

Table 1. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected worker characteristics and major industry sector, 2010

Oklahoma--private industry

Characteristic	Private industry 2, 3, 4	Goods producing				Service providing							
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining 2,3	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services
Total.....	12,150	3,410	650	1,000	1,760	8,740	3,680	220	500	1,330	2,010	760	--
Gender:													
Male.....	7,660	3,100	610	990	1,500	4,550	2,640	180	80	800	340	320	--
Female.....	4,450	310	40	--	260	4,150	1,000	40	420	530	1,670	440	--
Age:													
14 to 15.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
16 to 19.....	360	90	30	--	50	270	110	--	--	--	40	110	--
20 to 24.....	1,400	430	90	100	240	970	350	--	--	150	160	150	--
25 to 34.....	2,760	780	170	240	360	1,980	800	30	--	310	600	180	--
35 to 44.....	2,510	800	150	240	400	1,710	750	--	70	280	370	90	--
45 to 54.....	3,520	880	140	280	450	2,640	1,110	30	340	470	560	130	--
55 to 64.....	1,340	400	40	120	230	940	460	--	--	120	220	70	--
65 and over.....	260	40	20	--	20	210	90	--	--	--	60	30	--
Length of service with employer:													
Less than 3 months.....	1,430	450	130	120	200	990	480	--	--	190	200	70	--
3 to 11 months.....	2,430	690	180	140	370	1,740	660	--	50	230	450	170	--
1 to 5 years.....	5,130	1,220	210	450	560	3,910	1,320	--	330	700	970	410	--
More than 5 years.....	3,110	1,050	120	300	630	2,070	1,180	60	80	210	390	100	--
Race or ethnic origin ⁵ :													
White only.....	6,150	1,990	230	730	1,030	4,150	1,890	30	330	500	960	250	--
Black only.....	520	100	--	20	80	410	100	--	--	50	210	20	--
Hispanic or Latino only.....	800	390	90	110	190	420	120	--	--	130	40	80	--
Asian only.....	50	20	--	--	20	30	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander only.....	50	--	--	--	--	40	--	--	--	--	30	--	--
American Indian or Alaskan Native only.....	370	100	20	20	50	270	110	--	--	30	60	40	--
Hispanic or Latino and other race.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Multi-race.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Not reported.....	4,200	790	300	120	370	3,410	1,440	--	90	620	700	360	--

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System -- United States, 2007*) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping

requirements effective January 1, 2002: therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

⁵ Race and ethnicity data do not add to total. Some cases may be counted as both "Multi-race" and "

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.

Table 2. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected worker characteristics and major industry sector, 2010

Oklahoma--private industry

Characteristic	Private industry 2, 3, 4	Goods producing				Service providing							
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining 2,3	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services
Total [12,150 cases].....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	--
Gender:													
Male.....	63.0	90.9	93.8	99.0	85.2	52.1	71.7	81.8	16.0	60.2	16.9	42.1	--
Female.....	36.6	9.1	6.2	--	14.8	47.5	27.2	18.2	84.0	39.8	83.1	57.9	--
Age:													
14 to 15.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
16 to 19.....	3.0	2.6	4.6	--	2.8	3.1	3.0	--	--	--	2.0	14.5	--
20 to 24.....	11.5	12.6	13.8	10.0	13.6	11.1	9.5	--	--	11.3	8.0	19.7	--
25 to 34.....	22.7	22.9	26.2	24.0	20.5	22.7	21.7	13.6	--	23.3	29.9	23.7	--
35 to 44.....	20.7	23.5	23.1	24.0	22.7	19.6	20.4	--	14.0	21.1	18.4	11.8	--
45 to 54.....	29.0	25.8	21.5	28.0	25.6	30.2	30.2	13.6	68.0	35.3	27.9	17.1	--
55 to 64.....	11.0	11.7	6.2	12.0	13.1	10.8	12.5	--	--	9.0	10.9	9.2	--
65 and over.....	2.1	1.2	3.1	--	1.1	2.4	2.4	--	--	--	3.0	3.9	--
Length of service with employer:													
Less than 3 months.....	11.8	13.2	20.0	12.0	11.4	11.3	13.0	--	--	14.3	10.0	9.2	--
3 to 11 months.....	20.0	20.2	27.7	14.0	21.0	19.9	17.9	--	10.0	17.3	22.4	22.4	--
1 to 5 years.....	42.2	35.8	32.3	45.0	31.8	44.7	35.9	--	66.0	52.6	48.3	53.9	--
More than 5 years.....	25.6	30.8	18.5	30.0	35.8	23.7	32.1	27.3	16.0	15.8	19.4	13.2	--
Race or ethnic origin:													
White only.....	50.6	58.4	35.4	73.0	58.5	47.5	51.4	13.6	66.0	37.6	47.8	32.9	--
Black only.....	4.3	2.9	--	2.0	4.5	4.7	2.7	--	--	3.8	10.4	2.6	--
Hispanic or Latino only.....	6.6	11.4	13.8	11.0	10.8	4.8	3.3	--	--	9.8	2.0	10.5	--
Asian only.....	0.4	0.6	--	--	1.1	0.3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander only.....	0.4	--	--	--	--	0.5	--	--	--	--	1.5	--	--
American Indian or Alaskan Native only.....	3.0	2.9	3.1	2.0	2.8	3.1	3.0	--	--	2.3	3.0	5.3	--
Hispanic or Latino and other race.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Multi-race.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Not reported.....	34.6	23.2	46.2	12.0	21.0	39.0	39.1	--	18.0	46.6	34.8	47.4	--

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System* -- United States, 2007) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping

requirements effective January 1, 2002: therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

⁵ Race and ethnicity data do not add to total. Some cases may be counted as both "Multi-race" and "

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.

