoma. Mabel Bassett Assessment and Reception Center (MBARC) is a security unit that receives females sentenced to prison by the courts. During the reception period that ranges from approximately 10-30 days, staff determines through various assessments which Department of Corrections facility the offender will be assigned to and what program criteria they meet.



Warden
Millicent Newton-Embry

PROGRAMS

Beyond Trauma

Helping Women Recover

This program is offered through a grant from the George Kaiser Family Foundation. It is a cognitive behavioral, affective and skill-building treatment program.

Children and Mothers Program (CAMP)

The CAMP sessions were initiated in the late 1990's to promote nurturing and bonding between incarcerated females and their children or grandchildren. This positive family reunification program assists offenders and their children by promoting positive relationship-building and learning healthy nurturing.

Parenting Class

MBCC provides a six-to-eight-week parenting program. The curriculum utilized is Partners in Parenting by The Institute of Behavioral Research at Texas Christian University.

Residential Substance Abuse Treatment Program (RSAT)

The RSAT program is offered on the Minimum Security Unit. The program provides services to 44 offenders who reside together in a housing pod separate from the general population. All participants must meet pre-determined criteria. Assessment tools such as the Level of Service Inventory, Adult Substance Use Survey, and Addiction Severity Inventory help to identify offender needs. This is an intensive six-to-nine month treatment program that

provides in-depth substance abuse recovery in a manner that is effective and productive for the incarcerated female. RSAT is a three-phase (Substance Abuse Education, Recovery Group, and Strengthening Group) multi-group program confronting and reducing recidivism through changing thinking and behavior. Correcting both criminal and addictive behavior is emphasized. Treatment is provided by contract providers with oversight from a staff program director.

Mommy and Me Literacy Program

This program affords mothers and grandmothers at MBCC the opportunity to read to their children. The offender selects the book and makes a recording while reading the book to her child. The book and CD are then sent to the child.

HIV Peer Education

HIV Peer Education Program is a structured curriculum that is taught to the offenders by an offender peer educator. Peer educators must complete a college level course and earn one college credit. Offenders must maintain classification level 3 or 4. Offenders are instructed on HIV, sexually transmitted diseases, breast cancer, diseases related to HIV, self-care and emotional risk factors leading to risky behavior.

Thinking for a Change

The Thinking for a Change program is a cognitive behavioral program which encourages offenders to change their criminal thinking patterns and behav-

iors. It provides valuable techniques which teach the offender how to think through problems before reacting which may promote a more positive outcome. As stronger decision-making and critical thinking skills are gained, the offender and the facility reap the benefits.

Domestic Violence Class

The Domestic Violence class is a program provided by the Oklahoma City YWCA. It assists offenders with identifying the effects of domestic violence, ways to initiate personal change for overcoming trauma and to have a better understanding of the impact of family violence on the children.

ADDITIONAL PROGRAMS

Careertech, Cage Your Rage for Women, Early Childhood Peer Parenting, Cancer Support Group, Prevention Relationship Enhancement Program, Oklahoma Correctional Industries (OCI), Peer Recovery Support Specialists, Girl Scout Beyond Bars, Back Office Support Systems (BOSS), Faith and Character Community Program



Female Offender Community Corrections and Residential Services Oklahoma City, Oklahoma

Opened: 2003
Capacity: 249
Gender: Female
Security: Community

Hillside Community Corrections Center

The Hillside Community Corrections Center was originally opened as the Mabel Bassett Community Treatment Center in January, 1974 and changed to a medium security facility in 1978. In 1982, the center was converted to include maximum security offenders.

On May 1, 2003, the Mabel Bassett Correctional Center relocated to the former private prison facility in McLoud, Oklahoma. The former facility was then converted to the Hillside Community Corrections Center.



District Supervisor
Sharon Harrison

PROGRAMS

Girl Scouts Beyond Bars

This program is designed to connect young girls to their mothers who are incarcerated. The mothers and daughters are provided life skills training, parenting workshops, twelve-step programs and drug prevention programs.

Domestic Abuse

This program is designed to assist offenders with avenues to address and resolve domestic violence issues.

Co-Occurring Disorder

Group Counseling

The term co-occurring refers to

offenders that have substance abuse and mental health issues at the same time. This group allows the offenders to talk about their issues and find help in finding solutions to the issues and at the same time learn ways to manage their symptoms as they begin the recovery process.

Thinking For A Change

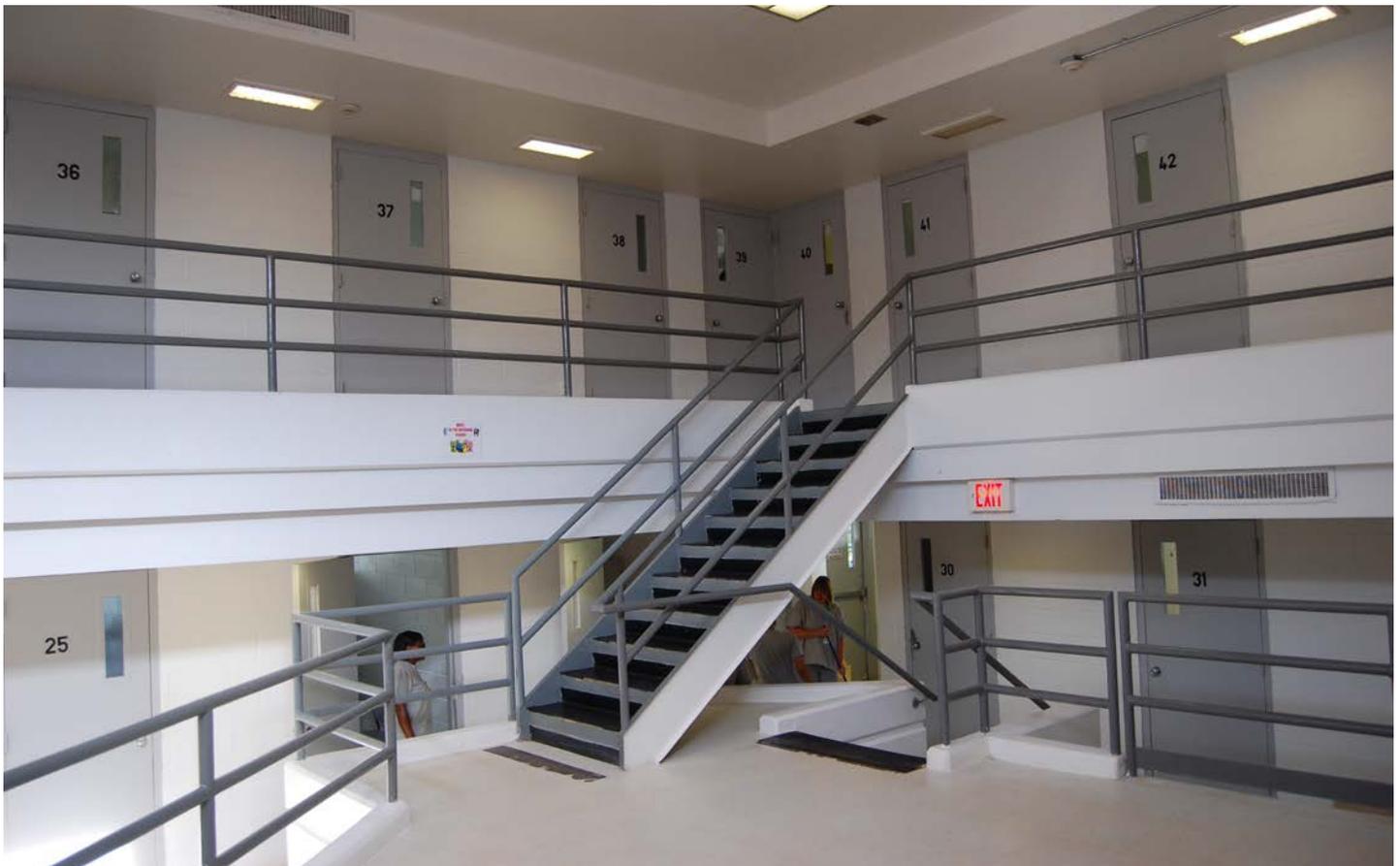
This program addresses the offenders criminal thinking and helps them to identify triggers that lead to criminal behavior. When the offender can identify the trigger they can better prevent the criminal behavior.

Early Childhood Development

This class is offered through Tulsa Community College. Topics covered in the class include an overview of various early childhood development theories, social and cognitive development, emotional development, impact of trauma on children, and parenting.

Helping Women Recover

This is a non-traditional course offered through Oklahoma State University in Stillwater. Helping Women Recover is a curriculum focusing on women's issues that are important in the recovery from substance abuse and trauma.



Housing unit at the Hillside Community Corrections Center.



Opened: 1977
Capacity: 160
Gender: Female
Security: Community

Kate Barnard Community Corrections Center

The Kate Barnard Community Treatment Center was opened in June, 1977. The center is housed in a former motel located in northwest Oklahoma City. The facility is a u-shaped two story building which houses the residents and staff. Food service is located in front of the main building, with the maintenance shop and storage area located behind the main building.

PROGRAMS

Girl Scouts Beyond Bars

This program is designed to connect young girls to their mothers who are incarcerated. The mothers and daughters are provided life skills training, parenting workshops, twelve-step programs and drug prevention programs.

Domestic Abuse Counseling

A program that assists offenders

with avenues to address and resolve domestic violence issues.

Thinking For A Change

A cognitive based behavioral program to help the offender work on thought processes, attitudes and beliefs behind their thought processes. The program teaches the offender to think in a positive way before reacting.

Co-Occurring Disorder Group Counseling

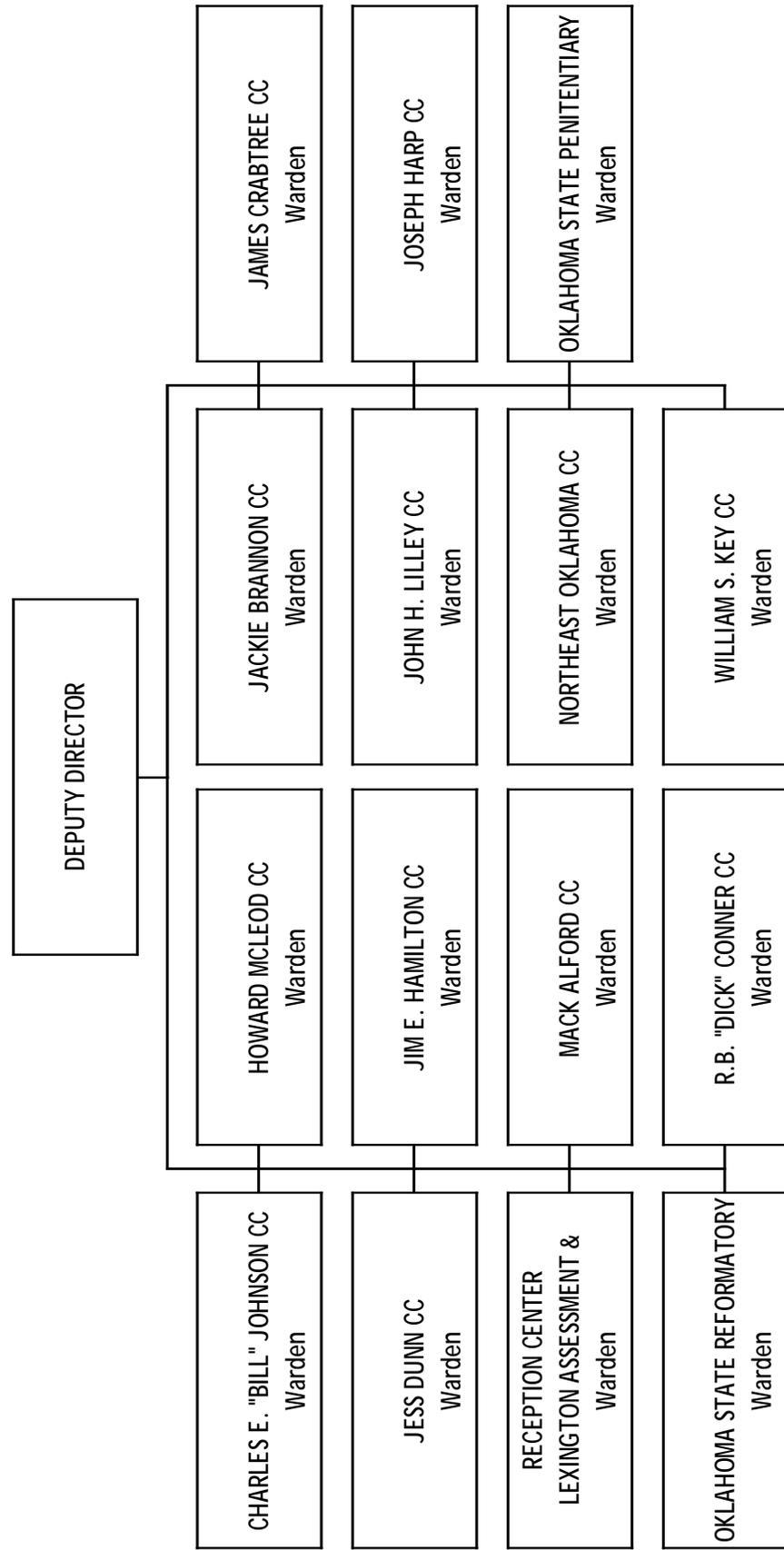
The term co-occurring refers to offenders that have substance abuse and mental health issues at the same time. This group allows the offenders to talk about their issues and find help in finding solutions to the issues and at the same time learn ways to manage their symptoms as they begin the recovery process.



Institutions

**OKLAHOMA DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS
DIVISION OF INSTITUTIONS**

Organizational Chart



Institutions



Deputy Director
Bobby Boone

The Division of Institutions provides oversight, direction, and supervision to the fifteen state operated male facilities housing minimum, medium, and maximum security offenders.

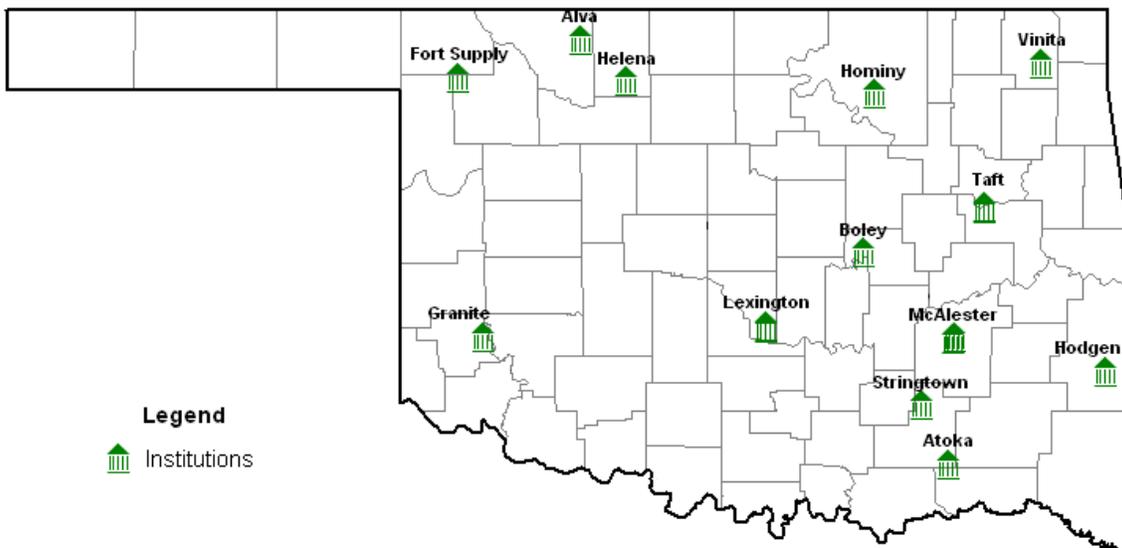
The division is responsible for ensuring that the facilities under its jurisdiction meet the agency mission of protecting the

public, the employees, and the offenders by providing a safe, secure, and healthy environment in which to work and live.

This office provides oversight of fiscal management and ensures facilities effectively manage their budgets.

ACCOMPLISHMENTS

- A new water tower was completed at Mack Alford Correctional Center improving the fire protection capability and water pressure at that medium security facility.
- Security camera systems were completed at Oklahoma State Reformatory and Mack Alford Correctional Center. These systems have improved security monitoring at both facilities. These systems contain a large amount of video storage that is useful for investigatory purposes.
- An assessment of the vehicle fleets within the Division of Institutions was conducted. Authorized vehicle numbers were reduced by a total of seventy-one.





Charles E. “Bill” Johnson Correctional Center Alva, Oklahoma

Opened: 1995
Capacity: 614
Gender: Male
Security: Minimum

The Charles E. “Bill” Johnson Correctional Center (BJCC) is the newest of the 17 facilities operated by the Oklahoma Department of Corrections. The facility houses 614 male, felon drug offenders, ages 18-40. Inside the compound, the minimum-security facility consists of six metal buildings, four modular buildings, and one brick building housing the administrative offices, medical facilities, a dining hall, the education unit, laundry, programs, three housing units, and a chapel. Seven buildings to include maintenance, warehouse, storage, greenhouse, and a single story dormitory under construction are located outside the perimeter fence.

On September 5, 1995, the facility received the first trainees for the Regimented Treatment Program.

In April 2011 the BensonCenter/Eversole Chapel was dedicated, and in August 2011 Housing Unit 3 opened.



Warden
Janice Melton

PROGRAMS

Delayed Sentencing Program

In 2010, the Delayed Sentencing Program from William S. Key Correctional Center was transferred to BJCC and the program currently houses approximately 220 trainees. The delayed sentencing program provides youthful offenders the tools to lead a successful life in society and to introduce pro-social behaviors and attitudes that may enhance their ability to have positive relationships in their lives. Trainees are given assessments to determine placement into specific groups. The groups that are facilitated by drug and alcohol counselors are: Cage Your Rage, Life Without a Crutch, Commitment to Change, Thinking for a Change, Moral Reconciliation Therapy, Cognitive Behavioral Relapse Prevention, Straight Ahead, and Re-entry.

Regimented Treatment Program (RTP)

The primary mission of BJCC is RTP. Due to the program design as a high structure unit, BJCC was built with medium security standards with double-razor wire fencing. The RTP consists of three phases beginning with high structure treatment. The following 6-9 months include participation in Therapeutic Community (TC), cognitive and behavioral counseling, education, substance abuse treatment, and re-entry programs in addition to public works

projects. Public works projects include Department of Transportation crews and several other city, county, and state projects. Aftercare is provided for one year to RTP graduates upon discharge or release to suspended sentence or parole.

Therapeutic Community (TC)

The TC is a highly structured program of behavior modification. The trainees of each floor make up a “family” with a hierarchical system. The hierarchy in a TC provides operational structure. The structure of a TC is similar to that of a small town. The civic type structure improves accountability and more effectively addresses behaviors. The trainees, working under the supervision

of staff, operate the TC.

Trainees are accountable for monitoring their behavior as well as the behavior of family members in respect to family, unit, facility, and department rule. Issues of accountability are correlated to issues of a similar nature that could occur outside the facility.

Re-Entry

Trainees nearing the completion of this phase of the program begin attending re-entry programming designed to focus their attention to the demands of re-entering society. Before a program completion is awarded, the trainee must complete an exit interview and have an approved discharge summary/re-entry plan.



Offenders in classroom at the Bill Johnson Correctional Center.