Table 3. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by major occupational group and major industry sector, 2010

Oklahoma--private industry

Occupation	Private industry 2, 3, 4	Goods producing				Service providing							
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining 2,3	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services
Total.....	12,150	3,410	650	1,000	1,760	8,740	3,680	220	500	1,330	2,010	760	--
Management occupations.....	220	50	--	30	--	170	40	--	--	40	60	--	--
Business and financial operations occupations.....	90	--	--	--	--	80	30	--	40	--	--	--	--
Computer and mathematical occupations.....	30	--	--	--	--	30	--	--	--	20	--	--	--
Architecture and engineering occupations.....	80	30	--	--	30	50	40	--	--	--	--	--	--
Life, physical, and social science occupations.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Community and social services occupations.....	130	--	--	--	--	130	--	--	--	--	130	--	--
Education, training, and library occupations.....	30	--	--	--	--	30	--	--	--	--	30	--	--
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations.....	50	--	--	--	--	50	--	--	--	--	--	40	--
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations.....	520	--	--	--	--	520	--	--	--	--	500	--	--
Healthcare support occupations.....	780	--	--	--	--	780	--	--	--	20	760	--	--
Protective service occupations.....	110	--	--	--	--	110	--	--	--	80	--	--	--
Food preparation and serving related occupations.....	600	--	--	--	--	600	70	--	--	--	80	440	--
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations.....	480	40	--	--	40	440	50	--	--	190	110	60	--
Personal care and service occupations.....	220	--	--	--	--	220	--	--	--	--	170	20	--
Sales and related occupations.....	770	--	--	--	--	760	640	--	--	--	--	100	--
Office and administrative support occupations.....	1,250	40	--	--	40	1,210	350	30	370	360	70	20	--
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations.....	160	150	140	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Construction and extraction occupations.....	1,230	1,170	290	860	30	60	40	--	--	--	--	--	--
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations.....	1,140	240	40	50	150	890	650	--	--	30	30	--	--
Production occupations.....	1,550	1,050	30	20	1,000	500	160	--	--	140	20	20	--
Transportation and material moving occupations.....	2,700	620	130	40	450	2,080	1,590	--	--	410	20	30	--

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

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requirements effective January 1, 2002: therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.

Table 4. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected worker occupations and major industry sector, 2010

Oklahoma--private industry

Occupation	Private industry 2, 3, 4	Goods producing				Service providing							
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining 2,3	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services
Total.....	12,150	3,410	650	1,000	1,760	8,740	3,680	220	500	1,330	2,010	760	--
Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers, hand.....	1,260	250	50	--	200	1,010	900	--	--	90	--	--	--
Truck drivers, heavy and tractor-trailer.....	680	220	50	40	130	460	230	--	--	220	--	--	--
Nursing aides, orderlies, and attendants.....	580	--	--	--	--	580	--	--	--	--	560	--	--
Retail salespersons.....	330	--	--	--	--	330	290	--	--	--	--	50	--
First-line supervisors/managers of construction trades and extraction workers.....	300	300	--	290	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Welders, cutters, solderers, and brazers.....	290	130	--	--	120	150	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Tellers.....	230	--	--	--	--	230	--	--	230	--	--	--	--
Stock clerks and order fillers.....	230	--	--	--	--	230	200	--	--	20	--	--	--
Aircraft mechanics and service technicians.....	230	20	--	--	20	220	210	--	--	--	--	--	--
Truck drivers, light or delivery services.....	220	20	--	--	--	210	160	--	--	30	--	--	--
Registered nurses.....	210	--	--	--	--	210	--	--	--	--	210	--	--
Automotive service technicians and mechanics.....	200	20	--	--	20	180	180	--	--	--	--	--	--
Janitors and cleaners, except maids and housekeeping cleaners.....	190	40	--	--	30	150	30	--	--	50	30	--	--
First-line supervisors/managers of retail sales workers.....	190	--	--	--	--	190	190	--	--	--	--	--	--
Maintenance and repair workers, general.....	190	50	--	--	40	140	40	--	--	20	20	--	--
Customer service representatives.....	180	--	--	--	--	170	30	20	40	70	--	--	--
Construction laborers.....	170	130	--	130	--	40	30	--	--	--	--	--	--
Home health aides.....	150	--	--	--	--	150	--	--	--	--	150	--	--
Cashiers.....	140	--	--	--	--	140	120	--	--	--	--	20	--
Emergency medical technicians and paramedics.....	130	--	--	--	--	130	--	--	--	--	130	--	--
Personal and home care aides.....	130	--	--	--	--	130	--	--	--	--	130	--	--
Carpenters.....	130	130	--	130	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Industrial truck and tractor operators.....	130	30	--	--	30	100	100	--	--	--	--	--	--
Maids and housekeeping cleaners.....	120	--	--	--	--	120	--	--	--	--	70	20	--
Educational, vocational, and school counselors.....	110	--	--	--	--	110	--	--	--	--	110	--	--
Combined food preparation and serving workers, including fast food.....	110	--	--	--	--	110	40	--	--	--	--	60	--

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System* -- United States, 2007) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping

requirements effective January 1, 2002: therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.

Table 5. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected injury or illness characteristics and major industry sector, 2010

Oklahoma—private industry

Characteristic	Private industry 2, 3, 4	Goods producing				Service providing							
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining 2,3	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services
Total.....	12,150	3,410	650	1,000	1,760	8,740	3,680	220	500	1,330	2,010	760	--
Nature of injury, illness:													
Sprains, strains.....	4,650	1,190	210	460	520	3,460	1,680	40	70	420	1,020	220	--
Bruises, contusions.....	1,050	290	60	120	110	760	430	--	--	80	150	50	--
Cuts, lacerations.....	890	210	20	40	140	690	140	--	--	240	30	90	--
Punctures.....	110	30	20	--	--	90	30	--	--	--	--	--	--
Fractures.....	1,230	420	140	100	180	810	250	--	260	100	100	90	--
Heat burns.....	170	20	--	--	20	150	50	--	--	20	20	50	--
Carpal tunnel syndrome.....	190	40	--	--	40	150	80	--	--	20	20	--	--
Tendonitis.....	20	--	--	--	--	20	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Chemical burns.....	40	30	--	--	30	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Amputations.....	80	50	--	--	50	30	20	--	--	--	--	--	--
Multiple traumatic injuries.....	360	100	30	20	50	250	70	--	--	60	80	40	--
Part of body affected:													
Head.....	810	280	40	40	200	530	180	100	--	40	90	80	--
Eye.....	430	190	--	30	150	240	60	--	--	20	20	--	--
Neck.....	170	40	--	--	30	130	50	--	--	30	40	--	--
Trunk.....	4,210	1,070	220	310	540	3,150	1,520	40	260	320	780	200	--
Shoulder.....	1,260	330	50	170	120	930	540	--	--	80	230	50	--
Back.....	1,850	440	90	90	260	1,410	660	20	--	180	410	110	--
Upper extremities.....	2,680	750	130	110	510	1,920	770	--	110	370	280	190	--
Arm.....	510	170	30	30	110	340	110	--	--	90	80	30	--
Wrist.....	510	120	20	--	80	390	190	--	--	30	100	20	--
Hand, except finger.....	840	130	30	40	70	710	330	--	60	90	30	50	--
Finger.....	670	310	50	20	240	370	140	--	--	80	50	90	--
Lower extremities.....	2,860	920	150	430	340	1,940	820	50	50	410	410	200	--
Knee.....	1,350	390	40	190	160	960	330	--	--	280	220	80	--
Ankle.....	440	140	20	70	50	300	110	--	--	40	80	40	--
Foot, except toe.....	450	110	30	30	50	340	210	--	--	20	50	50	--
Toe.....	110	30	--	--	20	80	50	--	--	--	20	--	--
Body systems.....	220	120	20	50	50	90	40	--	--	--	20	20	--
Multiple parts.....	1,070	190	70	50	80	880	260	--	50	140	340	70	--

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 5. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected injury or illness characteristics and major industry sector, 2010 -- Continued

Oklahoma--private industry

Characteristic	Private industry 2, 3, 4	Goods producing				Service providing							
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining 2,3	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services
Source of injury, illness:													
Chemicals, chemical products.....	90	40	--	--	30	60	--	--	--	--	20	--	--
Containers.....	1,300	250	30	30	180	1,050	700	--	--	70	120	150	--
Furniture, fixtures.....	330	70	--	30	40	260	80	--	--	20	110	20	--
Machinery.....	1,020	380	50	50	280	640	350	--	--	120	40	100	--
Parts and materials.....	1,550	670	130	250	290	880	550	--	--	120	30	20	--
Person, injured or ill worker.....	1,720	530	90	120	310	1,190	500	30	70	220	270	80	--
Worker motion or position.....	1,680	510	90	110	310	1,160	500	30	60	220	260	70	--
Floor, ground surfaces.....	2,390	370	110	110	160	2,010	610	20	310	360	470	220	--
Tools, instruments, and equipment.....	610	250	80	60	110	360	110	--	--	90	100	50	--
Vehicles.....	690	170	50	30	90	520	280	--	--	120	60	20	--
Person, other than worker.....	730	--	--	--	--	730	30	--	--	20	650	30	--
Health care patient.....	670	--	--	--	--	670	--	--	--	20	640	--	--
Event or exposure:													
Contact with object, equipment.....	3,490	1,260	250	270	740	2,240	1,120	110	60	340	170	240	--
Struck by object.....	1,700	720	140	210	370	970	380	--	--	190	70	140	--
Struck against object.....	630	130	50	--	70	500	220	110	--	50	50	80	--
Caught in object, equipment, material.....	860	380	60	40	290	470	240	--	50	100	50	30	--
Fall to lower level.....	830	210	50	110	60	610	220	--	--	230	140	20	--
Fall on same level.....	1,840	200	60	30	110	1,640	500	20	310	150	420	230	--
Slips, trips.....	500	140	60	30	50	370	170	--	--	60	90	--	--
Overexertion.....	3,100	880	100	400	380	2,210	1,090	20	--	240	720	110	--
Overexertion in lifting.....	1,890	500	50	210	240	1,390	750	--	--	130	400	90	--
Repetitive motion.....	400	120	--	20	100	280	140	--	--	60	30	--	--
Exposed to harmful substance.....	390	170	30	40	90	220	50	--	--	40	60	70	--
Transportation accidents.....	420	110	40	30	50	310	130	--	--	100	40	--	--
Highway accident.....	290	70	30	20	20	220	100	--	--	70	30	--	--
Fires, explosions.....	40	--	--	--	--	30	30	--	--	--	--	--	--
Assault, violent act.....	280	30	--	--	20	250	--	--	--	20	170	--	--
by person.....	180	--	--	--	--	170	--	--	--	--	150	--	--
by animal.....	90	--	--	--	--	80	--	--	--	20	20	--	--

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² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

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⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.

Table 6. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected injury or illness characteristics and major industry sector, 2010