Dick Conner Correctional Center Hominy, Oklahoma

Opened: 1979
Capacity: 1,196
Gender: Male
Security: Medium

The post OSPriot master plan included a medium security facility to be constructed in the Tulsa area. It was eventually decided that the facility would be built just north of Hominy, Oklahoma, within the boundaries of the original Osage Indian Reservation. Originally, the facility was to be named the “Hominy Medium Security Facility.” It was next decided that the facility would be named Jess Dunn Correctional Center in honor of the former OSP warden killed in an escape attempt. However, a 1977 Joint Senate-House Resolution renamed the facility, for the third and final time, the Dick Conner Correctional Center. The facility’s namesake is R. B. “Dick” Conner, a former local Sheriff of Osage County and former OSP warden. The facility was built for \$12.8 million. Dick Conner Correctional Center received its first offenders in August, 1979, and reached its original design capacity of 400 during the spring of 1980.



Warden
Jane Standifird

PROGRAMS

Offender Work Program

Dick Conner Correctional Center provides job opportunities for both medium and minimum-security offenders. A significant amount of the minimum-security offenders are assigned to the Prisoner Public Work Program crews.

Academic and Vocational Education

Education programming at Dick Conner Correctional Center consists of an education system that begins with basic literacy through Adult Basic Education. This program then progresses to a GED program with the availability of college courses with grants, GI bill, youthful offenders, Native American, or self-pay offenders. All offenders lacking a diploma upon arrival are tested for a Test of Adult Basic Education (TABE). Vocational training is not currently available for the offender population.

Academic Programming

Adult Basic Education (ABE) and General Education Development (GED) classes are provided at the Dick Conner Correctional Center during the day. The DCCC education department has a success rate on the State GED Test that has exceeded 92% for the last three (3) years. The ABE/GED programs serve approximately 550 offenders per year.

Literacy Tutor Training

Dick Conner Correctional Center (DCCC) has recognized, and is committed to, the plight of the illiterate offender. Emphasis has been placed on recruitment and training of tutors. These tutors teach pre - Adult Basic Ed-

ucation (pre-ABE), the Laubach Way to Reading, and provide supplemental tutoring for General Educational Development students with problems in specific areas.

Post Secondary Educational Opportunities

Post-secondary educational opportunities for offenders at DCCC are available from recognized post-secondary schools for students who have a high school diploma or GED. Grants are available for offenders who qualify.

Thinking For A Change

- A cognitive behavioral theory model
- Cognitive restructuring concepts require a systematic approach to identifying thinking, feeling, beliefs, attitudes, values and targets critical social skills.

Faith and Character Program

- The Faith and Character Community

Program is a moral development/character formation program designed for offenders with long sentences. It addresses issues such as family relationships (marriage & parenting), anger management, decision-making skills, substance abuse issues, and goal setting.

Curriculum Instructional Materials Center (CIMC) Basic Life Skills

- A program designed for individuals and families with limited resources and low educational attainment who desire basic information about managing money and other resources

Additional Classes

- Life Skills
- Faith Based Reintegration Programming

Individualized treatment and program needs are determined by the offender's case plan.



An offender working in the Metal Fabrication unit.



Howard McLeod Correctional Center

Atoka, Oklahoma

Opened: 1973

Capacity: 616

Gender: Male

Security: Minimum

HMCC is a minimum security institution located approximately 30 miles southeast of Atoka, Oklahoma. Construction of the institution began in November, 1961, and was completed a year later. The facility was constructed by offenders from Stringtown Correctional Center (currently Mack Alford

Correctional Center), who were supervised by Stringtown Vo-Tech instructors. The center is a 5,000 acre site. HMCC was under the direction of the Oklahoma State Penitentiary until July, 1973.

In 1978, a name change was implemented by the Oklahoma State Legislature, from McLeod Honor Farm to Howard McLeod Correctional Center. The building now known as west dorm was built from Oklahoma State Penitentiary brick and lumber saw milled from trees harvested from state land. HMCC is the only correctional center in Oklahoma that has ever utilized a saw mill to produce lumber.



Warden
Bruce Howard

PROGRAMS

The HMCC Career Tech Skills Center gives offenders the opportunity to acquire job skills in the areas of Heavy Equipment Operation, Welding, and Precision Machining Technology. Career Tech also aids released offenders in job placement in order to lessen the chance of re-offending.

Various self help programs, including Thinking For A Change and Life Link, are available from the unit staff and the chapel. The facility Psychological Clinician is the provider for a Thinking

For A Change class and also Phase I of the Sex Offender Treatment Program.

AGRI-SERVICES

The Agriculture Services Farm Program staff consists of a Farm Manager IV and three Farm Managers. The staff supervises approximately 47 offenders, which work in the following areas: Livestock, Tractor/Farm Implements, Firewood and Brush Cutting, Utility Farm Crews (fence repair, hay hauling, etc.), and vegetable production on ap-

proximately 92 acres of facility land.

Approximately 1,800 acres of facility property is covered with timber. An ongoing program to selectively cut the timber is in place that will allow more of the land to be grazed by cattle. Approximately 2,927 acres are presently being used as pasture land. Approximately 1,200 native pecan trees are also harvested. Approximately 550 head of cattle are being managed by Agriculture Services.



Staff supervise approximately 47 offenders, which work in the following areas: Livestock, Tractor/Farm Implements, Firewood and Brush Cutting, Utility Farm Crews (fence repair, hay hauling, etc.), and vegetable production on approximately 92 acres of facility land.



Jackie Brannon Correctional Center McAlester, Oklahoma

Opened: 1985

Capacity: 737

Gender: Male

Security: Minimum

In one sense, Jackie Brannon Correctional Center (JBCC) was the third state correctional center, originally opening in 1927. But it operated as a trusty unit of the Oklahoma State Penitentiary, on OSP grounds, until being officially established as a stand-alone

minimum security institution on July 1, 1985. The facility is named in honor of Jackie Brannon, who began his correctional career in 1961 as a correctional officer at OSP. In 1981, he was promoted to Deputy Warden of the OSP Trusty Unit, in which capacity he served until his death in 1984. It is this same trusty unit, since expanded, that bears his name.

JBCC is located on 1,286 acres in the northwest section of McAlester, Oklahoma. The facility has three housing units that house 737 inmates. The facility sends out Prisoner Public Works Program crews to assist with work in the city, county, and with the Department of Transportation. There is also a six month Substance Abuse Treatment Program for offenders who meet the enrollment requirements. Burial rites for all indigent Oklahoma offenders are performed at JBCC.



Warden
Emma Watts

PROGRAMS

Substance Abuse Treatment program is an intensive cognitive treatment program for offenders who have a documented history of substance abuse problems. This program is six months in duration, and each participant spends a minimum of nine (9) hours per week in treatment sessions. Each six month cycle consists of a maximum of 36 participants. The program has two cycles per year. The program is staffed by both Master's level psychological counselors and certified treatment counselors from the private sector. During each cycle, participants are exposed to individual and group counseling sessions covering behavioral modification, effects of chemical abuse, goal setting, and relapse prevention.

Education Department offers classes in literacy, adult basic education, GED and on-site college course work on a

part-time basis. If requested, offenders may be allowed to attend the GED program on a full-time basis. The Education Department also offers a Life Skills program to offender's who are nearing the completion their sentence. This program is designed to assist the offender in their re-entry process and get them familiar with tasks that they will be facing upon their release from incarceration such as filling out job applications, finding housing and opening a checking account.

Peer Tutoring & HIV/STD Peer Education is prevention and education programs sponsored by the department through the Medical Services Division. The purposes of these programs are to give offenders a chance to learn and understand the facts concerning HIV, AIDS, STDs and living with chronic conditions. Using Peer Tutoring offenders learn how to prevent

infection and be aware of what types of behaviors put them at risk as well as how they may be of help to others with chronic conditions.

INDUSTRY

Agri-Services – Averages 60 offender workers who, under the supervision of staff, milk an average of 180 cows per day; operate a 200 head beef cow/calf herd; farms approximately 340 acres that produces hay, corn silage and wheat pasture; operate a feed mill which produces 6,000 tons of complete horse, dairy and beef feed per year. There is also a transportation unit at JBCC which is responsible for transporting hay, feed, livestock, equipment, milk, and meat to institutions throughout the state.

Meat Processing Center - This center employs 60 offenders and provides all of the beef, pork and lunchmeat items required by the master menu to feed the state's incarcerated population. The meat processing center also includes a Meat Cutting Apprentice program. This Apprentice program is 3 years in duration and successful completion results in the student being certified by the U.S. Department of Labor Bureau of Apprenticeship.

Dairy Operation - currently milks approximately 200 cows twice per day producing approximately 650,000 gallons of 2% milk per year. This product is distributed to all Department of Correction facilities.



The dairy operation milks approximately 200 cows twice per day producing approximately 650,000 gallons of 2% milk per year.



James Crabtree Correctional Center

Helena, Oklahoma

Opened: 1982
Capacity: 969
Gender: Male
Security: Minimum
Medium

James Crabtree Correctional Center is located in Helena, Oklahoma, on the grounds of the old Connell Agriculture College. The institution has a history that precedes statehood. The facility was originally established in 1904, and has served the people of the state of Oklahoma as a county high school, a junior college, an orphanage, and a Department of Human Services' training school for boys. On May 24, 1982, the former Helena State School for Boys was transferred to the ODOC as the James Crabtree Correctional Center.

This facility was named in honor of James Crabtree, a former warden.

Since the transfer of this facility to the Oklahoma Department of Corrections in 1982, the James Crabtree Correctional Center has undergone three major construction phases. It currently is composed of eight housing units, and houses medium and minimum security offenders. James Crabtree Correctional Center is the only medium security prison in Oklahoma that primarily operates as an open dormitory style facility.



Warden
David Parker

PROGRAMS

Bridge Project

The Bridge Project gives offenders the time and materials to build and produce items for the needy in the community. They crochet afghan blankets for our elderly in surrounding care centers and produce toys for children, especially during the holiday seasons. In addition, offenders donate their products to families who have suffered loss from fire, weather or financial devastation; there is never a cost to the recipients or their caregivers. From these ideas the “Bridge Project” began.

JCCC’s Bridge Project is so named because the offenders wished to “bridge the gap between society and the offenders” recognizing all of the hardship and loss their crimes had caused and their desire to give back to society. The Bridge Project has, and continues



Above: Offenders crochet toys and afghan blankets for elderly in surrounding care centers and children, especially during the holiday seasons.

to be a success, because the employee team took a recognized problem and worked with a selected offender group to reach a solution which benefited all concerned.

AGRI-SERVICES

The Agri-Services Food Processing Center manufactures a wide variety of food products to be used to feed the offender population. Our corndog factory supplies the entire agency with product. Recently expanded gardens at JCCC are providing a variety of fresh vegetable to include tomatoes, onions and bell peppers. Cantaloupe, watermelons, potatoes, carrots, and broccoli are received from other facilities. All are processed at our plant and distributed throughout the agency.

As of the end of 2010 148,256 lbs of corndogs, 9,360 lbs, of broccoli, 10,360 lbs of carrots, 9,925 lbs of potatoes, 56,780 lbs of chopped onions, 11,100 lbs of tomato sauce, 29,440 lbs of fresh cabbage, 6,740 lbs of chopped cabbage, 5,820 lbs of green beans, 12,180 lbs of greens, 3,560 lbs of turnips and 8,970 lbs of assorted melons had been produced. 315,000 onions were planted for the 2011 spring garden. 10,000 tomato seeds were taken to the Timberlake schools.

Right: The Agri-Services Food Processing Center manufactures a wide variety of food products to be used to feed the offender population.





Jess Dunn Correctional Center Taft, Oklahoma

Opened: 1980
Capacity: 982
Gender: Male
Security: Minimum

The Jess Dunn institution was originally constructed in 1930 and used as a mental hospital for black patients only. Through the years, the institution has been used as a tuberculosis sanitarium, a juvenile girl's facility, and a juvenile co-ed home. In April 1980, the facility was transferred from the Department of Human Services to the Oklahoma Department of Corrections (ODOC).

Jess Dunn served as warden of the Oklahoma State Penitentiary from 1938 until August 10, 1941, when he was killed during a shootout resulting from an offender escape attempt. Also killed were a sheriff's jailer (a former OSP guard) and 3 of the 4 offenders involved in the escape attempt. The remaining offender was later executed for Jess Dunn's murder.

The institution is located on approximately 1,100 acres and is comprised of six major buildings that house residents and administration. Maintenance shops, OCI farm complex, laundry, vo-tech, supply, and other support operations are housed in other assorted buildings on the institutional grounds. Originally, the facility was co-ed with approximately 302 of its population being female. The ODOC no longer operates co-ed facilities.



Warden
Mike Mullin

On January 1, 2001, Jess Dunn Correctional Center and Dr. Eddie Warrior Correctional Center, a female facility

with a capacity of 783, merged under one administration and became known as “Taft Unit.” Plans are underway for

Eddie Warrior Correctional Center to appoint a warden during 2012 and operate independently.

PROGRAMS

Work is the primary program at each facility; however offenders may earn the right to participate in numerous programs. Some of the programs available to the JDCC offenders include: Thinking for a Change, Alcoholics/Narcotics Victorious, New Life Behavior, Celebrate Recovery, Keys to Life Choices, Narcotics Anonymous, Meth Addiction Recovery Program, and I CAN. Most of these programs are ran by varioius

dedicated volunteers and coordinated by the facility Chaplain.

INDUSTRY **Oklahoma Correctional Industries** **Farm Operation**

The Agri-Services Division of the Department of Corrections plays a vital role in enabling offenders to learn valuable job skills and work ethics. Approximately 45 offenders are assigned to the 800 acre Taft Unit Agri-

Services farm operation and perform many tasks to include welding, repairing fence, weed control and watching cattle. The unit also raises Beefmaster cattle as seed stock for seven (7) Agri-Services units, which use Beefmaster bulls. Beefmaster bulls are bred to Angus cows to produce heifers for the annual Beefmaster Southern Cross Sale held on the 2nd Saturday in March at the Taft Unit Agri-Services Unit.



Programs available to JDCC offenders include: Thinking for a Change, Alcoholics/Narcotics Victorious, New Life Behavior, Celebrate Recovery, Keys to Life Choices, Narcotics Anonymous, Meth Addiction Recovery Program, and I CAN.



Jim E. Hamilton Correctional Center

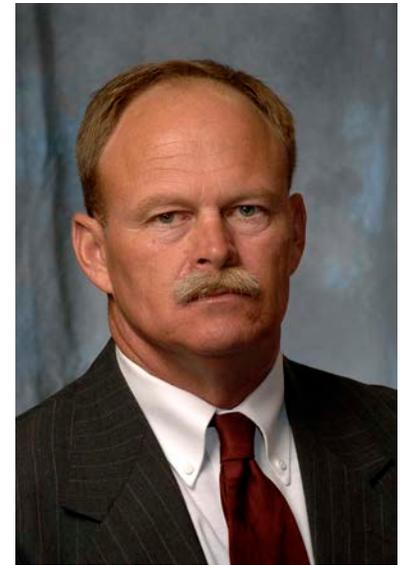
Hodgen, Oklahoma

Opened: 1969
Capacity: 706
Gender: Male
Security: Minimum

The area now occupied by Jim E. Hamilton Correctional Center, formerly Ouachita Correctional Center, dates back to 1933 when it served as the home of the Civil Conservation Corps. The facility grounds were later utilized by the U.S. Forestry Department and, in the early 1960s, by the Hodgen Job Corps.

The facility is located in Hodgen, Oklahoma, on the northern edge of the Ouachita National Forest. The town of Poteau is approximately 28 miles to the North.

In 1969, the Federal Government made the decision to demolish the existing campsite, but the plan was delayed when legislation was sponsored by Senator James E. Hamilton to introduce a better plan for the site. Camp Hodgen, as it was called then, was the first offender training facility in the U.S. offering vocational-technical training by the State Department of Vo-Tech Education in cooperation with the State Department of Corrections.



Warden
Haskell Higgins

PROGRAMS

In 1971, the first offender Vo-Tech students arrived at the facility. The JEHCC is the largest correctional vocational training program in the state. The Vo-Tech program has grown to a total of 8 different skill areas currently available at the facility: industrial electricity, air conditioning and refrigeration, welding, building construction, masonry, building maintenance, industrial maintenance, transmission repair, front end/suspension and engine performance. Training in an academic enhancement program and a comprehensive reintegration program is also provided as part of Career Tech Skills Center. The state department of Career Technology Education provides train-

ing opportunities to all eligible offenders at no cost.

In addition to providing training opportunities for offenders, CareerTech also provides the Oklahoma DOC and other state agencies, assistance with special construction projects and repairs on state vehicles. This service has saved state, county and municipal agencies many valuable tax dollars for repairs and preventative maintenance of precious agency resources. JEHCC has benefited immensely from having a CareerTech center on site. Several facility buildings have been built either partially or entirely with skilled offender labor provided through the training programs.



The Vo-Tech program has 8 skill areas available at the facility: industrial electricity, air conditioning and refrigeration, welding (right), building construction, masonry (above), building maintenance, industrial maintenance, transmission repair, front end/suspension and engine performance.





Joseph Harp Correctional Center Lexington, Oklahoma

Opened: 1978
Capacity: 1,397
Gender: Male
Security: Medium

The Joseph Harp Correctional Center is a medium security institution located near the town of Lexington, in central Oklahoma. The facility officially opened on September 26, 1978, and received its first offenders two days later. The site of the facility had been used by the Navy as a firing range during World War II. After the war, the land was turned over to the Mental Health

Department, which in turn transferred it to the Oklahoma Department of Corrections in 1971.

Joseph Harp Correctional Center is named in honor and memory of Warden Joseph Harp who served as warden at the Oklahoma State Reformatory from 1949 until 1969. Warden Joseph Harp was clearly an innovative leader and professional in the field of corrections. Under Warden Harp, Oklahoma State Reformatory was the first institution to establish a fully accredited academic High School behind prison walls. Warden Harp recognized that one of the greatest needs of many offenders was a high school education. As early as 1950, Warden Harp proposed in a legislative report the need for: a Department of Corrections; a merit system of employment; a statewide probation system staffed with competent officers who would make pre-sentence investigations; a reception center for all felons coming into a prison system; and a full time pardon and parole board.



Warden
Mike Addison

PROGRAMS

The Habilitation Center Program (HCP) admits offenders with IQ scores below 70 and major deficits in adaptive functioning. Additionally, other developmental disabilities and offenders with dementia or other cognitive impairments are served. The program provides training in life skills, job skills, pro-social behaviors, decision-making, functional reading and math skills, and addresses criminal behaviors such as substance abuse and sex offenses. Individual psychotherapy, crisis management, suicide prevention, and medication monitoring are provided.

Delayed Sentence Program

This program includes youthful offenders subjected to a brief period of incarceration by the judge without formal sentencing. If the participants are able to adhere to the criteria of required programs and maintain clear conduct, the judge may release them with a suspended sentence. If not, the judge may impose formal sentencing. Programs include: Education, Thinking for a Change, Life Without a Crutch, and Life Skills.

Mental Health Services

Services provided include medication management, suicide prevention, individual psychotherapy, group psychotherapy, and psycho-educational groups. Once an offender is stable, the treatment

team determines if the offender can return to general population or will be referred to the Intermediate Care Housing Unit.

Mental Health Re-Entry Program

Staff work in conjunction with the Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services to assist and prepare the chronic mentally ill offender who is due to discharge to the street within six months. A discharge plan is put together to include access to housing, clothing, and community resources to assist with obtaining SSI and/or Medicaid benefits. The goal of the program is a successful transition back into the community and a reduction of recidivism.

Lindsay Municipal Hospital DOC Clinic

JHCC is the host facility for the DOC clinic located at the Lindsay Municipal Hospital (LMH). There are three shifts of officers assigned to the clinic who have many of the same responsibilities as the officers at the facility. They conduct counts, do cell/ward searches, and in brief maintain supervision, discipline, control and order in the clinic. The LMH DOC Clinic provides surgery, recovery, emergency room and non-emergency appointments for offenders.

Oklahoma Correctional Industries (OCI) began operations at JHCC

in 1979 with the manufacturing of furniture for state and local governments and non-profit organizations.