Oklahoma—private industry

Characteristic	Private industry 2, 3, 4	Goods producing				Service providing							
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining 2,3	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services
Total [12,150 cases].....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	--
Nature of injury, illness:													
Sprains, strains.....	38.3	34.9	32.3	46.0	29.5	39.6	45.7	18.2	14.0	31.6	50.7	28.9	--
Bruises, contusions.....	8.6	8.5	9.2	12.0	6.3	8.7	11.7	--	--	6.0	7.5	6.6	--
Cuts, lacerations.....	7.3	6.2	3.1	4.0	8.0	7.9	3.8	--	--	18.0	1.5	11.8	--
Punctures.....	0.9	0.9	3.1	--	--	1.0	0.8	--	--	--	--	--	--
Fractures.....	10.1	12.3	21.5	10.0	10.2	9.3	6.8	--	52.0	7.5	5.0	11.8	--
Heat burns.....	1.4	0.6	--	--	1.1	1.7	1.4	--	--	1.5	1.0	6.6	--
Carpal tunnel syndrome.....	1.6	1.2	--	--	2.3	1.7	2.2	--	--	1.5	1.0	--	--
Tendonitis.....	0.2	--	--	--	--	0.2	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Chemical burns.....	0.3	0.9	--	--	1.7	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Amputations.....	0.7	1.5	--	--	2.8	0.3	0.5	--	--	--	--	--	--
Multiple traumatic injuries.....	3.0	2.9	4.6	2.0	2.8	2.9	1.9	--	--	4.5	4.0	5.3	--
Part of body affected:													
Head.....	6.7	8.2	6.2	4.0	11.4	6.1	4.9	45.5	--	3.0	4.5	10.5	--
Eye.....	3.5	5.6	--	3.0	8.5	2.7	1.6	--	--	1.5	1.0	--	--
Neck.....	1.4	1.2	--	--	1.7	1.5	1.4	--	--	2.3	2.0	--	--
Trunk.....	34.7	31.4	33.8	31.0	30.7	36.0	41.3	18.2	52.0	24.1	38.8	26.3	--
Shoulder.....	10.4	9.7	7.7	17.0	6.8	10.6	14.7	--	--	6.0	11.4	6.6	--
Back.....	15.2	12.9	13.8	9.0	14.8	16.1	17.9	9.1	--	13.5	20.4	14.5	--
Upper extremities.....	22.1	22.0	20.0	11.0	29.0	22.0	20.9	--	22.0	27.8	13.9	25.0	--
Arm.....	4.2	5.0	4.6	3.0	6.3	3.9	3.0	--	--	6.8	4.0	3.9	--
Wrist.....	4.2	3.5	3.1	--	4.5	4.5	5.2	--	--	2.3	5.0	2.6	--
Hand, except finger.....	6.9	3.8	4.6	4.0	4.0	8.1	9.0	--	12.0	6.8	1.5	6.6	--
Finger.....	5.5	9.1	7.7	2.0	13.6	4.2	3.8	--	--	6.0	2.5	11.8	--
Lower extremities.....	23.5	27.0	23.1	43.0	19.3	22.2	22.3	22.7	10.0	30.8	20.4	26.3	--
Knee.....	11.1	11.4	6.2	19.0	9.1	11.0	9.0	--	--	21.1	10.9	10.5	--
Ankle.....	3.6	4.1	3.1	7.0	2.8	3.4	3.0	--	--	3.0	4.0	5.3	--
Foot, except toe.....	3.7	3.2	4.6	3.0	2.8	3.9	5.7	--	--	1.5	2.5	6.6	--
Toe.....	0.9	0.9	--	--	1.1	0.9	1.4	--	--	--	1.0	--	--
Body systems.....	1.8	3.5	3.1	5.0	2.8	1.0	1.1	--	--	--	1.0	2.6	--
Multiple parts.....	8.8	5.6	10.8	5.0	4.5	10.1	7.1	--	10.0	10.5	16.9	9.2	--

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected injury or illness characteristics and major industry sector, 2010 -- Continued

Oklahoma--private industry													
Characteristic	Private industry 2, 3, 4	Goods producing				Service providing							
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining 2,3	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services
Source of injury, illness:													
Chemicals, chemical products.....	0.7	1.2	--	--	1.7	0.7	--	--	--	--	1.0	--	--
Containers.....	10.7	7.3	4.6	3.0	10.2	12.0	19.0	--	--	5.3	6.0	19.7	--
Furniture, fixtures.....	2.7	2.1	--	3.0	2.3	3.0	2.2	--	--	1.5	5.5	2.6	--
Machinery.....	8.4	11.1	7.7	5.0	15.9	7.3	9.5	--	--	9.0	2.0	13.2	--
Parts and materials.....	12.8	19.6	20.0	25.0	16.5	10.1	14.9	--	--	9.0	1.5	2.6	--
Person, injured or ill worker.....	14.2	15.5	13.8	12.0	17.6	13.6	13.6	13.6	14.0	16.5	13.4	10.5	--
Worker motion or position.....	13.8	15.0	13.8	11.0	17.6	13.3	13.6	13.6	12.0	16.5	12.9	9.2	--
Floor, ground surfaces.....	19.7	10.9	16.9	11.0	9.1	23.0	16.6	9.1	62.0	27.1	23.4	28.9	--
Tools, instruments, and equipment.....	5.0	7.3	12.3	6.0	6.3	4.1	3.0	--	--	6.8	5.0	6.6	--
Vehicles.....	5.7	5.0	7.7	3.0	5.1	5.9	7.6	--	--	9.0	3.0	2.6	--
Person, other than worker.....	6.0	--	--	--	--	8.4	0.8	--	--	1.5	32.3	3.9	--
Health care patient.....	5.5	--	--	--	--	7.7	--	--	--	1.5	31.8	--	--
Event or exposure:													
Contact with object, equipment.....	28.7	37.0	38.5	27.0	42.0	25.6	30.4	50.0	12.0	25.6	8.5	31.6	--
Struck by object.....	14.0	21.1	21.5	21.0	21.0	11.1	10.3	--	--	14.3	3.5	18.4	--
Struck against object.....	5.2	3.8	7.7	--	4.0	5.7	6.0	50.0	--	3.8	2.5	10.5	--
Caught in object, equipment, material.....	7.1	11.1	9.2	4.0	16.5	5.4	6.5	--	10.0	7.5	2.5	3.9	--
Fall to lower level.....	6.8	6.2	7.7	11.0	3.4	7.0	6.0	--	--	17.3	7.0	2.6	--
Fall on same level.....	15.1	5.9	9.2	3.0	6.3	18.8	13.6	9.1	62.0	11.3	20.9	30.3	--
Slips, trips.....	4.1	4.1	9.2	3.0	2.8	4.2	4.6	--	--	4.5	4.5	--	--
Overexertion.....	25.5	25.8	15.4	40.0	21.6	25.3	29.6	9.1	--	18.0	35.8	14.5	--
Overexertion in lifting.....	15.6	14.7	7.7	21.0	13.6	15.9	20.4	--	--	9.8	19.9	11.8	--
Repetitive motion.....	3.3	3.5	--	2.0	5.7	3.2	3.8	--	--	4.5	1.5	--	--
Exposed to harmful substance.....	3.2	5.0	4.6	4.0	5.1	2.5	1.4	--	--	3.0	3.0	9.2	--
Transportation accidents.....	3.5	3.2	6.2	3.0	2.8	3.5	3.5	--	--	7.5	2.0	--	--
Highway accident.....	2.4	2.1	4.6	2.0	1.1	2.5	2.7	--	--	5.3	1.5	--	--
Fires, explosions.....	0.3	--	--	--	--	0.3	0.8	--	--	--	--	--	--
Assault, violent act.....	2.3	0.9	--	--	1.1	2.9	--	--	--	1.5	8.5	--	--
by person.....	1.5	--	--	--	--	1.9	--	--	--	--	7.5	--	--
by animal.....	0.7	--	--	--	--	0.9	--	--	--	1.5	1.0	--	--

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System* -- United States, 2007) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements

effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.

Table 7. Incidence rates¹ for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work² per 10,000 full-time workers for selected characteristics and major industry sector, 2010

Oklahoma--private industry													
Characteristic	Private industry 3, 4, 5	Goods producing				Service providing							
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining 3,4	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁵	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services
Total [12,150 cases].....	118.9	140.2	121.8	159.4	138.4	112.3	150.3	86.9	70.4	91.9	123.7	72.8	--
Nature of injury, illness:													
Sprains, strains.....	45.5	48.9	39.7	73.2	40.7	44.4	68.5	16.6	9.3	28.8	62.7	21.5	--
Bruises, contusions.....	10.3	11.9	10.6	19.8	8.6	9.8	17.6	--	--	5.7	9.3	4.9	--
Cuts, lacerations.....	8.7	8.5	4.6	6.9	10.8	8.8	5.9	--	--	16.3	1.6	8.6	--
Punctures.....	1.1	1.1	2.8	--	--	1.1	1.3	--	--	--	--	--	--
Fractures.....	12.0	17.3	25.7	16.4	14.1	10.4	10.3	--	36.4	6.6	5.9	8.3	--
Heat burns.....	1.7	0.9	--	--	1.2	1.9	2.0	--	--	1.4	1.5	5.0	--
Carpal tunnel syndrome.....	1.8	1.5	--	--	2.8	1.9	3.3	--	--	1.5	1.2	--	--
Tendonitis.....	0.2	--	--	--	--	0.2	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Chemical burns.....	0.4	1.2	--	--	2.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Amputations.....	0.8	2.2	--	--	4.0	0.4	0.7	--	--	--	--	--	--
Multiple traumatic injuries.....	3.5	4.2	5.5	3.8	3.8	3.3	2.7	--	--	4.4	5.1	3.4	--
Part of body affected:													
Head.....	7.9	11.6	7.6	6.4	15.9	6.8	7.5	41.8	--	2.9	5.6	7.2	--
Eye.....	4.2	7.8	--	4.4	12.1	3.1	2.4	--	--	1.6	1.1	--	--
Neck.....	1.7	1.7	--	--	2.1	1.7	2.0	--	--	2.2	2.4	--	--
Trunk.....	41.2	43.8	41.0	48.9	42.4	40.4	62.1	15.3	37.3	22.0	48.2	19.0	--
Shoulder.....	12.4	13.8	9.6	26.7	9.1	11.9	22.0	--	--	5.3	14.1	5.0	--
Back.....	18.1	18.0	17.4	13.6	20.4	18.2	27.2	7.6	--	12.3	25.5	10.3	--
Upper extremities.....	26.2	31.0	23.8	17.9	40.5	24.7	31.5	--	15.5	25.7	17.1	18.5	--
Arm.....	4.9	6.9	5.0	5.3	8.5	4.3	4.5	--	--	6.0	5.0	3.1	--
Wrist.....	5.0	4.9	4.0	--	6.6	5.0	7.8	--	--	2.4	6.1	1.7	--
Hand, except finger.....	8.2	5.4	5.2	5.7	5.3	9.1	13.4	--	7.8	6.3	1.9	4.9	--
Finger.....	6.6	12.6	9.3	2.8	18.8	4.7	5.7	--	--	5.4	3.1	8.7	--
Lower extremities.....	28.0	37.7	27.6	68.6	26.7	25.0	33.5	18.4	6.7	28.2	25.3	18.9	--
Knee.....	13.2	16.1	6.6	30.7	12.9	12.3	13.5	--	--	19.6	13.4	8.1	--
Ankle.....	4.3	5.6	4.3	10.6	3.6	3.9	4.5	--	--	2.6	4.7	4.1	--
Foot, except toe.....	4.4	4.6	4.7	5.2	4.3	4.3	8.7	--	--	1.5	2.8	5.2	--
Toe.....	1.1	1.3	--	--	1.3	1.0	2.1	--	--	--	1.1	--	--
Body systems.....	2.1	5.1	4.6	8.5	3.7	1.2	1.5	--	--	--	1.1	1.6	--
Multiple parts.....	10.5	8.0	13.6	7.5	5.9	11.3	10.7	--	7.6	9.8	21.1	6.6	--

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Incidence rates¹ for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work² per 10,000 full-time workers for selected characteristics and major industry sector, 2010 --- Continued