The furniture factory produces a varied line of office furniture including desks, filing cabinets, bookcases, credenzas, and chairs. The records conversion department includes a remote data entry operation, a batch entry operation building databases and an imaging operation that provides document images in digital form to customers on compact disk or electronically.

In addition, OCI has contracted two private industry companies to provide telemarketing services. Diversified Marketing, Inc. provides telephone sales for hunting equipment, t-shirts, etc. Back Office Support Systems provides telephone sales for business long distance services.



The furniture factory produces a varied line of office furniture including desks, filing cabinets, bookcases, credenzas, and chairs.



John Lilley Correctional Center Boley, Oklahoma

Opened: 1983
Capacity: 836
Gender: Male
Security: Minimum

John Lilley Correctional Center (JLCC) is located on a 256 acre site, one mile east of Boley, Oklahoma on State Highway 62 in Okfuskee County. Geographically, the facility is located almost in the center of the state, its location being essentially rural, yet it is a relatively short distance between the

two largest cities in the state, Oklahoma City and Tulsa; between the Turner Turnpike on the north and Interstate 40 on the south.

JLCC was first built as a tuberculosis sanitarium/hospital for blacks in 1923. In 1925, the facility became the State Training School for Negro Boys and housed black males who had previously been incarcerated at the Boys Training School in McAlester. The institution was integrated in 1965, and the name was changed to Boley State School for Boys.



Interim Warden
Rita Cooksey

PROGRAMS

Phase I Sex Offender Program

is 22 weeks in duration and is the educational phase of the program. The program has 20 participants per cycle.

Substance Abuse Treatment Program

The treatment program contains a three phase module: challenge to change, commitment to change, and taking ownership of change. The program duration is from six to nine months in length. All treatment is group therapy consisting of ten men in each group. Offenders must have group sessions nine hours per week with 40% to 79% of the week in structured treatment activities. There are 40 offenders participating in treatment on a regular basis. The offenders must complete 250 hours of treatment. Gateway from Shawnee is the care provider.

Education

consists of 4 areas: Literacy, Adult Basic Education, GED and college. Offenders with the assessed need for education are screened to determine which area best fits their needs. College courses are offered through Rose State College and the offender can receive an associate degree.



Education consists of 4 areas: Literacy, Adult Basic Education, GED and college. Offenders with the assessed need for education are screened to determine which area best fits their needs.



Lexington Assessment and Reception Center

Lexington, Oklahoma

Opened: 1971
Capacity: 418
Gender: Male
Security: Maximum

The Lexington Correctional Center was opened in 1971. It consisted of a collection of wooden naval barracks hastily constructed during late World War II. It initially had a capacity of 120 inmates.

Although the facility opened in 1971, it remained obscure with virtually no documented history until 1977 when the Lexington Assessment and Reception Center (LARC) opened adjacent to the Lexington Correctional Center (LCC).

Since the opening of LARC, both LARC and LCC have been under purview of a common warden and have become virtually synonymous. Most staff refer to the reception unit as “LARC” (pronounced “lark”) and the remaining housing units as “Lex.”

The Lexington Assessment and Reception Center began construction in 1976 as a part of the Oklahoma Master Plan, authored by F. Warren Benton, Ph.D.

The maximum security receiving, medical, support services, and administrative core building composed Phase I; Phase II constituted three medium security housing units.



**Warden
Eric Franklin**

Lexington Correctional Center

Lexington, Oklahoma

Opened: 1977
Capacity: 1,021
Gender: Male
**Security: Minimum
Medium**

PROGRAMS

Offender Work Programs
 Lexington Assessment and Reception Center provides job opportunities for both the medium and minimum security offenders. A significant amount of

the minimum security offenders are assigned to the Prisoner Public Work Program crews. All inmates at the Lexington Assessment and Reception Center are required to have a job. The following

work programs are available for the offender population.

Prisoner Public Work Program (PPWP)

The number of offender participants varies but typically five crews with approximately 38 slots are working five days a week for the following agencies: City of Noble, City of Lexington, Department of Mental Health, OCI, and OMD – Heliport.

Oklahoma Correctional Industries

(OCI)

Industries at LARC provide offenders with the following: (1) a constructive work program for offenders on a cost paying basis; (2) an opportunity to learn job skills and develop work habits that will help improve their success rate when re-entering the work force; and (3) teaches good business practices.

Agri-Services Unit

The LARC unit is a heifer operation. When the calves are weaned they are sent to western units where they mature on wheat pasture. The Unit, with proper weed control and fertilization supports an average total herd of 118 head (cows and bulls).

Career Tech Skills Center

The Lexington Career Tech Skills Center is located on the grounds of LARC. Students are from the medium-security yard at LARC.

Medium Security to Discharge Electrical (MTD) performance based training. This program prepares students for employment in the residential and commercial electrical trades. Offenders use interactive computer software; classroom instruction; hands-on and real-world working conditions in the

shop area. Trade-related academic curriculum is incorporated in the areas of Life Skills, Basic computer Skills and Work Keys training. Upon completion offenders receive ODCTE Competency Certificates: Residential Electrician's Helper, Commercial Electrician's Helper. Offenders also have the opportunity to test for State Journeyman License.

The Cabinetmaking Apprenticeship Program trains workers to journeyman level in the cabinetmaking trade, covering all aspects of woodworking and design, using all types of machines, saws, planer, jointers, and power nailing tools, with emphasis on safety in all aspects of the skill.

Thinking For a Change:

This program is designed to assist in the modification of negative behavior.

Inside/Out Prison Exchange Program:

This program, initiated by East Central University, brings college students (primarily criminal justice majors) and incarcerated men to study as peers in seminars behind prison walls; fall semester only.

Friends For Folks (FFF):

Friends for Folks (*pictured right*) works in conjunction with Second Chance animal rescue. This program is designed to help long term offender's deal with their time. The offenders train dogs and donate them to local nursing homes as companion dogs.

Destination Character:

This is a faith-based program to teach character development through eight principles. Each principle will help the offender to analyze their life thus caus-

ing them to elevate their current/belief system. In discovering their value/belief system, each will come to better understand how choices are made and why certain actions take place. Destination Character addresses the void of character in lives of offenders in prison and to help educate these offenders to understand the real void in their lives.





Mack Alford Correctional Center

Stringtown, Oklahoma

Opened: 1956
Capacity: 805
Gender: Male
Security: Medium

In the early 1930s, the Mack Alford Correctional Center was used as a sub-prison of the Oklahoma State Penitentiary in McAlester, Oklahoma. Offenders assigned were “trustees” and worked the farm and cattle. The sub-penitentiary was established for four basic reasons by Governor Murray: To separate first term convicts from the seasoned convicts; to construct a tubercular ward for segregation; to provide work for the new convicts; and to raise food and lower the cost of penal institutions. At some point in the 1930s, the offenders were returned to the main institution and this facility became a federal, state, and local Venereal Disease Hospital. Early in the 1940s, the facility was used as a German Prisoner of War Camp. During the late 1940s, the State Penitentiary again used the facility as a sub-prison. In 1948, the offenders were returned to the main prison and this facility then became the Stringtown Training School for White Boys. In August of 1956, the facility again became an Honor Farm of the main institution. In 1959, the Vocational Rehabilitation Schools were added and the institution became known as the Vocational Training School, a sub-unit of the main institution. In 1968, the institution erected the current fence and towers and became a medium and minimum security sub-unit. In July, 1973, the unit was separated from the main institution. In November, 1977, the name was changed to Stringtown Correctional Center and the security level was made medium. The center’s name was officially changed to the Mack Alford Correctional Center, on March 27, 1986, in honor of Warden Mack Alford, a 30 year veteran of corrections who died on March 10, 1986.

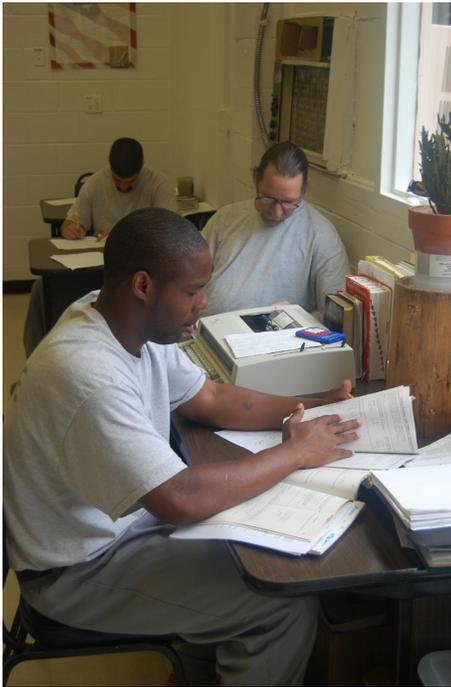


Warden
Anita Trammell

PROGRAMS

Education

The facility provides a wide range of educational programming from basic literacy, through GED, to college level courses provided by three full time, state certified teachers.

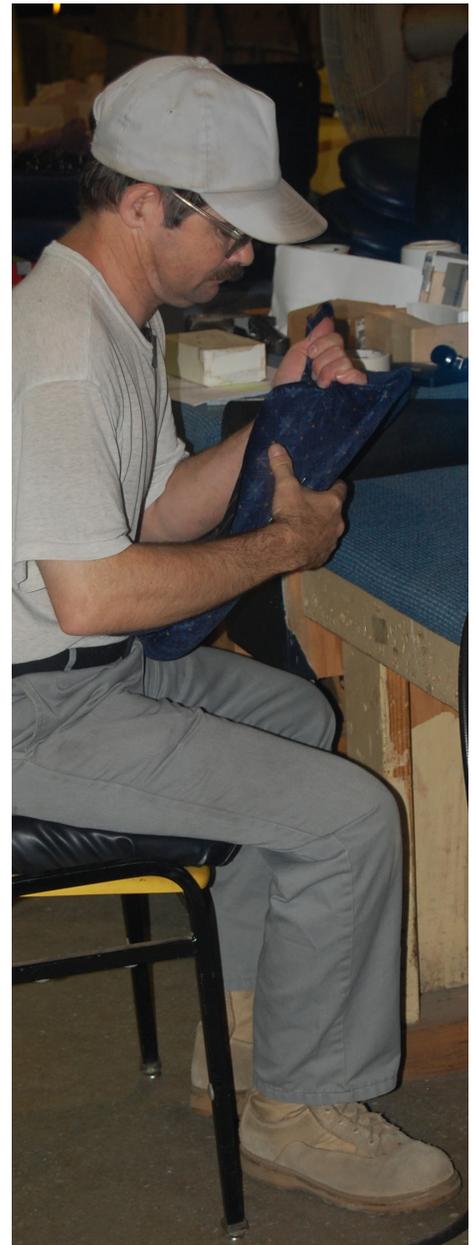


Changing Attitudes to Change Habits (CATCH)

The CATCH program is a long term substance abuse program which provides services for offenders at minimum security, who are within five years or less from discharge. Services include assessment, evaluation, education, therapy, behavior training, counseling, referrals, and after care.

Education (top and bottom left) consists of 4 areas: Literacy, Adult Basic Education, GED and college. Offenders with the assessed need for education are screened to determine which area best fits their needs.

Offenders (top and bottom right) work in the Upholstery Shop for Oklahoma Correctional Industries located within the Mack Alford Correctional Center.





Northeast Oklahoma Correctional Center

Vinita, Oklahoma

Opened: 19994
Capacity: 444
Gender: Male
Security: Minimum

Northeast Oklahoma Correctional Center (NOCC) is a minimum security facility for adult male offenders. The facility is located on the grounds of the Oklahoma Forensic Center in Vinita, Oklahoma, formerly known as Eastern



Warden
Rodney Redman

State Hospital. A trusty unit was established to provide institutional support to the hospital in 1980. The relationship between the Department of Corrections and the Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services at Eastern State Hospital began in 1985 with the establishment of the Treatment Alternatives for Drinking Drivers (TADD) program. In 1987 the Department of Corrections' Agri-Services Unit began leasing the farmland at Eastern State Hospital. After several years of this expanding relationship, the legislature passed laws in 1994 transferring three large buildings at Eastern State Hospital to the Department of Corrections for use as prison bed space.

In December, 1994, the first offenders were transferred to the newly established facility. Subsequently, a new 264 bed housing unit, a dining/kitchen facility, Central Control, and the warehouse/maintenance building were constructed. Both renovation and construction continue. A portion of the offender population continues to provide institutional maintenance and support functions for both the Oklahoma Forensic Center and NOCC. Other offenders are involved in Prisoner Public Works (PPW) programs and institutional farming operations.

PROGRAMS

Education offers Literacy, ABE and GED classes to all offenders based on Tests of Adult Basic Education (TABE) scores, days remaining and scores from Lexington Assessment and Reception Center. Offenders scoring below 8th grade level will automatically be put on the education waiting list.

Prisoner Public Works Program (PPWP)

NOCC has continuously maintained a Prisoner Public Works Program in which approximately 60 offenders participate. The PPWP crews provide services to Oklahoma Forensic Center as well as the community. This program allows participating offenders to gain valuable

work skills and experience. Periodically, NOCC receives requests from the community for an offender crew to help with special projects that usually lasts no more than one to two days in length.

Institutional Services

Offenders who are not eligible to participate in the Prisoner Public Works Program are assigned jobs at the Agri-Services unit or various other facility job assignments such as food service, janitorial services, law library, leisure library, canteen, activities, property room, maintenance or yard and garden crews.

INDUSTRY

Agri-Services

The Agri-Services Division utilizes ap-

proximately 1700 acres from the Department of Mental Health and the City of Vinita. The farm maintains a commercial beef herd of approximately 220 cows with calves. In a normal year approximately 1,000 tons of hay is baled for winter-feed. Approximately 25% of the hay production is shipped to other DOC farms to help with their winter-feed needs. In addition, this unit sells approximately 200 ricks of firewood per year. The farm coordinator and two farm supervisors oversee the work of approximately 40 offenders. These offenders are assigned to various crews working with the cattle, mule teams, fencing, tractor/equipment operations, and general farm maintenance.



Offenders who are not eligible to participate in the Prisoner Public Works Program are assigned jobs at the Agri-Services unit or various other facility job assignments such as food service, janitorial services, law library, leisure library, canteen, activities, property room, maintenance or yard and garden crews.



Oklahoma State Penitentiary

McAlester, Oklahoma

Opened: 1908
Capacity: 1,115
Gender: Male
Security: Maximum

Prior to statehood in 1907, all felons convicted in Oklahoma Territory were transferred to Kansas, at a cost of 25 cents per day. After statehood, McAlester was chosen as the site for the Oklahoma State Penitentiary (OSP) and 1,556 acres northwest of McAlester was set aside for the maximum security facility.

Construction began in 1908, when \$850,000 was appropriated by the legislature. Inmates were returned from Kansas to do the work. The first buildings constructed at the site were the West Cellhouse and the Administration Building. Later, the Rotunda and the East Cellhouse were constructed. Additional buildings were constructed on an as-needed basis.

In order to provide work for the offenders, an industry program was developed. A tailor shop, shoe manufacturing plant and cane mill were among the first industry programs implemented.

As the population inside OSP grew, new housing units were added. The “F” cellhouse was added in 1937, and later the new cellhouse was constructed.

Of the four main housing units occupied, only the new cellhouse no longer exists. This unit was severely damaged in the riot of 1973, and was torn down in 1976. Later, a 50-man disciplinary unit was built west of the main institution. The offender population nicknamed this unit “The Rock.”



Warden
Randy Workman

The most costly prison riot in the history of the nation broke out on July 27, 1973. Damages were estimated to be between \$20 million and \$40 million.

A federal court in 1978 found conditions at the penitentiary unconstitutional. Consequently, four new housing units were built and in 1984 the aging

“East” and “West” cellhouses were closed.

A special care unit was opened July 20, 1992, to ensure that the needs of special management offenders are met. This unit provides mental health care to offenders, thereby reducing the need for long-term hospitalization outside

the facility.

The newest addition, “H” unit, provides new quarters for disciplinary segregation offenders, death row, and the lethal injection death chamber. “H” unit also houses administrative segregation and Level III general population offenders.

Robert W. Dick (bottom left) was appointed as the first warden at OSP, prior to having any facilities in which to house offenders. His first act was to build temporary quarters or stockades to house the offenders who would construct the penitentiary. He served as warden from 1908 to 1916.

Prison guards (right) taken at the construction of OSP in McAlester. Names of the guards in the picture are not known but they are believed to be some of the first guards at the prison.

OSP (bottom right) at the beginning of construction in 1908.





Oklahoma State Reformatory Granite, Oklahoma

Opened: 1909
Capacity: 999
Gender: Male
Security: Medium
Minimum

The legislature created the Oklahoma State Reformatory (OSR) in 1909. The construction of OSR was accomplished with prisoner labor. The construction material was primarily granite rock from the Reformatory's own mountain, "Wildcat Mountain." There are no original buildings on the ten-acre walled compound. The oldest structure on the yard is the first floor of the school building (Lakeside High School) built in 1921, with an upper floor added in 1949. All other buildings were built since 1957.

OSR's first female Warden, Clara Waters, was the first female Warden in the United States to head a state prison, and the first female to head an all-male prison. Mrs. Waters served as Warden at the Reformatory for nine years after being appointed by Gov. Henry S. Johnston in 1927, when she was 37. She brought five years of experience with her (gained from helping her husband, Dr. George Waters, previously Warden). She required all offenders, hard-boiled and errant youngsters alike, to attend Sunday church services. She organized Bible classes, literary societies, set up a recreation program and an education program to teach each offender a trade. This program eventually evolved into Lakeside School, the first fully accredited "behind-the-walls" high school in the United States.

As additional history, famous aviator and Oklahoman, Wiley Post once served time at OSR. In 1921, he was convicted and sentenced to ten years for stealing a car, but was paroled after one year.



Warden
James Rudek

PROGRAMS

Thinking For A Change

This is a program that uses cognitive restructuring concepts to systematically alter thinking, feeling, beliefs, attitudes, and values to improve critical social skills.

Faith & Character

Community Program

The mission of the Faith & Character Community Program (FCCP) is to develop pro-social character qualities in offenders with long-term sentences through modeling of pro-social qualities by staff and the integration of the offender's personal spirituality or life philosophy through a regimented curriculum. The FCCP is approximately 12-15 months in length. The participants receive 30 achievement credits for graduating the program.

CIMC Life Skills

CIMC Life Skills is a nine-component program which provides offenders information for developing and/or enhancing basic life skills intended to help offenders function better upon re-entry into society.

B.O.S.S. Telemarketing (Back Office Support Systems)

This program employs 45 offenders housed on the General Population Units. These offenders are trained on basic communication skills allowing to productively sell a long distance telephone service to small business' across the United States for a private company contracted with the Department of Corrections.

Barbering

This program targets individual students who already hold confirmed high school diplomas or GED certificate and who wish to learn basic barbering skills.

EDUCATION

Literacy

This program targets individual offenders whose reading skill level is below 6.0 as measured by the Test of Adult Basic Education at the time of entry into the education program.

G.E.D. Preparation

This program targets individual offenders whose total battery performance level is above 8.9.

Adult Basic Education (ABE)

This program targets individual offend-

ers whose total battery performance level is below 8.9 and their reading level is too high to qualify for the Literacy program.

High School Instruction

This program targets individuals who lack one or two units of credit completing their standard high school diploma and who are expected to remain in the population long enough to complete the necessary course requirements.

College Program

This program targets individual offenders who have a confirmed high school diploma or G.E.D. certificate and have demonstrated the "ability to benefit" from college (Associate Degree) program by passing the entrance exam of Western Oklahoma State College.



The college program targets individual offenders who have a confirmed high school diploma or G.E.D. certificate and have demonstrated the "ability to benefit" from college (Associate Degree) program by passing the entrance exam of Western Oklahoma State College.