Oklahoma--private industry													
Characteristic	Private industry 3, 4, 5	Goods producing				Service providing							
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining 3,4	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁵	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services
Source of injury, illness:													
Chemicals, chemical products.....	0.9	1.5	--	--	2.6	0.7	--	--	--	--	1.4	--	--
Containers.....	12.7	10.2	5.8	5.3	14.5	13.5	28.5	--	--	4.7	7.6	13.9	--
Furniture, fixtures.....	3.2	2.7	--	4.6	2.8	3.3	3.5	--	--	1.3	7.0	2.3	--
Machinery.....	10.0	15.7	8.8	8.4	22.2	8.2	14.5	--	--	8.2	2.3	9.1	--
Parts and materials.....	15.2	27.4	24.2	39.1	22.9	11.4	22.4	--	--	8.6	1.9	1.5	--
Person, injured or ill worker.....	16.8	21.8	17.4	19.7	24.7	15.3	20.6	13.0	10.4	15.1	16.5	7.5	--
Worker motion or position.....	16.4	21.1	17.4	17.9	24.3	15.0	20.4	13.0	8.7	15.1	16.2	7.1	--
Floor, ground surfaces.....	23.4	15.3	19.6	17.0	12.7	25.9	24.8	8.9	44.3	24.9	29.2	21.2	--
Tools, instruments, and equipment.....	6.0	10.3	15.0	9.4	8.8	4.7	4.3	--	--	6.0	6.1	4.3	--
Vehicles.....	6.8	7.1	10.0	4.9	7.0	6.7	11.6	--	--	8.4	3.7	1.5	--
Person, other than worker.....	7.2	--	--	--	--	9.4	1.0	--	--	1.5	39.9	2.7	--
Health care patient.....	6.5	--	--	--	--	8.6	--	--	--	1.3	39.2	--	--
Event or exposure:													
Contact with object, equipment.....	34.2	51.6	47.2	42.3	58.1	28.8	45.7	46.1	9.0	23.8	10.7	23.3	--
Struck by object.....	16.6	29.8	27.1	33.3	29.2	12.5	15.4	--	--	13.0	4.6	13.6	--
Struck against object.....	6.2	5.3	9.3	--	5.4	6.4	9.1	42.8	--	3.2	2.9	7.2	--
Caught in object, equipment, material.....	8.4	15.8	10.4	6.8	22.6	6.0	9.7	--	6.9	7.0	3.0	2.5	--
Fall to lower level.....	8.1	8.8	9.4	17.2	4.4	7.9	9.0	--	--	15.6	8.7	1.8	--
Fall on same level.....	18.0	8.3	11.4	4.6	8.9	21.1	20.5	7.5	43.6	10.0	26.0	21.8	--
Slips, trips.....	4.9	5.6	11.1	4.2	4.0	4.7	7.1	--	--	3.9	5.3	--	--
Overexertion.....	30.3	36.3	19.3	64.1	29.7	28.5	44.7	7.0	--	16.3	44.1	10.7	--
Overexertion in lifting.....	18.5	20.4	9.1	33.2	18.9	17.9	30.6	--	--	8.8	24.9	8.2	--
Repetitive motion.....	3.9	4.9	--	2.4	8.0	3.6	5.6	--	--	4.0	2.1	--	--
Exposed to harmful substance.....	3.8	6.8	5.4	7.0	7.3	2.9	2.0	--	--	2.7	3.7	6.6	--
Transportation accidents.....	4.1	4.6	6.8	4.1	3.9	3.9	5.4	--	--	7.0	2.6	--	--
Highway accident.....	2.8	2.8	5.1	3.7	1.3	2.9	4.1	--	--	4.8	1.8	--	--
Fires, explosions.....	0.4	--	--	--	--	0.4	1.1	--	--	--	--	--	--
Assault, violent act.....	2.7	1.0	--	--	1.3	3.2	--	--	--	1.4	10.8	--	--
by person.....	1.8	--	--	--	--	2.2	--	--	--	--	9.2	--	--
by animal.....	0.9	--	--	--	--	1.1	--	--	--	1.2	1.5	--	--

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses
 EH = total hours worked by all employees during calendar year
 20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

³ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁴ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System* -- United States, 2007) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and

reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁵ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.

Table 8. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected worker characteristics and number of days away from work, 2010

Oklahoma--private industry

Characteristic	Percent of cases involving								Median days away from work
	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	
Total [12,150 cases].....	100.0	13.2	9.7	18.3	12.1	11.8	5.6	29.4	9
Gender:									
Male.....	100.0	12.1	10.2	19.6	11.6	14.0	5.2	27.2	10
Female.....	100.0	15.1	9.0	16.2	12.8	8.1	6.1	32.8	8
Age:									
14 to 15.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
16 to 19.....	100.0	25.0	8.3	22.2	--	16.7	5.6	16.7	4
20 to 24.....	100.0	22.9	15.0	27.9	9.3	7.9	4.3	12.1	3
25 to 34.....	100.0	10.9	10.1	17.0	15.6	17.0	6.5	22.8	8
35 to 44.....	100.0	14.7	11.6	16.3	10.4	11.2	4.8	31.1	9
45 to 54.....	100.0	11.1	5.1	17.6	12.5	9.4	4.3	39.8	14
55 to 64.....	100.0	6.7	12.7	16.4	9.7	11.9	9.7	32.8	13
65 and over.....	100.0	19.2	--	11.5	19.2	--	--	30.8	7
Length of service with employer:									
Less than 3 months.....	100.0	15.4	8.4	12.6	10.5	20.3	7.0	27.3	14
3 to 11 months.....	100.0	14.4	12.3	21.0	12.3	9.9	5.3	25.5	6
1 to 5 years.....	100.0	14.6	9.6	17.5	10.1	10.3	5.5	32.4	10
More than 5 years.....	100.0	9.0	8.7	20.6	16.1	11.6	5.5	28.3	10
Race or ethnic origin ² :									
White only.....	100.0	16.1	7.6	18.4	13.5	11.5	5.0	27.8	8
Black only.....	100.0	9.6	9.6	19.2	7.7	11.5	9.6	32.7	14
Hispanic or Latino only.....	100.0	15.0	10.0	16.3	11.3	13.8	10.0	23.8	10
Asian only.....	100.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	13
Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander only.....	100.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	60.0	39
American Indian or Alaskan Native only.....	100.0	10.8	16.2	13.5	18.9	5.4	5.4	32.4	8
Hispanic or Latino and other race.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Multi-race.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Race and ethnicity data do not add to total. Some cases may be counted as both Multi-race and "Hispanic and other" race.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.