William S. Key Correctional Center Fort Supply, Oklahoma

Opened: 1988
Capacity: 1,137
Gender: Male
Security: Minimum

The William S. Key Correctional Center was formally opened on December 6, 1988 as a minimum security institution at Fort Supply, Oklahoma, and named after General William Key. General Key served as Warden of Oklahoma State Penitentiary on two different occasions.

Sue Frank was appointed the first warden of the William S. Key facility and was also instrumental in the establishment of the Historic Foundation, dedicated to restoring and interpreting the history of the Camp Supply era, a former military site which was an Army supply base in the late 1800's. The facility shares grounds with the Oklahoma Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services, the Department of Career Technology Education, and the Oklahoma Historic Society, which is responsible for the Fort Supply Historic site.



Warden
Marvin Vaughn

PROGRAMS

Prisoner Public Works Program (PPWP)

WKCC has 18 active PPWP work crews offering employment to a maximum of 76 offenders.

Most of the PPWP crews provide lawn maintenance, trash removal, and other various tasks for a number of county, city, and state agencies in Woodward. Some crews provide maintenance and repairs for buildings and offices.

Each year a special PPWP crew is assigned to the City of Woodward Crystal Christmas Project.

All crews are under the supervision of DOC officers or trained civilian supervisors.

Key to Life (KTL)

The KTL Program is a drug and alcohol substance abuse program. The programs' structure is intensive residential for 200 minimum-security male offenders, as assessed by the custody assessment scale. The program is divided into three phases with a duration of no less than six months. The KTL program elicits change from antisocial thinking to pro-social thinking, by providing a highly structured cognitive behavioral program. Through role play, homework assignments, and group discussions the offender rehearses pro-social responses dealing

with life situations. In addition to requirements of the program participants are encouraged to meet any educational needs that have been assessed such as GED, ABE, and Career-Tech.

Chapel & Volunteers

The chapel ministers to over 30 different religious groups with more than 35 different Native American Indian tribes. It offers over 20 faith-based programs and classes designed to help offenders fix the problems that brought them to prison and to help them be successful upon reentering society and become a productive citizen. These programs range from Substance Abuse, Character Development, Family Life Education, Parenting Skills Development, Reentry, Moral Reasoning, to Recovery from Loss of Life, How to Come Back from Setbacks, and Leadership Development. The chapel provides for personal counseling during crisis situations of offenders and staff members. This is all done by the chaplain, two volunteer chaplains and a host of volunteers from the community.

Career Tech

The Commercial Construction Trades Academy is located at WKCC and offers individual training to meet industry needs. The length of time to complete training varies and none

are over eight months. Achievement credits are awarded in accordance with hours completed.

Education/Literacy

WKCC implemented the College Program in 2009 through Rose State College and UCO. College courses are offered for the offenders that are self pay or through tribal funds.

Literacy - Targets individual offenders whose reading skill level is below 6.0 as measured by the Test of Adult Education at the time of entry into the education program.

G.E.D. Preparation - Targets individual offenders whose total battery performance level is above 8.9.

Adult Basic Education (ABE) - Targets individual offenders whose total battery performance level is below 8.9 and their reading level is too high to qualify for the Literacy program.

College Program - Targets individual offenders who have a confirmed high school diploma or G.E.D. certificate.

CIMC Life Skills - CIMC Life Skills is a nine-component program which provides offenders information for developing and/or enhancing basic life skills intended to help offenders function better upon re-entry into society.

OLDER AMERICAN DIVERSITY TRAINING

April 28, 2011 • Hillside Multipurpose Room • Oklahoma City, Oklahoma



William Whited, Deputy,
Oklahoma Long-Term Care
Ombudsman Program, OK
Dept Human Services



Amani Smiley, Health
Educator & Trainer
HIV/STD Service
OK State Dept of Health



Dan Hudman, Executive
Director, Areawide Aging
Agency, Inc.



Patricia Ormerod
Human Resources Benefits
Manager Administrative Services



Matthew Craig, Shirley Cole, and Sam Sangaran, Information Technology



Sharon Harrison
District Supervisor
Female Offender CC/RS



Laura Custer
Information Technology



Michelle Nolen
Administration Training



Lydia McBride
Asst District Supervisor
Female Offender CC/RS

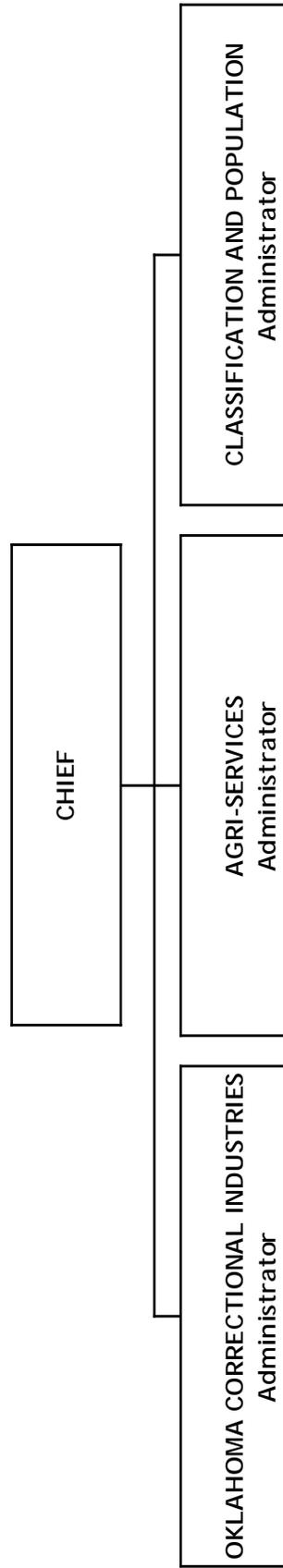


Faye Tucker
Transitional Coordinator
Clara Waters CCC



Operational Services

OKLAHOMA DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS
OPERATIONAL SERVICES
Organizational Chart



Operational Services



Chief
Marty Sirmons

The Operational Services Unit consists of, and provides oversight to, the Classification and Population Unit, Agri-Services, Oklahoma Correctional

Industries, and the Construction and Asbestos Abatement Units.

The Classification and Population Unit is responsible for collecting and reporting agency offender counts, review of security assessment tools and offender transfer requests, offender sentence administration, the Sex Offender Registry, and reception and initial classification and placement of new offenders. The Central Transportation Unit (CTU) is also a part of this unit; four separate sites are located within the state and CTU is responsible for transporting all offenders after initial classification.

Oklahoma Correctional Industries (OCI) provides necessities for hous-

ing of offenders, including clothing, cell furnishings, and cleaning products, as well as office furnishings for staff. Products are also produced and sold to other governmental entities. The Agri-Services Unit produces food products, including meats and vegetables for offender consumption. Both provide large numbers of meaningful jobs for the offender population.

The Construction Unit is responsible for large new construction projects throughout the state, as well as remodeling endeavors and project inspection. Asbestos-contaminated buildings are abated by the Asbestos Abatement Unit, for both the Department of Corrections and for other state agencies.

Oklahoma Correctional Industries



Administrator
J.D. Colbert

VIDEO EQUIPMENT MANAGEMENT PROGRAM – PROJECT

In June, 2011, OCI began the development of an innovative and user-friendly computer program for DOC to manage its inventory of video surveillance equipment at facilities throughout the state. The DOC Video Equipment Management Program (VEMP) employs an attractive Google Maps-style interface that turns the difficult task of locating a particular camera into a simple point-and-click operation. VEMP can show detailed views of building layouts and information about cameras and other equipment, as well as generate reports on existing, planned, or obsolete

equipment. Highly customizable, VEMP allows administrators to add surveillance areas, equipment, and customized fields of information as needed. VEMP allows DOC personnel to centrally manage surveillance asset information, thus saving time, effort and money in inventory records maintenance. To date, over 5,000 offender work hours and 100 staff hours have been involved in planning, creation, implementation and execution of the project. The project is targeted for completion in June, 2012.

ACCOMPLISHMENTS

- OCI staff and offender workers at the OSR and LCF garment plants manufactured more than 200 kid's coats for non-profit groups to provide to kids in need of winter coats. The offenders donated their time and scrap/donated materials were used to build the coats.
- The OCI/JCCC CELLFOR partnership operation inspected, sorted and processed their *ONE HUNDRED MILLIONTH* Pine tree in November 2011 and were recognized by their private sector partner with a "Supplier of Excellence Certificate."

- The OCI Private Partnerships division, under the oversight of Bob Tomlinson and Ron Jackson, surpassed the goal of 400 offender

workers in private partnerships with 424 offenders working in partnership operations in 2011.



Agri-Services



Administrator
Dick Davis

ACCOMPLISHMENTS

- The Agri-Services vegetable program (*pictured right*) increased production with the addition of the garden at the HMCC unit. Production totaled 877,296 pounds of produce with a value of \$510,164.56 at three different units in 2011, an increase of 537% over 2010. Varieties included cantaloupe, watermelon, tomatoes, turnips, turnip greens, squash, onions, cabbage, potatoes, sweet potatoes, eggplant, peas, melons, green beans and carrots. This produce is shipped to various DOC facilities for offender consumption, reflecting in a significant cost savings to the Department.
- The Agri-Services Meat Processing Center developed a new chicken

sausage item that is being produced in both bulk and patty form. This is an innovative protein source that has the texture and taste of pork sausage, but is much more economical, and has received great reviews from administrative staff and food services personnel, as well as offenders. The two most exciting features of the product are that it is a "non-pork" item, and it cost roughly half the price of pork sausage, which will significantly help reduce offender food costs. It also has excellent flavor and texture. Additionally, since it is a non-pork item, it will eliminate the need to cook a non-pork alternative, saving the Department several thousand dollars annually.

- The Agri-Services dairy developed

a strategy to consistently provide 2% milk for offender consumption. Until now, the challenge has been to match the pounds of milk produced to the offender consumption rate on a daily basis. When production of milk was too low, additional powdered non-fat dry milk was added to make up the volume difference, resulting in milk that was less than 2% butterfat. Conversely, if milk production was too high, less powdered milk was added, resulting in milk that exceeded 2% butterfat. The problem was that Agri-Services had no outlet for excess milk production. To solve this problem, Agri-Services entered into an agreement with Dairy Farmers of America (DFA) for them to purchase all of Agri-Services milk production in excess of departmental needs. This will have three positive impacts for the Department. First, the facilities will

now receive a consistent supply of 2% milk product. Secondly, the increased production will result in lower fixed costs per gallon of milk produced, which will ultimately lower milk costs to the facilities. Thirdly, the sales of excess milk production will generate cash flow for the Agri-Services Division. Additional cows have been added to the milking herd, with plans to add more to reach the operating capacity of the dairy to ensure there is always a sufficient volume of milk to meet department requirements.

**Agri-Services
Most Significant
Event in 2011:**

The retirement of Dick Davis, after serving as Administrator of Agri-Services for 27 years, led to the appointment of Brad Bailey on November 1, 2011 as the new administrator. This new appointment brought many new ideas and positive modifications to the

Agri-Services Division. The administrator also performed a unit-by-unit assessment of the entire Agri-Services Division and developed a comprehensive business plan that will guide the division into becoming a more efficient entity. Agri-Services will utilize all available resources to produce as much food for offender consumption as possible. As production capacity allows, Agri-Services products will be available to other State agencies, which will reduce their operating costs, while generating income for the Agri-Services Division.

SPOTLIGHT

In 2010, Agri-Services worked jointly with local FFA (Future Farmers of America) chapters in utilizing their greenhouses in a community effort to grow seedlings that can be transplanted to the farm units. The practice allowed Agri-Services to obtain plants at a lesser cost while strengthening our community relationships by giving the students a practical learning experience,



ASIAN-PACIFIC AMERICAN HERITAGE MONTH

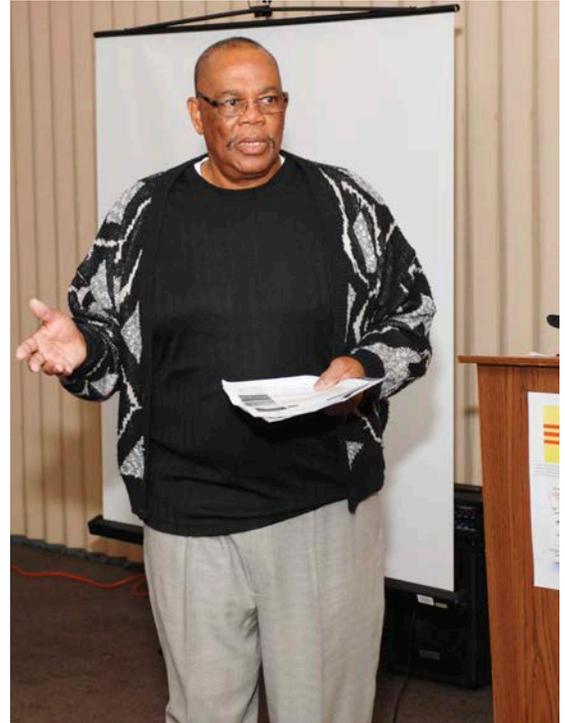
May 19, 2011 • Hillside Multipurpose Room • Oklahoma City, Oklahoma



Hue Tu, Bac-Sy Nguyen Le Hieu, M.D., Ph.D., Dept of Humanities
Petree College of Arts & Science
University of Oklahoma City



Kimberlee Tran and Daniel Vu
Information Technology



Robert Stevens, MSW, LADC, CEAP, Coordinator,
Employee Assistance Program, Office of Personnel
Management



Sharon Smith, Personnel, and Terry Goodall (presenter), Training and
Staff Development



Mercy Panicker and Meena Rastogi
Information Technology



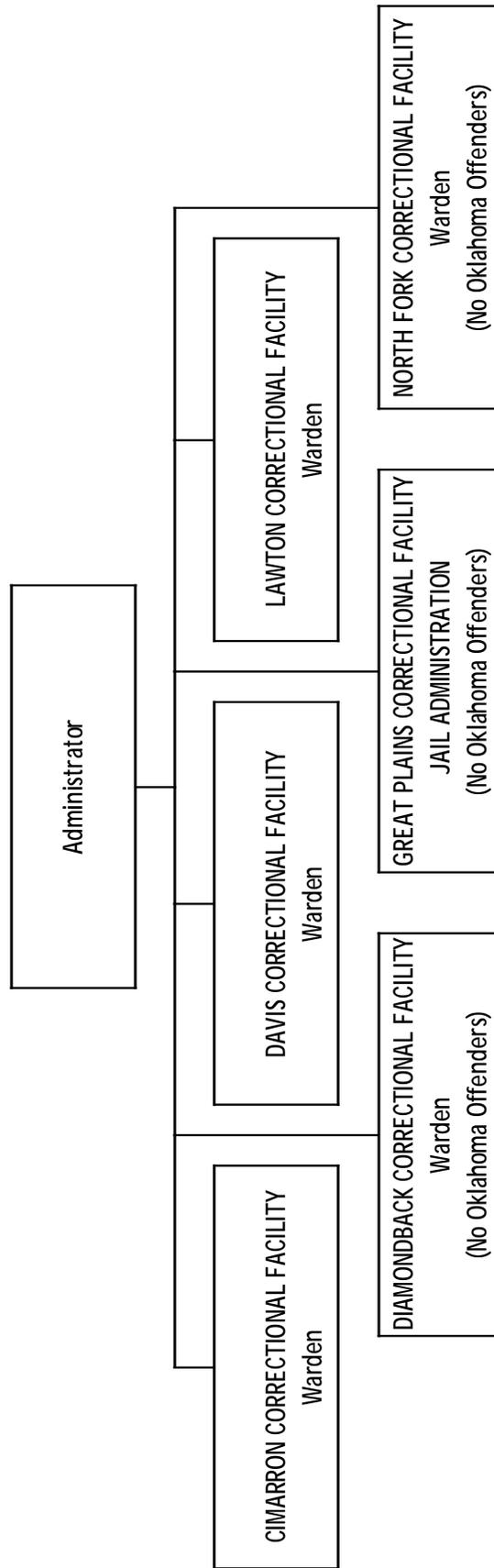
Larry Li, Penny Broomfield, and Flora Chen
Information Technology



Private Prison and Jail Administration

OKLAHOMA DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS
 PRIVATE PRISON & JAIL ADMINISTRATION

Organizational Chart



PRIVATE PRISONS WITH OKLAHOMA OFFENDERS



CIMARRON CORRECTIONAL FACILITY

Capacity: 660 General Population, 40 Restrictive Housing and 4 Medical.

Per Diem is \$46.31.

*Joseph Taylor, Warden
3200 S. Kings Highway
Cushing, OK 74023
Phone: 918-225-3336
Fax: 918-225-3363*



DAVIS CORRECTIONAL FACILITY

Capacity: 1,620 General Population (360 Maximum, and 1,260 Medium security) with 240 Therapeutic Community, 40 Restrictive Housing and 4 Medical.

Per Diem is \$60.95 for Maximum security. Per Diem is \$46.31 for Medium security.

*Robert Ezell, Warden
6888 East 133rd Road
Holdenville, OK 74848-9033
Phone: 405-379-6400
Fax: 405-379-6496*



LAWTON CORRECTIONAL FACILITY

Capacity: 2,526 (304 Protective Custody, 82 Restrictive Housing, and 13 Medical).

Per diem is \$39.65.

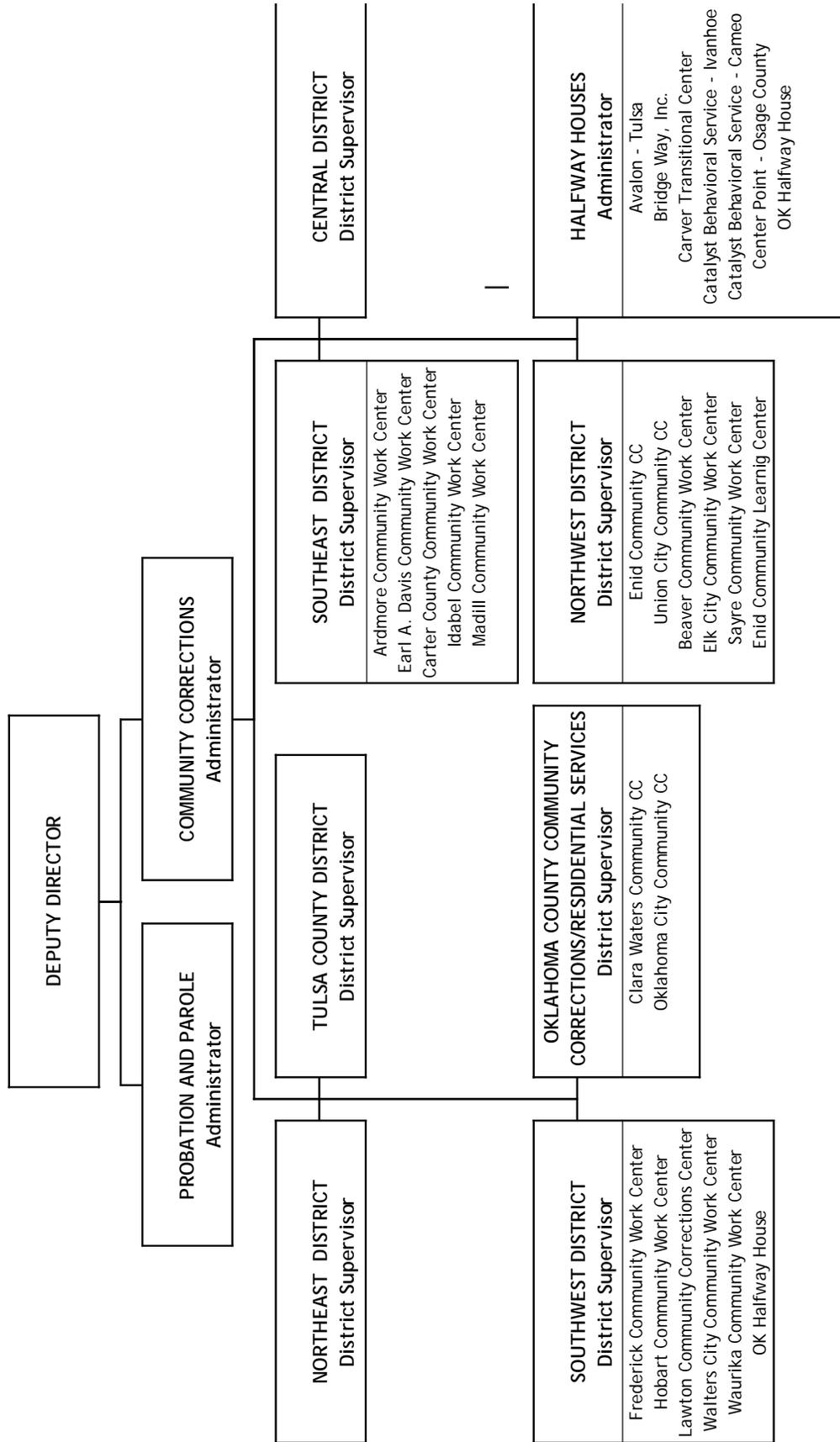
*David C. Miller, Warden
8607 SE Flower Mound Road
Lawton, OK 73501
Phone: 580-351-2778
Fax: 580-351-2641*



Community Corrections

OKLAHOMA DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS

Organizational Chart



Community Corrections



Deputy Director
Reginald Hines

The Division of Community Corrections has the responsibility of providing supervision of offenders assigned to the community level. The division is a multi-faceted, multi-functional, essential component of the Department of Corrections.

The most significant roles the division plays in meeting the mission of the Department of Corrections are the reduction in recidivism, number of probation revocations, alcohol and drug dependencies among offenders, and reduction in cost to the State.

Diversion is another important function of the Division of Community Corrections. This is accomplished through probation and parole and is an alternative to incarceration.

PROBATION AND PAROLE

Probation and Parole is the unit of the DOC responsible for the supervision of offenders sentenced by the court to suspended and deferred probationary sentences, offenders released from incarceration to parole, offenders released to Global Position Satellite Monitoring and Electronic Monitoring for DUI offenders, and offenders residing in Oklahoma who were sentenced in other states. The unit is responsible for investigations ordered by the courts, the Pardon and Parole Board or the Department. These investigations include, but are not limited to, pre-sentence, pre-parole, Interstate Compact, and pre-pardon.

The Division of Probation and Parole employs Evidence Based Practices

(EBP) in the supervision of offenders. EBP supervision is designed with theory, research, public policy, and practice; all supportive of each other, leading to measurable supervision outcomes. The long term goal of supervision is the reduction of offender risk through enhancing offender's intrinsic motivation for pro-social change. EBP focuses limited resources on those offenders with moderate to high criminogenic risk factors. Criminogenic risk factors are matched with intervention programs to reduce the likelihood of future law violating behavior. EBP emphasizes outcomes over process.

100 HOUR TRANSITION PROGRAM

“The price of volunteering is more than physical effort, more than an addition

to your busy schedule, more than the gas put in your car. It calls upon a person to not only put everything aside to help another but calls upon that person to do so without the expectation of any reward.” This statement by Representative Tommy Hardin, Representative Ownby, and Senator Simpson, reflect the value, worth, and character of the volunteers coordinating the services to offenders in the Division's Transition Program.

The congressional leadership congratulated the 24 Transition Program volunteers at the Ardmore Community Work Center under the guidance of Lora Roper, Case Manager. Ms. Roper's incorporation of ‘Coping With the Challenge,’ a unique reentry workshop, bridges brokenness between family and



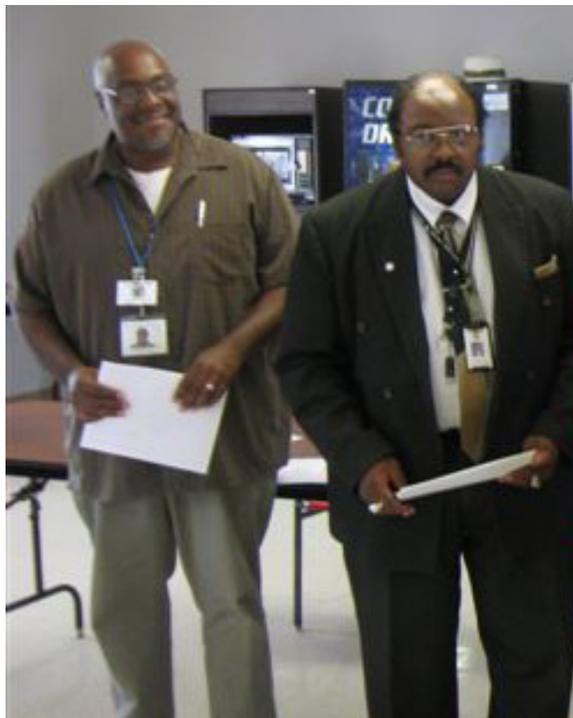
Ardmore CWC 100 Hour Transition Program graduates (back row, L-R) James Croxter, Kyle Gifford, Michael Nickell, William Huckabee, Charles Todd, Jackie Williamson, (front row, L-R) Dave Wilson, Timothy Guest, Melvin Stuckey, Ronnie Byrd, Kevin Love, Daren McCollum, and Dana Carter, Chickasaw Nation.



Faye Tucker, Transition Program Coordinator, OKCCC/CWCCC, and Senator Constance Johnson.



Reverend B.E. Sanders
Glory Bound Ministries



Gerald Scott, OK County CCC 100 Hour Program Volunteer Instructor, and Leroy Young, District Supervisor, Oklahoma County CC/RS.



Gary Flynn
Career Tech & OK County CCC
100 Hour Program Instructor

offenders. Overwhelming attendance by family members to the graduation ceremony is evidence of restored relationships.

Faye Tucker, Program Coordinator for the Transition Program at the Oklahoma

CCC/Clara Waters CC is a magnet to attract testimonials from program graduates of pro social change in behavior. These graduates maintain employment beyond the one year expectation and become guest speakers to share their

success stories, particularly at a corrections staff meeting. Ms. Tucker built the delivery of services with faith based support, career professionals, and a former DOC employee.

The Transition Program at the Enid

CCC is a cooperative staff effort. Program participation by the Chief of Security and the Assistant District Supervisor with Transition Coordinator, Mitzi Maddox is a spotlight on teamwork. With over 18 volunteers, to include a Board of Corrections member, Ms Maddox network partnerships in the local community, such as the Enid Citizen Advisory Council, to secure additional resources to enhance the program services.

Progressive action by Transition Coordinator Ruth Littlejohn has 35% of program offenders working before graduation. Evening classes and Saturday outings are hallmarks for this program. Ms. Littlejohn dedicates her work at the Union City CCC through the lens of Director Justin Jones, “our job is not just enforcing rules, but redirecting behavior, reentry is our profession”.

Employment and housing are key results for the program at the Lawton CCC. Rhonda Williams, Transition Program Coordinator, ensures guaranteed employment for each graduate upon program completion and secure housing as the need arise. Ms. Williams, a DOC volunteer, works with real estate agents and tribal case managers to secure additional resources to enhance successful reentry.

A continuum of care is done by Ms. Williams in a mentorship program beyond DOC custody.

The past year performance to date by Faye Tucker and Rhonda Williams merits recognition from the Division of Community Corrections for their commitment to the reentry mission; i.e., Faye Tucker - Employee of the Year,

and Rhonda Williams - Volunteer of the Year.

The Division of Community Corrections salutes the exemplary performance of all Transition Program Coordinators for a rewarding year of offender program management.

**GLOBAL SATELLITE
POSITIONING PROGRAM (GPS)
*Developing New Technology
to Monitor Offenders***

The Oklahoma Department of Corrections (ODOC) and the Center for Spatial Analysis (OUCSA) at the University of Oklahoma are working in partnership with the National Institute of Justice (NIJ) to develop and evaluate the effectiveness of the ODOC’s Global Positioning Satellite offender monitoring program.

The goal of this research project is to develop web-based geospatial tools designed to improve the ability of probation and parole officers to use space-time track analysis to monitor ODOC GPS offenders in the community. At the conclusion of the project, web-based geospatial tools will be developed that improve the ODOC’s ability to assess eligibility for the GPS program and analyze GPS tracks generated by any vendor’s offender monitoring system, identify irregular space-time tracks that characterize offender behaviors, disseminate information through a statewide web-based GPS track analysis application and expand case management capabilities of officers who supervise offenders using this technology. The tool must be user friendly, resourceful and help officers make better supervision decisions.

At the onset of this project, OUCSA researchers conducted an analysis of our GPS program, vendor equipment and software to establish user needs. Probation officers participated in a survey developed by OUCSA to ascertain the impact tracking offenders has on managing caseloads and decision making.

OUCSA researchers were also able to job shadow officers and observe how GPS tracking data is utilized. Officers were encouraged to create a “wish list” of possibilities for improvements to the GPS tracking software. They were given the opportunity to discuss the challenges inherent with technology and offender management. Statewide focus groups were convened, which provided the researchers with valuable insights to the challenges officers face when interpreting GPS tracking points.

Monitoring offenders using GPS tracking devices generate points which are displayed utilizing the vendor’s software program. The tracking points reveal location and movement patterns of offenders. Officers set curfew schedules, exclusion and inclusion zones as they manage offenders. Those offenders who fail to follow an established itinerary generate alerts. Officers are required to review alerts daily and if applicable address these alerts in a timely manner. Reviewing alerts and tracking points for abnormal travel or location patterns is very time consuming.

When offenders are monitored, their tracking points display patterns of movement and relationships. Automatically analyzing and processing those patterns and relationships into a software application can help officers

attempt to understand why offenders make certain travel pattern choices and how those choices could be related to reoffending.

As this project evolves, a need for data sharing with local law enforcement agencies has been identified. Specifically, crime incident data and 911 service calls from cooperating law enforcement agencies are needed to cross reference crime “hot spots” with GPS offender tracking points. Crime “hot spots” are commonly referred to as high crime areas and corresponding criminal behavior and victimization. The automation of a statewide hot spotting tool and its resulting investigative utility can only occur with the exchange of valuable intelligence information with law enforcement agencies throughout our state. Although data sharing and cooperation between corrections and

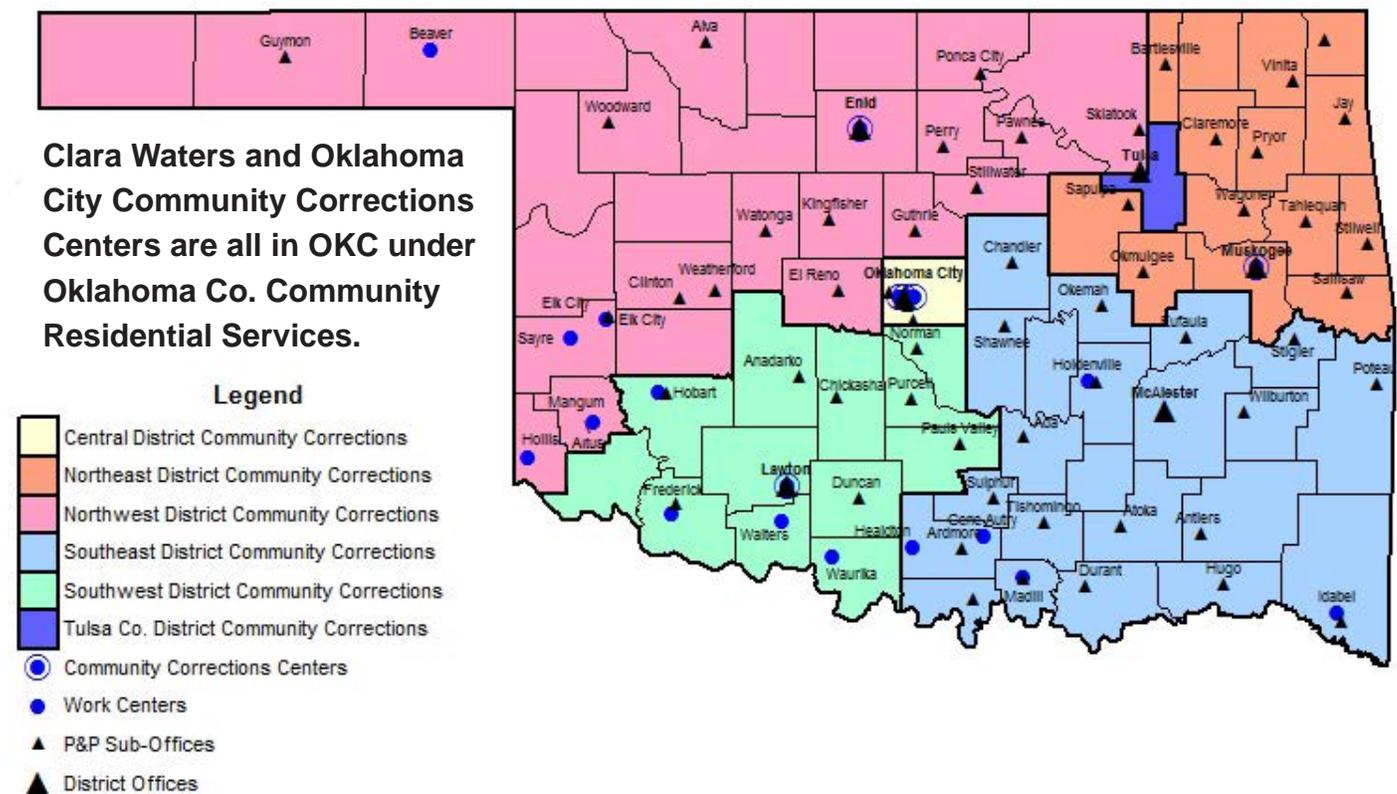
law enforcement officials remains a challenge, this collaborative NIJ project provides an excellent opportunity to facilitate this type of exchange of data in a manner that is mutually beneficial for all agencies involved.

The linkage of offenders GPS data and crime incidence data will allow our probation officers to set limits to an identified “hot spot,” which can assist with deterring future criminal activity. Travel patterns of offenders display patterns and relationships that can be analyzed and processed. Aggregate travel patterns from multiple offenders could alert officers to not only risky behaviors on their caseload but provide access and correlations to information from the caseload of an officer in another county.

A web-based interface will be developed that provides basic hot spot crime

mapping for participating agencies. This utility can offer assistance to local law enforcement efforts to either eliminate or identify individuals under ODOC authority as possible suspects in current investigations. Law enforcement access to GPS tracking points will also allow comparison of information from reported crime scenes with the ODOC tracking reports of GPS monitored offenders.

Our agency’s participation in the development and creation of an automated analysis tool that can identify patterns of behavior not conducive to successful reentry has national implications in the field of offender location-based software programs. ODOC is honored to have been chosen to participate in this project given the potential impact the tool will have on public safety and recidivism.



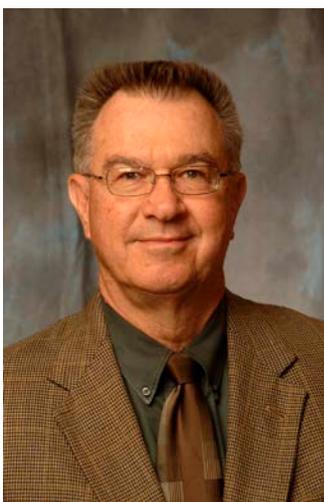
Community Corrections District Supervisors



Karen White
Central District CC



Michael Dunkle
Southeast District CC



Rick Parish
Tulsa County District CC



Leroy Young
Oklahoma County CC/RS



Mike Carr
Northwest District CC



Teresa McCoin
Northeast District CC



Brian Thornburgh
Southwest District CC



Clara Waters Community Corrections Center Oklahoma City, Oklahoma

Opened: 2008

Capacity: 292

Gender: Male

Security: Minimum

Community

The Clara Waters Community Corrections Center (originally known as the Clara Waters Community Treatment Center) is located on I-35 in northeast Oklahoma City. The center was opened in March, 1978, as an all female facility and later changed to co-ed in September, 1983. The facility remained co-ed until 1992, when, during a single day, the females at the center were transported to the KBCTC, an all male facility, and the males at the KBCTC were transported to the CWCTC which became an all male facility, with KBCTC becoming all female. On May 9, 2003, the facility was severely damaged by a tornado, forcing relocation of the offender population.

PROGRAMS

The Clara Waters Community Corrections Center functions as a multi-faceted facility with components to address the need for additional community security beds, work release, and substance abuse treatment programs, prisoners of public work program crews to assist local communities, Life Skills and Re-Entry Transition services.

Education

Education is a priority in meeting offender needs. The ability to read, comprehend, and complete mathematical calculations is requisite to success in the other programs the offender may be required to complete, and society in general. The completion of GED will prepare the offender to meet prospective employers upon release. CWCCC will facilitate educational programs to address needs from literacy through the completion of the GED.

Cognitive Behavior

In an effort to decrease recidivism, the Department of Corrections seeks to address the thoughts, attitude and beliefs that precipitate criminal behavior. CWCCC offers the “Thinking for a Change” cognitive behavioral program, utilizing trained staff to address this need.

Seeking Safety Program

The Seeking Safety Program is an Evidence Based Model for Substance Abuse and Trauma/PTSD program which is offered to the offender population. Students learn the relationship between HIV/STD and chemical dependency, the misuse

and abuse of legal and illegal drugs, history of drug abuse in America and how prescription and non-prescription drugs alter the function of the mind and body.

Work Release Program

Offenders with less than 1,095 days left to serve become eligible for work release. Offenders assigned to this program are offered the opportunity to work in the community. When assigned they become responsible for paying court cost, child support payments, program support fees which helps to offset the cost of the offenders incarceration.

Transitional Program

The Transitional Program is a 100 hour program that target offenders that are within 60 days of work release eligibility and those within 60 days of discharge, if not eligible for work release. The specified goals for the program are as follows:

- Provide offenders with the tools necessary to obtain and maintain steady and meaningful employment.
- Provide offenders with the desire and ability to establish or re-establish strong, nurturing relationships.
- Improve offender confidence in their ability to cope with daily life challenges.
- Develop mentoring relationships with ex-offenders who completed the program and are successful upon their release.



Offenders working in the garden center located at Clara Waters Community Corrections Center in Oklahoma City.



Enid Community Corrections Center

Enid, Oklahoma

Opened: 1974

Capacity: 99

Gender: Male

Security: Minimum

Community

The Enid Community Corrections Center, located in Enid, Oklahoma, opened in 1974 as a treatment center. The facility, formerly a motel, consists of five large buildings and two smaller storage/laundry buildings. Three of the buildings face Maine Street and contain offender housing, staff offices, visiting, and recreation rooms. The fourth building contains the administration offices upstairs and the kitchen/dining areas downstairs. The fifth building is our Maintenance building and faces Broadway Street.

PROGRAMS

Prisoner Public Works Programs (PPWP)

Many offenders are also assigned to one of various PPWP crews or community service organizations. Included among these are the City of Enid, Northern Oklahoma College, Department of Transportation and the Northern Oklahoma Resource Center. The facility also has offenders working in the community on work release status.

Thinking For A Change (TFC)

The objective of TFC is to reduce criminal thinking and behavior and

promote pro-social thinking and behavior. The curriculum consists of twenty-two units on reducing criminal ways of thinking and behaving and practicing positive behavior. All offenders will have the opportunity to attend and participate in Thinking for a Change. ECCC has two TFC facilitators.