Table 9. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by major occupational group and number of days away from work, 2010

Oklahoma--private industry

Occupation	Percent of cases involving								Median days away from work
	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	
Total [12,150 cases]	100.0	13.2	9.7	18.3	12.1	11.8	5.6	29.4	9
Management occupations.....	100.0	22.7	9.1	13.6	--	13.6	--	27.3	10
Business and financial operations occupations.....	100.0	--	--	--	22.2	--	--	44.4	20
Computer and mathematical occupations.....	100.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	4
Architecture and engineering occupations.....	100.0	--	25.0	--	--	37.5	--	25.0	11
Life, physical, and social science occupations.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Community and social services occupations.....	100.0	84.6	--	--	--	--	--	--	1
Education, training, and library occupations.....	100.0	--	--	100.0	--	--	--	--	4
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations.....	100.0	--	--	--	--	40.0	--	--	17
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations.....	100.0	15.4	11.5	17.3	13.5	15.4	7.7	19.2	7
Healthcare support occupations.....	100.0	11.5	9.0	20.5	10.3	7.7	9.0	33.3	10
Protective service occupations.....	100.0	--	18.2	27.3	--	--	--	27.3	5
Food preparation and serving related occupations.....	100.0	23.3	10.0	20.0	18.3	5.0	5.0	18.3	5
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations.....	100.0	12.5	12.5	18.8	10.4	12.5	4.2	31.3	8
Personal care and service occupations.....	100.0	18.2	9.1	27.3	9.1	9.1	--	22.7	5
Sales and related occupations.....	100.0	6.5	15.6	16.9	10.4	13.0	5.2	32.5	12
Office and administrative support occupations.....	100.0	14.4	5.6	12.0	13.6	4.8	4.8	44.8	18
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations.....	100.0	12.5	--	12.5	--	--	--	50.0	22
Construction and extraction occupations.....	100.0	13.8	7.3	12.2	24.4	8.1	7.3	26.0	10
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations.....	100.0	7.9	17.5	31.6	6.1	10.5	1.8	23.7	4
Production occupations.....	100.0	18.1	9.0	13.5	12.3	9.0	6.5	31.6	9
Transportation and material moving occupations.....	100.0	8.5	9.3	20.0	9.3	18.9	5.9	28.1	12

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

Table 10. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected occupations and number of days away from work, 2010

Oklahoma--private industry

Occupation	Percent of cases involving								Median days away from work
	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	
Total [12,150 cases]	100.0	13.2	9.7	18.3	12.1	11.8	5.6	29.4	9
Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers, hand.....	100.0	7.9	10.3	21.4	9.5	22.2	7.1	22.2	11
Truck drivers, heavy and tractor-trailer.....	100.0	7.4	11.8	16.2	7.4	13.2	7.4	36.8	13
Nursing aides, orderlies, and attendants.....	100.0	12.1	6.9	22.4	8.6	8.6	6.9	32.8	9
Retail salespersons.....	100.0	6.1	--	24.2	18.2	9.1	9.1	33.3	12
First-line supervisors/managers of construction trades and extraction workers.....	100.0	--	--	13.3	73.3	6.7	--	6.7	9
Welders, cutters, solderers, and brazers.....	100.0	55.2	--	6.9	6.9	6.9	6.9	13.8	1
Tellers.....	100.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	63
Stock clerks and order fillers.....	100.0	--	8.7	26.1	34.8	--	8.7	17.4	7
Aircraft mechanics and service technicians.....	100.0	--	--	34.8	--	30.4	--	34.8	19
Truck drivers, light or delivery services.....	100.0	--	--	13.6	18.2	22.7	--	31.8	14
Registered nurses.....	100.0	14.3	14.3	14.3	14.3	19.0	--	14.3	7
Automotive service technicians and mechanics.....	100.0	--	--	70.0	--	--	--	15.0	3
Janitors and cleaners, except maids and housekeeping cleaners.....	100.0	--	10.5	26.3	10.5	15.8	--	31.6	10
First-line supervisors/managers of retail sales workers.....	100.0	--	47.4	10.5	--	10.5	--	26.3	3
Maintenance and repair workers, general.....	100.0	10.5	--	26.3	10.5	10.5	--	36.8	7
Customer service representatives.....	100.0	33.3	11.1	--	11.1	--	--	22.2	5
Construction laborers.....	100.0	11.8	17.6	17.6	17.6	--	11.8	23.5	7
Home health aides.....	100.0	--	13.3	20.0	13.3	--	--	33.3	9
Cashiers.....	100.0	14.3	--	14.3	--	14.3	--	42.9	20
Emergency medical technicians and paramedics.....	100.0	23.1	--	15.4	15.4	23.1	--	15.4	10
Personal and home care aides.....	100.0	--	--	30.8	--	--	--	23.1	6
Carpenters.....	100.0	84.6	--	--	--	--	--	15.4	1
Industrial truck and tractor operators.....	100.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	76.9	73
Maids and housekeeping cleaners.....	100.0	16.7	--	--	--	--	--	41.7	11
Educational, vocational, and school counselors.....	100.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1
Combined food preparation and serving workers, including fast food.....	100.0	--	--	36.4	27.3	--	--	--	5

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

Table 11. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected injury or illness characteristics and number of days away from work, 2010