Career Tech Welding Program

Offenders are currently participating in the Career Tech Welding Certification Program. The program is a joint venture between Enid CCC, Career Tech and Autry Vo-

Tech in Enid. The school is situated east of the city on the grounds of the Woodring Municipal Airport. Offenders are placed at Pelniqic Tank to do on-the-job training. Those who successfully complete the program will receive their welding certification and assistance with job placement in a competitive field. Multiple graduates from the program are currently living in the community and are employed as welders.



Lawton Community Corrections Center

Lawton, Oklahoma

Opened: 1973
Capacity: 158
Gender: Male
Security: Minimum
Community

The Lawton Community Corrections Center (LCCC) is a community corrections center of the Southwest District Community Corrections. The center opened in April 1973 and is located in the southwestern portion of Lawton, Oklahoma, and is a male only facility.

The LCCC, like the agency's other community corrections centers, opened as the agency was attempting to create a much smoother transition for the inmates from being incarcerated one day and being back in the community that same night. Statistical data supported the presumption that offenders who were released with meaningful employment, adequate transportation, a home, and pro-social associates were less likely to re-offend as opposed to those who did not. The facility was established with the goal of providing the inmates with a steady gradual re-entry process to address those issues that would carry over to release/discharge.

PROGRAMS

RSAT (Regimented Substance Abuse Treatment)

This program is designed for a minimum of six months and maximum of one year in length and accommodates approximately twenty offenders in a separate wing of the facility. A cognitive behavioral approach to substance abuse is the core curriculum for this program.

Relapse prevention, reintegration and vocational skill development are also key components. The program provides substance abuse treatment for offenders who have been identified with the need for intervention while they are at the community-security level. Upon completion of the RSAT Program eligible offenders are transferred to facilities where they

can continue their treatment per the individual aftercare plans.

TFAC (Thinking For A Change)

The program integrates cognitive approaches for changing behavior by restructuring offender thinking (e.g., antisocial attitudes, values, or beliefs) and teaching pro-social cognitive skills (e.g., effective problem solving and the ability to consider consequences).

Two groups of no more than twelve participants are usually available, with one group consisting of RSAT offenders and the other group for general population. Classes normally meet twice a week for approximately 1.5 hours per session.

GED (General Equivalency Diploma)

Offenders without a high school diploma are required to participate in the GED Program. Each participant is assessed via the TABE Test then assigned a beginning position based on the TABE result. Offenders who cannot read or who are deemed inappropriate for GED classes will be placed at an ABE starting position. The focus for the ABE participants is literacy/improving their reading and reading comprehension skills. Classes coincide with the Lawton Public School's calendar. Classes meet twice per week for approximately 3



hours per session. Participants work at the teacher's schedule with success dependent upon the participant's progress. The goal of the program is for the participants to obtain their GED.

CAREER TECH

The LCCC Career Tech Fleet Maintenance Program provides classroom instruction and hands on experience to participants in the area of preventative and service maintenance to fleet vehicles. Participants who complete the program receive a certificate of completion in the area of fleet maintenance. There are twelve slots for general population offenders. This program is designed to be completed in eight to twelve months. Upon program completion, the offender must not have less than 720 days and no more than 1815 if halfway house eligible. Instructors also assist offenders in attaining and maintaining employment.

Additional Programs

- Work Release (45 slots)
- Transition Program

The LCCC Career Tech Fleet Maintenance Program provides classroom instruction and hands on experience to participants in the area of preventative and service maintenance to fleet vehicles.





Oklahoma City Community Corrections Center

Oklahoma City, Oklahoma

Opened: 1971
Capacity: 228
Gender: Male
Security: Minimum/
Community

The Thunderbird Motel (T-Bird) was leased by the Department of Corrections in 1970 and was originally used for administrative offices. The Oklahoma City Community Corrections Center was opened for offenders in 1971 and was the first “Community Treatment Center” in the state of Oklahoma. The Thunderbird Motel was also the first correctional property ever purchased by the state of Oklahoma, under a lease/purchase agreement. The center was an all male facility until 2000 when the males were transferred to other community corrections centers and the facility became the Mabel Bassett Minimum Unit, an all-female unit. In 2003, the Mabel Bassett Correctional Center, including

the minimum unit, was transferred to McLoud, Oklahoma and Oklahoma City Community Corrections Center was vacant for approximately two months. On May 9, 2003 the Clara Waters Community Corrections Center was severely damaged by a tornado and the Oklahoma City Community Corrections Center was reopened earlier than expected to house the displaced male offenders.

PROGRAMS

Substance Abuse

Substance abuse treatment is provided for offenders through COPE, Inc. This is a 16 week program and upon successful completion the offender has access to relapse prevention and aftercare upon discharge. The goal of this program is to provide the offender with the tools necessary to

address addictive and self-defeating behavior.

Prisoner Public Works Program

The Oklahoma City Community Corrections Center provides offenders for the Prisoner Public Works Program. This program provides offenders for other state agencies to as-

sist with labor, maintenance or office orderlies.

Work Release Program

Oklahoma City Community Corrections Center has 40 beds reserved for offenders participating in the work release program who have no more than 1,095 days left

to serve and meet the other work release criteria. Once employed the offender becomes responsible for repaying court costs, child support, fines and program support fees which helps offset the cost of the offender's incarceration.

Second Chance Act

The Oklahoma City Community Corrections Center Second Chance project is a community based transition facility purposed to reduce recidivism and improve

public safety. The target population are moderate/high risk/high need, adult male offenders who would not typically have an opportunity to reentry services in a community based facility. The transition focuses on addressing unmet needs of the offenders utilizing onsite treatment and educational services as well as local social services agency, vocational and educational services, volunteers, faith and community organizations, natural supports and family members in the central Oklahoma area.

Other Programs Available:

100 Hour Transition, Adult Basic Education, Alcoholics Anonymous, Career Tech, CASA(Christians Against Substance Abuse), Cosmetology College, Fatherhood Program(provided by COPE, Inc.), General Education Diploma (high school equivalency), Guiding Right, Literacy, Living Longer/Living Stronger(self efficacy/self advocacy health), and Peer Led STD/HIV.



Substance abuse treatment is provided for offenders through COPE, Inc. This is a 16 week program and upon successful completion the offender has access to relapse prevention and aftercare upon discharge. The goal of this program is to provide the offender with the tools necessary to address addictive and self-defeating behavior.



Union City Community Corrections Center

Union City, Oklahoma

Opened: 2005
Capacity: 228
Gender: Male
Security: Minimum/
Community

Union City was originally built for Avalon Corporation in 1999, as a high-security juvenile facility. The structure, approximately 45,270 square feet on 20 acres, was purchased by the Oklahoma Department of Corrections in July 2006. It was determined that the facility was best suited to house community level offenders. The facility officially opened March 24, 2005, as the Union City Community Corrections Center with a capacity of 228 offenders. The majority of the offenders are assigned to work for surrounding city, county, or state agencies under provisions of the Prisoner Public Works Program.

PROGRAMS

Thinking for a Change **A cognitive behavioral theory model**

Cognitive restructuring concepts require a systematic approach to identifying thinking, feeling, beliefs, attitudes, values and targets critical social skills

Substance Abuse Treatment

A program designed to assist the offender with relapse prevention and substance abuse issues

Alcoholics Anonymous

A 12-step, self-help group for addressing alcohol addiction

Narcotic Anonymous

A 12-step, self-help group for offenders with drug addiction problems

GED/ABE

Assists offenders in reaching a level of competency to achieve a high school diploma equivalency

Keys to Successful Life Choices

A program designed for individuals and families with limited resources

and low educational attainment who desire basic information about managing money and other resources

Additional Classes

- Fatherhood
- Law Library Accessibility
- Life Skills
- Arts and Crafts
- Overcomers Outreach

Individualized treatment and program needs are determined by the offender's case plan

BILL JOHNSON CORRECTIONAL CENTER CHAPEL DEDICATION

April 22, 2011 • Alva, Oklahoma



Left to Right: Richard Ryerson, Judge Dean Linder and wife, Wylodean, Teresa Sutter, Ed Sutter, and Fred Neuman



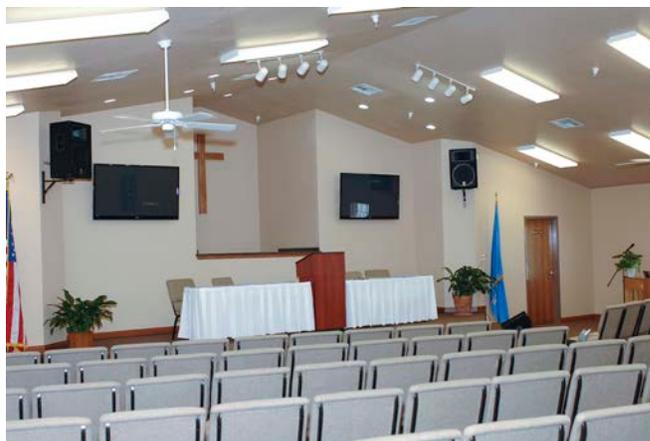
Chapel Coalition Committee Members: (Front Row L-R) Freelin Roberts, Judge Dean Linder, Dr. Janet Cunningham, Terry Martindale, Kyle Hughbanks, (back Row L-R) Kirk Washburn, Ed Sutter, Stan Kline, Richard Ryerson



Left to Right: David Henneke, member, Board of Corrections, and Bobby Boone, Deputy Director, Institutions.



Ribbon Cutting Ceremony



Above: An outside view (left) and an inside view (right) of the newly constructed chapel at Bill Johnson Correctional Center.



Community Work Centers

Community Work Centers



Altus Community Work Center

Opened: 1993 Gender: Female
Capacity: 68 Security: Community

LOCATION:
 308 W. Broadway
 Altus OK 73521



Ardmore Community Work Center

Opened: 1990 Gender: Male
Capacity: 98 Security: Community

LOCATION:
 Ardmore Industrial Airpark
 316 Grumman
 Ardmore, OK 73401-0100



Beaver Community Work Center

Opened: 1992 Gender: Male
Capacity: 44 Security: Community

LOCATION:
 215 Avenue E
 Beaver, OK 73932-1210



Earl Davis Community Work Center

Opened: 1993 Gender: Male
Capacity: 84 Security: Community

LOCATION:
 Route 4, Box 36B
 3297 N. 369 Road
 Holdenville, OK 74848

The Beaver Community Work Center was established in February, 1993 with nine (9) offenders. The center is located above the Beaver County Sheriff's Office in a two story rock building that was built in 1936. This center is the smallest community work center in the system, with a current capacity of 44 male offenders.

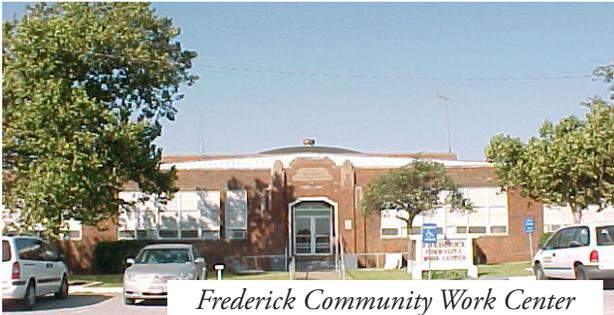


Elk City Community Work Center

Opened: 1993 Gender: Male
Capacity: 90 Security: Community

LOCATION:
 1309 Airport Industrial Road
 Elk City, OK 73644-1142

Community Work Centers



Frederick Community Work Center

Opened: 1991 Gender: Male
Capacity: 108 Security: Community

LOCATION:
 18205 County Rd. NS 215
 Frederick, OK 73542-9614



Healdton Community Work Center

Opened: 1990 Gender: Male
Capacity: 55 Security: Community

LOCATION:
 110 N. 4th Street
 Healdton, OK 73438-1612



Hobart Community Work Center

Opened: 1993 Gender: Male
Capacity: 84 Security: Community

LOCATION:
 311 South Washington
 Hobart, OK 73651-4023



Hollis Community Work Center

Opened: 1991 Gender: Male
Capacity: 48 Security: Community

LOCATION:
 106 West Jones
 Hollis, OK 73550-0171



Idabel Community Work Center

Opened: 1990 Gender: Male
Capacity: 82 Security: Community

LOCATION:
 1800 W. Martin Luther King St.
 Idabel, OK 74745-4000

The Hollis Community Work Center was opened in December, 1990. The center became the first female work center in the state in April, 1995 with a count of forty (40) female offenders. In February, 2000, the facility was changed back to a male facility with the females being moved to Altus.

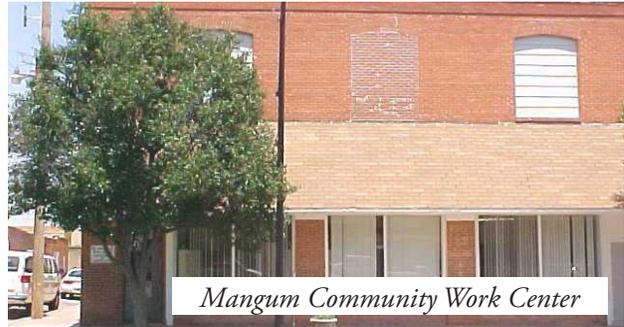
Community Work Centers



Madill Community Work Center

Opened: 2009 Gender: Male
Capacity: 97 Security: Community

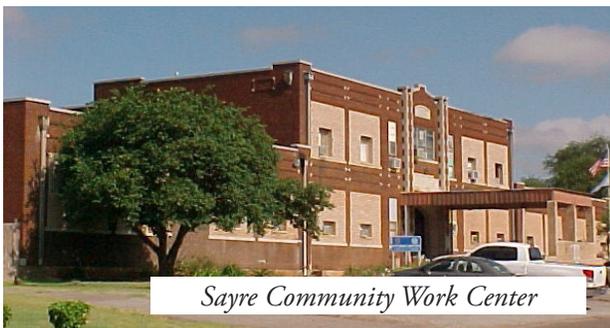
LOCATION:
 210 S. 11th Street
 Madill, OK 73446



Mangum Community Work Center

Opened: 1990 Gender: Male
Capacity: 47 Security: Community

LOCATION:
 119 East Jefferson
 Mangum, OK 73554-4242



Sayre Community Work Center

Opened: 1990 Gender: Male
Capacity: 60 Security: Community

LOCATION:
 1107 North Broadway
 Sayre, OK 73662-0424



Walters Community Work Center

Opened: 1993 Gender: Male
Capacity: 81 Security: Community

LOCATION:
 602 SW Highland Avenue
 Walters, OK 73572-9602



Waurika Community Work Center

Opened: 1989 Gender: Male
Capacity: 53 Security: Community

LOCATION:
 107 West Anderson
 Waurika, OK 73573-3096

The Waurika Community Work Center was opened in November, 1989. The center is an all-male facility with a housing capacity of fifty-seven (57). This facility was the first community work center to be established in the state of Oklahoma.



Namesakes



**CHARLES E.
“BILL” JOHNSON**

Charles E. “Bill” Johnson was a catalyst in the pursuit of the correctional center designed to impact drug offenders. When he learned about the possibility of such a program being placed in a community in Oklahoma, Mr. Johnson recruited his friends and business associates to help in the pursuit of making the facility a reality. Unfortunately, Mr. Johnson died on February 18, 1995, at the age of 66, and was unable to see the completion of the facility he had worked so hard and faithfully to bring to his hometown of Alva, Oklahoma.

R. B. “Dick” Conner started in law enforcement as the Sheriff of Osage County in 1932. He was later appointed warden at Oklahoma State Penitentiary in August 1943 by Governor Robert S. Kerr. He retired



**R.B. “DICK”
CONNER**

after four years and returned to work as a sheriff’s deputy in Tulsa County. Conner died in 1955 at the age of 63 after almost 30 years of service in corrections and law enforcement. Dick Conner Correctional Center is a medium security facility located in Hominy, Oklahoma. It opened in 1979.

Clara Waters was the wife of Dr. George Waters, who was the warden of the Oklahoma State Reformatory in Granite from 1920-1926. She had been actively involved in her husband’s work, so much so that one year after his death she was named warden of the reformatory. This appointment made Clara Waters the first female warden in the United States to head a state prison. She also is reported to be the first female



**CLARA
WATERS**

to head an all male prison. While serving as warden, she developed the educational and vocational training opportunities provided to the young offenders convicted of felonies and began the first in-house educational program at the reformatory. This program eventually evolved into the Lakeside School, the first fully accredited behind-the walls high school in the United States. Other accomplishments included a classification program to segregate the younger offenders from the older inmates. In addition, she initiated a 24-hour day medical access program at the reformatory, which later became a required standard at all correctional facilities.



**EDDIE
WARRIOR**

Eddie Warrior was appointed business manager for the Deaf, Blind, and Orphan Institute by Governor Roy Turner. Warrior was later promoted to principal and subsequently to superintendent of the Taft School System in 1961. The E. W. Warrior Junior High School was dedicated in his honor in 1979. He retired in February, 1979, after 18 years of service. He died in June, 1979.

Howard C. McLeod started in corrections at the Oklahoma State Re-



**HOWARD C.
MCLEOD**

formatory in Granite, Oklahoma. He later served as chief sergeant and assistant deputy at the Oklahoma State Penitentiary from 1940 to 1955. He was appointed warden at the Oklahoma State Penitentiary and served in that capacity from 1955 to 1959. McLeod's concern for meaningful labor for offenders led to the purchase of an "Honor Farm" outside Farris, Oklahoma, in Atoka county. That farm, known as the McLeod Honor Farm, later became the Howard C. McLeod Correctional Center. McLeod died in 1959 at the age of 63.



**JACKIE
BRANNON**

Jackie Brannon started in corrections in 1961 as a correctional officer at the Oklahoma State Penitentiary. His career progressed to be named Deputy Associate Warden of the Oklahoma State Penitentiary Trustee Unit. He died in 1984. Jackie Brannon Correctional Center is a minimum security facility located in McAlester. It opened in 1985 as a separate institution from Oklahoma State Penitentiary.

1978

The Clara Waters Community Corrections Center was opened as an all female facility and later changed to co-ed in September, 1983 and remained co-ed until 1992. On May 9, 2003, the facility was severely damaged by a tornado, forcing relocation of the population. The facility was reopened in 2008.



**JAMES
CRABTREE**

James Crabtree started in corrections at the Oklahoma State Penitentiary as an officer. His career was temporarily interrupted by the Korean War in 1950. He returned to corrections in 1952 at the Oklahoma State Penitentiary. In July 1973, Crabtree was appointed Associate Warden of the Ouachita Vocational Training Camp. He was named Warden of the Ouachita Correctional Center in 1978, a position he held until he retired in 1981.



**JESS
DUNN**

Jess Dunn served as warden of the Oklahoma State Penitentiary from 1938 to 1941. Dunn was killed in a shoot out that resulted from an offender escape attempt on August 10, 1941. Jess Dunn Correctional Center is a minimum security facility located in Taft, Oklahoma. It opened in 1980. Former Oklahoma State Senator, *Jim Hamilton*, served in the Senate from 1967 until 1976. In 1984,



**JIM E.
HAMILTON**

after an eight year absence from the legislature, he was elected to the State House of Representatives where he served until 1998.

The Ouachita Correctional Center was officially changed to the Jim E. Hamilton Correctional Center, in honor of Senator Hamilton on December 10, 1998.

Highlights

1977 - Female correctional officers were employed and allowed to work in male institutions.

2003 - Oklahoma becomes the first correctional system in the nation to place offender records on the internet.



JOHN LILLEY

John H. Lilley, for whom the facility is named, was appointed superintendent of the facility at its inception. He remained as superintendent until his death in 1933. Lilley, himself called the “Orphan Boy,” was known to love the kids he served. He died at his residence on the Training School campus as a result of declining health following an auto accident. State Commissioner of Charities and Corrections at that time was Mabel Bassett, and she delivered a eulogy at John Lilley’s funeral. Permission was granted by the Governor and the State Board of Public Affairs for John Lilley to be buried upon institutional grounds and a monument presently stands at the entrance of the facility marking John Lilley’s gravesite.

Joseph Harp served as warden at the Oklahoma State Reformatory from



JOSEPH HARP

1949 until 1969. Warden Joseph Harp was clearly an innovative leader and professional in the field of corrections. Under Warden Harp, Oklahoma State Reformatory was the first institution to establish a fully accredited academic High School behind prison walls. Warden Harp recognized that one of the greatest needs of many inmates was a high school education.

As early as 1950, Warden Harp proposed in a legislative report the need for: A Department of Corrections; a merit system of employment; a statewide probation system staffed with competent officers who would make pre-sentence investigations; a reception center for all felons coming into the prison system; and a full time pardon and parole board.

Kate Barnard was a key figure in the history of the Oklahoma



KATE BARNARD

Department of Corrections. She was elected the first Commissioner of the Department of Charities and Corrections during a time that women were not allowed to vote in Oklahoma. Ms. Barnard, concerned about numerous complaints regarding the treatment of Oklahoma offenders, made an unannounced visit to Lansing, Kansas. Upon her return to Oklahoma, Ms. Barnard set out to terminate the contract for prison services with the state of Kansas and started an effort to build the first Oklahoma prison. From the time of her election in 1907 until the end of her two terms of office in 1915, Ms. Barnard got 30 statutory laws passed through the Oklahoma Legislature, a record that few legislators could boast about or compete with even today.



**MABEL
BASSETT**

Mabel Bassett served as the third Commissioner of Charities and Corrections. During her tenure, Ms. Bassett worked to establish and maintain standards for juvenile and adult correctional facilities, and also the state's mental institutions. She was responsible for establishing the State Pardon and Parole Board in 1944 in an effort to create a more equitable system for offenders to be reviewed for a pardon, leave, or parole. She was also involved in building the facility that once housed women at the Oklahoma State Penitentiary with funds raised through legislative appropriation. Among her other accomplishments, Ms. Bassett fought for the statute, enacted by the Eighth Oklahoma Legislature, making wife and child desertion a felony. She was also responsible for the Industrial School for Negro Boys at Boley, Oklahoma,



**MACK
ALFORD**

which is known today as the John Lilley Correctional Center. The Club Women of Oklahoma recognized her by appointing her to the State Federation of Women's Clubs. For her outstanding services for the betterment of mankind, she was inducted into Oklahoma's "Hall of Fame" by the Oklahoma Memorial Association on Statehood Day (November 16) in 1937.

Mack Alford was appointed warden of the Stringtown Correctional Center in September 1973. His career in corrections started in 1955 as an officer at the Boys Training School in Stringtown, Oklahoma. After several promotions, he moved to Helena, Oklahoma, to work at the Helena Boys Training School and from there to the Oklahoma State Penitentiary in McAlester. Mack Alford served



**WILLIAM
S. KEY**

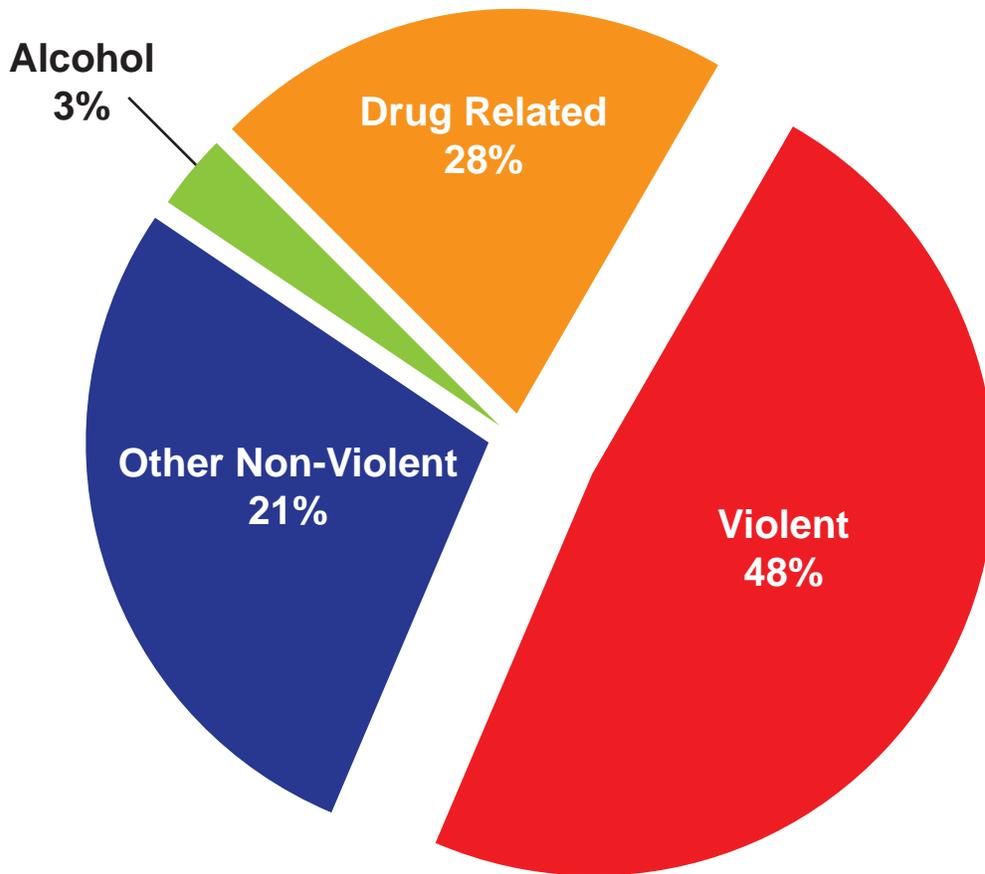
as warden of the Stringtown Correctional Center until his death in March, 1986.

General *William S. Key* served as warden of Oklahoma State Penitentiary on two different occasions. He was president of the U.S. Wardens Association and also served as chairman of the Oklahoma Pardon and Parole Board from 1928 to 1932. Key was best known for his military activities, serving as commander of the 45th Division in 1940, commanding general of the U.S. Forces in Iceland from June 1943, until December 1944, and commanding general of the U.S. Forces in Hungary from January 1945, to August 1946.

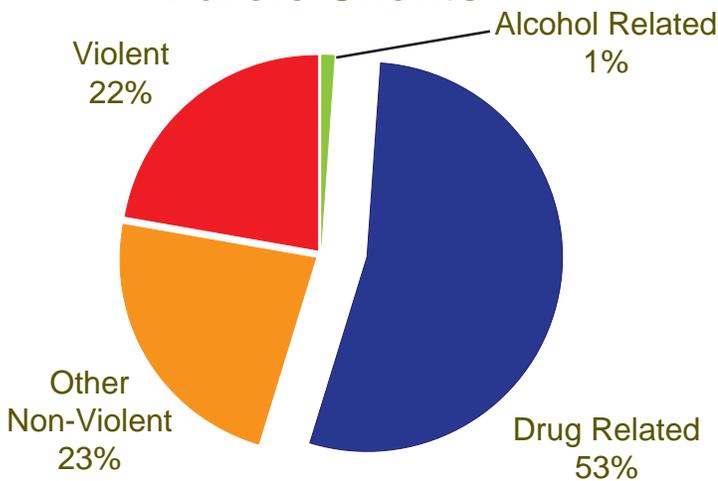


Charts and Statistics

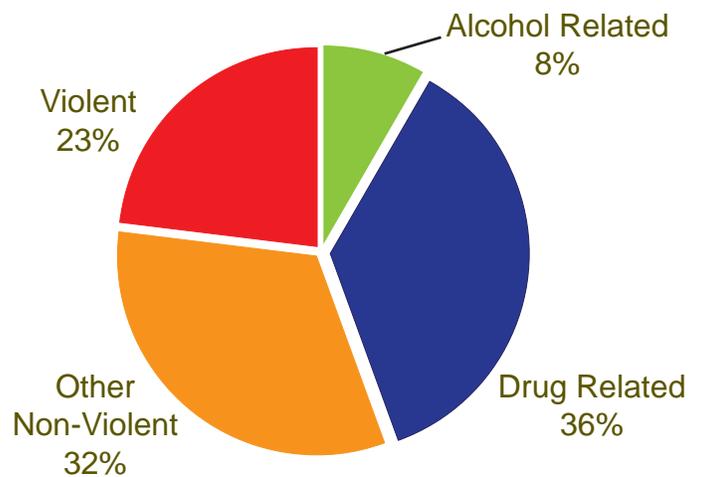
Crime Type of Incarcerated Offenders



Crime Type of Parole Clients



Crime Type of Probation Clients



Population

as of December 30, 2011

Maximum Security	Count
Lexington A and R	442
Mabel Bassett A and R	87
Oklahoma State Penitentiary	945
Mabel Bassett Death Row	1
Total Count	1,475
Capacity	1,628

Medium Security	Count
Dick Conner CC	953
James Crabtree CC	801
Joseph Harp CC	1,358
Lexington CC	754
Mabel Bassett CC	777
Mack Alford CC	533
Oklahoma State Reformatory	791
Total Count	5,967
Capacity	6,005

Minimum Security	Count
Charles E. "Bill Johnson CC	575
Dick Conner CC	226
Eddie Warrior CC	667
Howard McLeod CC	608
Jackie Brannon CC	731
James Crabtree CC	196
Jess Dunn CC	971
Jim E. Hamilton CC	695
John Lilley CC	825
Lexington CC	261
Mabel Bassett CC	249
Mack Alford CC	261
Northeast Oklahoma CC	450
Oklahoma State Reformatory	194
William S. Key CC	1,052
Total Count	7,961
Capacity	8,308

Contract Facilities	Count
County Jail Program	434
Halfway Houses	1,236
Contract Prisons	4,743
Total	6,413
Out Count	1,304

Community	Count
Clara Waters CCC	244
Oklahoma City CCC	205
Enid CCC	88
Hillside CCC	208
Kate Barnard CCC	92
Lawton CCC	152
Union City CCC	205
Total Count	1,194
Capacity	1,409

Work Centers	Count
Altus	95
Ardmore	93
Beaver	43
Carter	83
Davis	76
Elk City	82
Frederick	88
Hobart	78
Hollis	37
Idabel	69
Madill	87
Mangum	66
Sayre	45
Walters City	69
Waurika	48
Total Count	1,058
Capacity	1,257

EMPLOYEES

FTE FILLED

Correctional Officers	1,731
Probation/Parole Officers	282
Other	2,038
Total	4,051

SYSTEM SUMMARY

Type	Count
Facility Total	17,655
Contract Facilities	6,413
Out Count	1,304
Probation	21,154
Parole	3,192
System Total	49,718

Population

as of December 30, 2011

OFFENDER INFORMATION		
Total Offenders		25,604
Gender	Count	Percentage
Male	22,943	89.6%
Female	2,661	10.4%
Ethnicity	Count	Percentage
Caucasian	13,735	53.6%
African American	7,608	29.7%
Native American	2,227	8.7%
Hispanic	1,903	7.4%
Other	131	0.5%
Crime Type	Count	Percentage
Violent	12,225	47.7%
Non-Violent	13,379	52.3%
Average Age		37.5

PROBATION CLIENT INFORMATION		
Total Probation Clients		22,976
Gender	Count	Percentage
Male	17,600	76.6%
Female	5,376	23.4%
Ethnicity	Count	Percentage
Caucasian	14,221	61.9%
African American	4,604	20.0%
Native American	1,823	7.9%
Hispanic	1,840	8.0%
Other	488	2.1%
Crime Type	Count	Percentage
Violent	5,178	22.5%
Non-Violent	17,798	77.5%
Average Age		35.7

PAROLE CLIENT INFORMATION		
Total Parole Clients		3,399
Gender	Count	Percentage
Male	2,858	84.1%
Female	541	15.9%
Ethnicity	Count	Percentage
Caucasian	1,914	56.3%
African American	1,025	30.2%
Native American	153	4.5%
Hispanic	271	8.0%
Other	36	1.1%
Crime Type	Count	Percentage
Violent	734	21.6%
Non-Violent	2,665	78.4%
Average Age		44.3

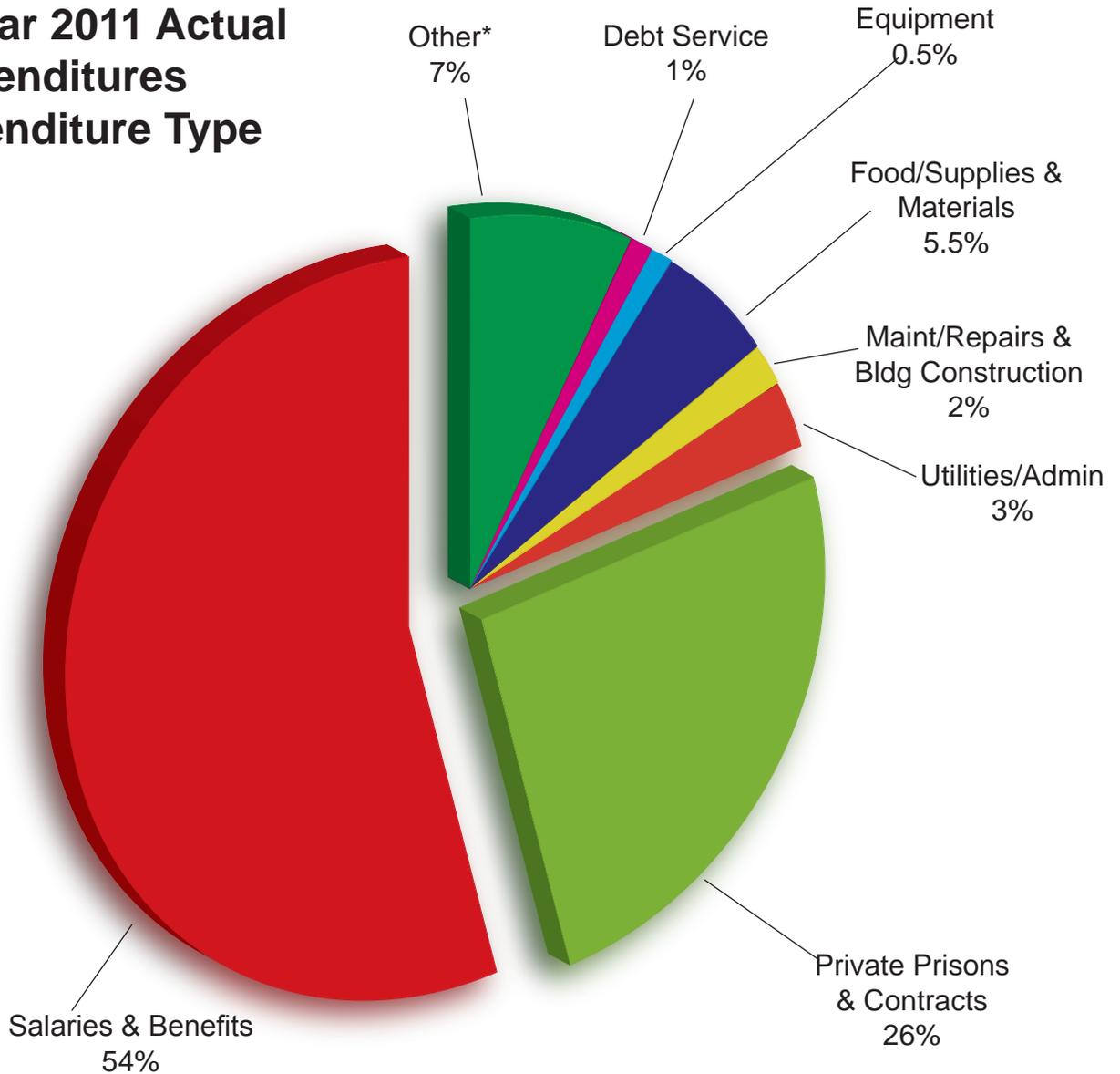
DEATH ROW		
Ethnicity	Male	Female
Caucasian	32	1
African American	27	0
Native American	5	0
Hispanic	2	0
Other	0	0
Total	66	1

INFORMATION ON OFFENDERS ASSIGNED TO WORK PROGRAMS

Type of Work	Count
OCI Production	986
Agri-Services	303
Wardens Crews	8
PPW Crews	1,552
Institutional Gardens	307
Institutional Support	9,719
Work Releases	1,029
Total Count	13,904

Budget Information

Fiscal Year 2011 Actual Expenditures by Expenditure Type

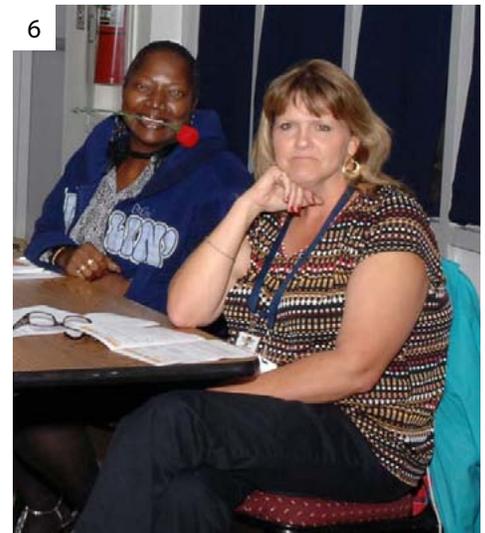


NOTE: Other Expenditures -

Over 1 Million: Merchandise for Resale (OCI & Agri-Services); Outside Medical Care; Offender Pay; Rent Expense; Production, Safety & Security; Shop Expense; General Operating Expenses

Under 1 Million: Travel Agency Direct Payments; Incentive Payments; Travel reimbursements; Lease Purchasing; Library Equipment-Resources; Land; Livestock & Poultry; Employee reimbursements (Non-Travel); Payments to Local Government; Reimbursement

National Hispanic Heritage Month Diversity Lunch & Learn Series September 22, 2011 • Hillside Visitation Room



1. Christopher Zamudio, Master of Ceremony, Oklahoma City Community Corrections Center
2. Isabel Chancellor, President, IngenuitE, Guest Speaker
3. Tiffany Schall and Lance Cullen, Union City Community Corrections Center
4. Wilfredo Santos Rivera, CLARA President, Guest Speaker
5. Patricia Fennell, National Council of La Raza, Guest Speaker
6. Michelle Nolen, Training, and Donna Burkhalter (retired), William S. Key Correctional Center



Agency Directory

Administrative Offices

Administrative Services

3400 MLK Avenue
Oklahoma City, OK 73111-4298
(405) 425-2722

Contracts and Acquisitions

3400 MLK Avenue
Oklahoma City, OK 73111-4298
(405) 425-2640

Information Technology

3400 MLK Avenue
Oklahoma City, OK 73111-4298
(405) 425-2547

Personnel

3400 MLK Avenue
Oklahoma City, OK 73111-4298
(405) 425-2511

Departmental Services

3400 MLK Avenue
Oklahoma City, OK 73111-4298
(405) 425-2641

Field Operations

3400 MLK Avenue
Oklahoma City, OK 73111-4298
(405) 425-2684

Female Offender Operations

2901 N. Classen Blvd., Ste 200
Oklahoma City, OK 73106
(405) 962-6182

Female Offender CC/RS

3300 MLK Avenue
Oklahoma City, OK 73111
(405) 425-2905

Religious and Volunteer Services

2901 N. Classen Boulevard
Suite 200
Oklahoma City, OK 73106
(405) 962-6107

Institutions

201 E. Cherokee
McAlester, OK 74501-5329
(918) 423-4144

Operational Services

P.O. Box 36059
Oklahoma City, OK 73136-2059
(405) 425-7517

Agri Services

3402 MLK Avenue
Oklahoma City, OK 73111
(405) 425-7548

Classification & Population

P.O. Box 260
Lexington, OK 73051-0260
(405) 527-3950

Sentence Administration

3400 MLK Ave.
Oklahoma City, OK
(405) 425-2615

Oklahoma Correctional

Industries
3402 MLK Ave
Oklahoma City, OK 73111
(405) 425-7525

Private Prison and Jail

Administration
3400 MLK Avenue
Oklahoma City, OK 73111
(405) 425-7100

Procedures and Accreditation

440 S. Houston, Ste. 313
Tulsa, OK 74127-8987
(918) 581-2836

Safety Administration

3400 MLK Avenue
Oklahoma City, OK
(405) 425-7144

General Counsel

3400 MLK Avenue
Oklahoma City, OK 73111-4298
(405) 425-2515

Legal

3400 MLK Avenue
Oklahoma City, OK 73111
(405) 425-2515

Administrative Review Authority

3400 MLK Avenue
Oklahoma City, OK 73111
(405) 425-2649

Internal Affairs

3400 MLK Avenue
Oklahoma City, OK 73111-4298
(405) 425-2571

Employee Rights and Relations

3400 MLK Avenue
Oklahoma City, OK 73111-4298
(405) 425-2557

Executive Communications

3400 MLK Avenue
Oklahoma City, OK 73111-4298
(405) 425-2520

Treatment and Rehabilitative Svcs

2901 N. Classen Blvd., Ste. 200
Oklahoma City, OK 73106
(405) 962-6084

Medical Services

Oklahoma City Office:
Cameron Building
2901 N. Classen Blvd., Ste 100
Oklahoma City, OK 73106
(405) 962-6155

Medical Services

Tulsa Office:
440 South Houston, Ste 402
Tulsa, OK 74127
(918) 581-2444

Administrative Offices

Mental Health Services
2901 N. Classen Blvd., Ste. 200
Oklahoma City, OK 73106
(405) 962-6138

Programs
2901 N. Classen Blvd., Ste. 200
Oklahoma City, OK 73106
(405) 962-6135

Victim Services
2901 N. Classen Blvd., Ste. 200
Oklahoma City, OK 73106
(405) 962-6142

Institutions

Charles E. "Bill" Johnson CC
1856 E Flynn Street
Alva, Oklahoma 73717-3005
(580) 327-8000

Dick Conner CC
P.O. Box 220, 129 Conner Road
Hominy, OK 74035-0220
(918) 594-1300

Eddie Warrior CC
PO Box 315, 400 Oak Street
Taft, OK 74463-0315
(918) 683-8365

Howard McLeod CC
1970 E. Whippoorwill Lane
Atoka, OK 74525
(580) 889-6651

Jackie Brannon CC
PO Box 1999, 900 N. West Street
McAlester, OK 74502-1999
(918) 421-3339

James Crabtree CC
RR 1 Box 8, 3rd & Murray
Helena, OK 73741-9606
(580) 852-3221

Jess Dunn CC
PO Box 316
601 South 124th Street West
Taft, OK 74463-0316
(918) 682-7841

Jim E. Hamilton CC
53468 Mineral Springs Rd
Hodgen, OK 74939-3064
918) 653-7831

John H. Lilley CC
PO Box 1908, 105150 N. 3670 Rd.
Boley, OK 74829-1908
(918) 667-3381

Joseph Harp Correctional Center
PO Box 548, 16161 Moffat Rd.
Lexington, OK 73051-0548
405) 527-5593

Lexington A&R Center
PO Box 260, 15151 Highway 39
Lexington, OK 73051-0260
(405) 527-5676

Mack Alford CC
PO Box 220, 1151 North Highway 69
Stringtown, OK 74569-0220
(580) 346-7301

Mabel Bassett CC
29501 Kickapoo Road
McLoud Oklahoma, 74851
(405) 964-3020

Northeast Oklahoma CC
PO Box 887, 442606 E. 250 Road
Vinita, OK 74301-0887
(918) 256-3392

Oklahoma State Penitentiary
PO Box 97
Corner of West & Stonewall
McAlester, OK 74502-0097
(918) 423-4700

Oklahoma State Reformatory
PO Box 514, 1700 East First Street
Granite, OK 73547-0514
(580) 480-3700

William S. Key CC
PO Box 61
One William Key Boulevard
Fort Supply, OK 73841-0061
(580) 766-2224

Community Corrections Administrative Offices

ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE
3700 Classen Blvd., Suite 110
Oklahoma City, OK 73118
(405) 523-3075

Northwest District Office
900 W. Cherokee
Enid, OK 73701-5410
(580) 977-3400

Southeast District Office
903 N West St
McAlester, OK 74501
(918) 423-1668

Central District Office
Administrative Office (Metro)
1131 W. Sheridan Avenue
Oklahoma City, OK 73106
(405) 778-7100

Oklahoma County Community
Corrections/RS
9901 N I-35 Service Road
Oklahoma City, OK 73131-5228
(405) 254-3200

Southwest District Office
602 SW Highland Ave
Lawton, OK 73501-8252
(580) 248-9146

Halfway Houses
440 S Houston Ave., Suite 200
Tulsa, OK 74127
(918)-581-2709

Parole and Interstate Services
Milt Gilliam, Administrator
3700 Classen Blvd., Suite 110
Oklahoma City, OK 73118
(405) 523-3075

Tulsa County District Office
440 South Houston, Suite 701
Tulsa, OK 74127-8911
(918) 581-2931

Northeast District Office
3031 N. 32nd Street
Muskogee, OK 74401
(918) 680-6600

Community Corrections Centers

Clara Waters CCC
9901 N I-35 Service Road
Oklahoma City, OK 73131-5228
(405) 254-3200

Kate Barnard CCC
3200 NW 39th Street
Oklahoma City, OK 73112-6298
(405) 917-2150

Union City CCC
P.O. Box 129
Union City, OK 73090
(405) 483-5900

Enid CCC
2020 E Maine Ave
Enid, OK 73702-6445
(580) 977-3800

Lawton CCC
605 SW Coombs Rd
Lawton, OK 73501-8294
(580) 248-6703

Hillside CCC
3300 Martin Luther King Avenue
Oklahoma City, OK 73111
(405) 425-2900 or (405) 425-2935

Oklahoma City CCC
315 West I-44 Service Road
Oklahoma City, OK 73118-7634
(405) 848-3895

Community Work Centers

Altus CWC
308 W. Broadway
Altus, Oklahoma 73521-3806
(580) 482-0790

Ardmore CWC
PO Box 100
Gene Autry, OK 73436-0100
Physical Address:
Ardmore Industrial Airpark
316 Grumman
Ardmore, OK 73401
(580) 389-5469

Beaver CWC
PO Box 1210
Beaver, OK 73932
(580) 625-3840

Carter County CWC
5268 Santa Fe Road
Wilson, OK 73463
(580) 668-3700

Earl A. Davis CWC
3297 N 369 Rd
Holdenville, OK 74848-9435
(405) 379-7296

Elk City CWC
1309 Airport Industrial Road
Elk City, OK 73648-1142
(580) 243-4316

Frederick CWC
18205 County Road, NS 215
Frederick, OK 73542-9614
(580) 335-2142

Hobart CWC
311 S Washington St.
Hobart, OK 73651-0674
(580) 726-3341

Hollis CWC
103 W Jones St
Hollis, OK 73550
(580) 688-3331

Idabel CWC
1800 NW Martin Luther King Ave
Idabel, OK 74745-4000
(580) 286-7286

Madill CWC
210 S. 11th Street
Madill, OK 73446
(580) 795-7348

Mangum CWC
215 E. Lincoln
Mangum, OK 73554-4265
(580) 782-3315

Sayre CWC
1107 N. Broadway
Sayre, OK 73662-1813
(580) 928-5211

Walters City CWC
RR 3 Box 9
Walters, OK 73572-9312
(580) 875-2885

Waurika CWC
107 W Anderson Ave
Waurika, OK 73573-3095
(580) 228-3521

Probation and Parole Sub Offices

Ada Sub-Office
131 East 12th, Suite 232
Ada, OK 74820
(580) 436-6479

Altus Sub-Office
118 W. Broadway, Suite 112
Altus, OK 73521
(580) 482-7609

Alva Sub-Office
Woods County Courthouse
P.O. Box 543
Alva, OK 73717-0543
(580) 327-0633

Anadarko Sub-Office
507 NE 1st Street, Suite 7
Anadarko, OK 73005-2001
(405) 247-7226

Antlers Sub-Office
204 SW 4th, Suite 6
Antlers, OK 74523
(580) 298-6059

Ardmore Sub-Office
312 South Washington Street
Ardmore, OK 73401-7043
(580) 223-6350

Atoka Sub-Office
116 East Court Street, Suite 103W
Atoka, OK 74525
(580) 889-3561

Bartlesville Sub-Office
3925 East Frank Phillips Blvd
Bartlesville, OK 74006-8302
(918) 335-9348

Broken Arrow Sub-Office
Broken Arrow Police Dept.
2304 S. First Place
Broken Arrow, OK 74012
(918) 449-0312

Probation and Parole Sub Offices

Canadian County Sub Office
700 North State Highway 81
P.O. Box 33
Union City, OK 73090-0033
(405) 483-5970

Chandler Sub-Office
820 Manvel, Suite E
Chandler, OK 74834-0144
(405) 258-1355

Chickasha Sub-Office
309 W Pennsylvania Ave
Chickasha, OK 73018
(405) 222-0018

Claremore Sub-Office
730 South Lynn Riggs, Ste B & C
Claremore, OK 74019
(918) 342-2904

Clinton Sub-Office
201 S. 5th
Clinton, OK 73601
(580) 323-2094

Coalgate Sub-Office
1 South Michigan
Coalgate, OK 74538
(580) 927-9961

Cordell Sub-Office
Washita County Courthouse #4
Cordell, OK 73636-5769
(580) 832-5059

Duncan Sub-Office
118 South 11th Street
Duncan, OK 73533-4707
(580) 255-1010

Durant Sub-Office
417 West Main
Durant, OK 74701
(580) 924-3550

Elk City Sub-Office
401 E. 3rd St., Suite 1
Elk City, OK 73648-1782
(580) 225-0972

Enid Sub-Office
900 W. Cherokee
Enid, OK 73703-5410
(580) 977-3421

Eufaula Sub-Office
1425 Industrial Drive
Eufaula, Ok 74432
(918) 689-7719

Frederick Sub-Office
Tillman County Courthouse
201 North Main, 1st Floor
Frederick, OK 73542-5400
(580) 335-3762

Guthrie Sub-Office
107 East Oklahoma, P.O. Box 606
Guthrie, OK 73044-0606
(405) 282-3827

Guymon Sub-Office
1009 N.E. 4th St, P.O. Box 1246
Guymon, OK 73942-1246
(580) 338-8366

Hobart Sub-Office
204 N. Lincoln
Hobart, OK 73651-2604
(580) 726-6221

Holdenville Sub-Office
P.O. Box 312
102 E. Main Street, Suite A
Holdenville, OK 74848-3208
(405) 379-3403

Hugo Sub-Office
313 East Duke
P.O. Box 219
Hugo, OK 74743
(580) 326-3391

Idabel Sub-Office
2 NE Martin Luther King
Idabel, OK 74745
(580) 286-7353

Jay Sub-Office
1429 N. Main, P.O. Box 463
Jay, OK 74346
(918) 253-8466

Kingfisher Sub-Office
Memorial Hall, 123 West Miles
Kingfisher, OK 73750-2645
(405) 375-6384

Lawton Probation & Parole Office
3801 SW 6th Street
Lawton, OK 73501
(580) 248-1444

Lawton Sub-Station
(Lawton Housing Authority)
1414 SW Wisconsin Ave., Apt A
Lawton, OK 73501-8068
(580)353-6725

Madill Sub-Office
800 N. First Street
Madill, OK 73446-1253
(580) 795-5534

Marietta Sub-Office
312 South Washington
Ardmore, OK 73401-7043
(580) 263-9853

Mangum Sub-Office
Mangum Police Department
107 S Pennsylvania Ave
Mangum, OK 73554-4224
(580) 782-2112

Miami Sub-Office
1308 N Main
Miami, OK 74354
(918) 540-1379

Probation and Parole Sub Offices

Muskogee Sub-Office
3039 N. 32nd Street
Muskogee, OK 74401
(918) 680-6600

Muskogee Intake Office
Muskogee County Courthouse
220 State Street 4th Floor
Muskogee, OK 74401
(918) 680-3043

Norman Sub-Office
1919 Industrial Blvd.
Norman, OK 73069
(405) 364-2365

Nowata Sub-Office
333-A East Delaware
Nowata, OK 74048
(918) 273-5606

Okemah Sub-Office
800 E. Jefferson
Shawnee, OK 74801
(405) 275-2521

Oklahoma County Intake Office
217 N. Harvey, Suite 301
Oklahoma City, OK 73102-3802
(405) 319-3560

Okmulgee Sub-Office
916 E. 8th Street
Okmulgee, OK 74447
(918) 756-6245

Pawhuska Sub-Office
1007 Grandview, P.O. Box 635
Pawhuska, Oklahoma 74056
(918) 287-3666

Pawnee Sub-Office
500 E. Harrison Street
Room B-1
Pawnee, OK 74058-2568
(918) 762-1092

Perry Sub-Office
Noble County Courthouse
The Map Room
300 Courthouse Drive
Perry, OK 73077
(580) 336-9945

Ponca City Sub-Office
205 W. Hartford, Ste. 124
P.O. Box 1335
Ponca City, OK 74602
(580) 765-1603

Poteau Sub-Office
108 Grand
Poteau, OK 74953
(918) 647-4875

Purcell Sub-Office
118 N. 2nd Ave., Suite A
Purcell, OK 73080-4239
(405) 527-6955

Sallisaw Sub-Office
107 N. Oak Street
Sallisaw, OK 74955-4638
(918) 775-6414

Sapulpa Sub-Office
614 S. Hiawatha
Sapulpa, OK 74066
(918) 224-8477

Shawnee Sub-Office
800 E. Jefferson
Shawnee, OK 74801
(405) 275-2521

Skiatook Sub-Office
200 N. Haynie Street
P. O. Box 503
Skiatook, OK 74070-0503
(918) 396-5156

Stigler Sub-Office
105 SE Third St., Suite C
Stigler, OK 74462
(918) 967-2623

Stillwater Sub-Office
800 E. 6th Avenue, Suite 11
Stillwater, OK 74074-3732
(405) 377-3418

Stilwell Sub-Office
203 W. Division
Stilwell, OK 74960
(918) 696-1160

Sulphur Sub-Office
921 W 11th, Suite 230
Sulphur, OK 73086
(580) 622-2988

Tahlequah Sub-Office
311 South Muskogee Ave.
Tahlequah, OK 74464-4444
(918) 456-9921

Tishomingo Sub-Office
Reporting :
Johnston County Court House
403 Main Street
Tishomingo, OK 73460
(580) 371-2387)
Mailing address:
131 East 12th, Suite 232
Ada, OK 74820

Vinita Sub-Office
United States Post Office, 2nd Floor
120 E. Illinois, Room #204
Vinita, OK 74301
(918) 323-0762

Watonga Sub-Office
P. O. Box 146, 117 W. Russworm
Watonga, OK 73772
(580) 623-8675

Waurika Sub-Office
107 W Anderson Avenue
Waurika, OK 73573-3095
(580) 228-2381

Probation and Parole Sub Offices

Weatherford Sub-Office
1401 Lera Dr. Ste. 6
Weatherford, OK 73096-0858
(580) 772-0247

Woodward Sub-Office
1009 Main Street
Woodward, OK 73801
(580) 256-1800

Halfway Houses

Avalon Tulsa
Male: 325, Per Diem: \$33.75
302 W. Archer
Tulsa, OK 74103
(918) 583-9445
Host Facility: TCDCC

Center Point, Inc. - OKC
Male: 200, Per Diem: \$33.75
5245 S. I-35 Service Rd.
Oklahoma City, OK 73129
(405) 605-2488
Host Facility: Union City CCC

Bridgeway, Inc.
Male: 111, Per Diem: \$33.75
620 W. Grand
Ponca City, OK 74602
(580) 762-1462
Host Facility: Enid CCC

Center Point - Osage County
Male: 50, Per Diem: \$33.75
1755 W. 53rd St. N.
Tulsa, OK 74126
(918) 346-6738
Host Facility: Union City CCC

Carver Transitional Center
Male: 300, Per Diem: \$33.75
400 S. May
Oklahoma City, OK 73108
(405) 232-8233
Host Facility: OK CCC

Center Point, Inc. - Tulsa
Female: 32, Per Diem: \$41.61
3637 N. Lewis
Tulsa, OK 74110
(918) 425-7500
Host Facility: TCDCC

Catalyst Behavioral Services
Ivanhoe
Male: 99, Per Diem: \$33.75
415 NW 8th Street
Oklahoma City, OK 73102
(405) 232-7215
Host Facility: Union City CCC

OK Halfway House
Male: 75, Per Diem: \$33.75
517 SW 2nd Street
Oklahoma City, OK 73109
(405) 232-0231
Host Facility: OK CCC

Catalyst Behavioral Services
Cameo
Male: 40, Per Diem: \$33.75
415 NW 8th Street
Oklahoma City, OK 73102
(405) 232-7215
Host Facility: Union City CCC

Turley Residential Center
Female: 240, Per Diem: \$35.71
6101 N. Cincinnati
Tulsa, OK 74126
(918) 425-0275
Host Facility: TCDCC

Community Sentencing and Offender Information Services

ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE

Community Sentencing and Offender Information Services
3700 N. Classen Blvd., Suite 110
Oklahoma City, OK 73118-2863
(405) 525-4520

ALVA

Woods County Courthouse
P.O. Box 543
Alva, Oklahoma 73717
(580) 327-2525

Active Planning Councils: Alfalfa/ Major/ Woods, Blaine/Garfield/Grant/ Kingfisher, and Kay/Noble

Inactive Planning Councils: Beaver/ Cimarron/ Harper/Texas, Beckham/ Custer/Ellis/Roger Mills/Washita, and Dewey/Woodward

MCALESTER

120 E. Carl Albert Parkway, Suite D
McAlester, Oklahoma 74501
(918) 426-7610

Active Planning Councils: Adair, Atoka/Coal, Bryan, Haskell/Latimer/ LeFlore, Hughes/Pontotoc/ Seminole, Lincoln/Pottawatomie, Pittsburg, and Sequoyah

Inactive Planning Councils: Choctaw, McCurtain, McIntosh, Okfuskee, Okmulgee, and Pushmataha

NORMAN

1919 Industrial Boulevard
Norman, Oklahoma 73069
(405) 202-0550

Active Planning Councils: Canadian, Carter/ Johnston/Love/Marshall/ Murray, Cleveland, Comanche/Cotton/ Garvin/McClain, Stephens, and Tillman

Inactive Planning Councils: Caddo, Grady, Greer/Harmon, Jackson, Jefferson, and Kiowa

OKLAHOMA CITY

3700 N. Classen Boulevard, Ste 110
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73118
(405) 523-3088

Active Planning Council: Oklahoma

STILLWATER

205 W. 7th Avenue, Suite 103
Stillwater, Oklahoma 74074
(405) 377-6750

Active Planning Council: Logan/Payne and Osage

TULSA

440 S. Houston Avenue, Suite 202
Tulsa, Oklahoma 74127
(918) 581-2636

Active Planning Councils: Pawnee and Tulsa

TULSA

440 S. Houston Avenue, Suite 202
Tulsa, Oklahoma 74127
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Active Planning Councils: Craig, Creek, Delaware/Ottawa, Mayes, Muskogee, Nowata/Washington, Osage, Rogers, Tulsa, and Wagoner

COMIT Project

440 S. Houston Avenue, Suite 202
Tulsa, Oklahoma 74127
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OKLAHOMA DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS

3400 MARTIN LUTHER KING AVENUE
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