Oklahoma--private industry

Characteristic	Percent of cases involving								Median days away from work
	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	
Total [12,150 cases].....	100.0	13.2	9.7	18.3	12.1	11.8	5.6	29.4	9
Nature of injury, illness:									
Sprains, strains.....	100.0	11.2	7.5	16.3	15.1	15.7	6.5	27.7	10
Bruises, contusions.....	100.0	12.4	18.1	28.6	21.0	6.7	2.9	11.4	5
Cuts, lacerations.....	100.0	30.3	6.7	16.9	5.6	6.7	2.2	31.5	5
Punctures.....	100.0	54.5	--	18.2	--	--	--	--	1
Fractures.....	100.0	5.7	4.9	8.1	4.9	8.9	9.8	57.7	41
Heat burns.....	100.0	11.8	11.8	23.5	11.8	--	--	29.4	4
Carpal tunnel syndrome.....	100.0	--	--	--	--	42.1	10.5	36.8	20
Tendonitis.....	100.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	7
Chemical burns.....	100.0	--	--	50.0	--	--	--	--	4
Amputations.....	100.0	25.0	--	--	--	--	--	37.5	12
Multiple traumatic injuries.....	100.0	11.1	13.9	16.7	13.9	5.6	8.3	33.3	7
Part of body affected:									
Head.....	100.0	14.8	27.2	30.9	9.9	4.9	--	11.1	3
Eye.....	100.0	11.6	34.9	41.9	4.7	--	--	4.7	3
Neck.....	100.0	11.8	--	17.6	17.6	17.6	--	29.4	7
Trunk.....	100.0	8.8	7.4	16.6	12.4	13.8	5.9	35.4	14
Shoulder.....	100.0	13.5	4.8	8.7	5.6	25.4	6.3	35.7	14
Back.....	100.0	8.1	9.2	20.0	16.8	9.2	4.3	31.9	8
Upper extremities.....	100.0	20.5	8.2	19.8	8.6	13.4	6.3	23.1	6
Arm.....	100.0	9.8	11.8	7.8	13.7	11.8	5.9	41.2	17
Wrist.....	100.0	5.9	9.8	7.8	7.8	27.5	9.8	29.4	19
Hand, except finger.....	100.0	35.7	3.6	38.1	6.0	6.0	3.6	7.1	3
Finger.....	100.0	22.4	11.9	13.4	11.9	13.4	6.0	20.9	7
Lower extremities.....	100.0	7.7	10.5	14.7	17.5	10.1	6.3	33.2	10
Knee.....	100.0	3.0	12.6	12.6	19.3	11.9	5.9	35.6	12
Ankle.....	100.0	11.4	6.8	22.7	20.5	6.8	6.8	25.0	8
Foot, except toe.....	100.0	6.7	13.3	24.4	4.4	6.7	6.7	40.0	17
Toe.....	100.0	27.3	18.2	18.2	--	27.3	--	--	3
Body systems.....	100.0	22.7	22.7	31.8	--	9.1	--	9.1	3
Multiple parts.....	100.0	25.2	7.5	16.8	8.4	9.3	4.7	29.0	6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 11. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected injury or illness characteristics and number of days away from work, 2010 -- Continued

Oklahoma--private industry									
Characteristic	Percent of cases involving								Median days away from work
	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	
Source of injury, illness:									
Chemicals, chemical products.....	100.0	44.4	--	33.3	--	--	--	--	2
Containers.....	100.0	8.5	10.8	14.6	15.4	11.5	6.9	32.3	12
Furniture, fixtures.....	100.0	15.2	12.1	18.2	12.1	15.2	--	24.2	7
Machinery.....	100.0	12.7	8.8	16.7	10.8	23.5	3.9	24.5	11
Parts and materials.....	100.0	22.6	6.5	18.1	10.3	7.1	7.1	28.4	7
Person, injured or ill worker.....	100.0	5.8	10.5	15.1	10.5	18.0	8.1	31.4	15
Worker motion or position.....	100.0	6.0	10.1	15.5	10.7	17.9	8.3	31.5	15
Floor, ground surfaces.....	100.0	14.6	3.3	19.2	7.9	8.4	5.4	40.6	14
Tools, instruments, and equipment.....	100.0	18.0	11.5	14.8	9.8	14.8	8.2	24.6	10
Vehicles.....	100.0	5.8	5.8	13.0	17.4	8.7	4.3	44.9	19
Person, other than worker.....	100.0	11.0	9.6	19.2	11.0	13.7	5.5	30.1	9
Health care patient.....	100.0	10.4	10.4	20.9	10.4	10.4	6.0	31.3	9
Event or exposure:									
Contact with object, equipment.....	100.0	17.8	13.2	21.8	11.5	12.0	3.7	20.1	5
Struck by object.....	100.0	23.5	15.3	18.8	12.9	6.5	4.7	17.6	3
Struck against object.....	100.0	12.7	23.8	28.6	7.9	9.5	--	14.3	5
Caught in object, equipment, material.....	100.0	15.1	4.7	16.3	15.1	10.5	3.5	34.9	10
Fall to lower level.....	100.0	18.1	--	16.9	4.8	10.8	6.0	42.2	17
Fall on same level.....	100.0	12.5	8.7	19.6	9.8	7.6	4.3	37.5	10
Slips, trips.....	100.0	6.0	6.0	18.0	14.0	10.0	8.0	36.0	15
Overexertion.....	100.0	10.3	7.4	14.2	17.4	11.6	7.4	31.6	11
Overexertion in lifting.....	100.0	12.7	5.8	13.8	14.8	11.6	7.9	33.3	13
Repetitive motion.....	100.0	7.5	--	5.0	7.5	35.0	10.0	32.5	19
Exposed to harmful substance.....	100.0	25.6	17.9	28.2	10.3	--	--	12.8	3
Transportation accidents.....	100.0	4.8	7.1	14.3	14.3	9.5	7.1	42.9	19
Highway accident.....	100.0	--	--	13.8	20.7	10.3	6.9	44.8	19
Fires, explosions.....	100.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	4
Assault, violent act.....	100.0	21.4	10.7	21.4	--	21.4	--	21.4	5
by person.....	100.0	11.1	16.7	27.8	--	11.1	--	27.8	5
by animal.....	100.0	44.4	--	--	--	44.4	--	--	4

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

Table 12. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by major industry sector and number of days away from work, 2010

Oklahoma--private industry

Industry sector	Percent of cases involving								Median days away from work
	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	
Private Industry ^{2,3,4} [12,150 cases].....	100.0	13.2	9.7	18.3	12.1	11.8	5.6	29.4	9
Goods producing	100.0	11.4	8.5	14.1	17.9	10.3	6.7	31.1	10
Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	100.0	9.2	4.6	9.2	9.2	10.8	12.3	44.6	30
Construction.....	100.0	15.0	8.0	13.0	29.0	8.0	5.0	22.0	8
Manufacturing.....	100.0	9.7	10.2	17.0	14.2	11.4	5.7	31.3	10
Service providing.....	100.0	14.0	10.2	19.9	9.8	12.2	5.1	28.7	8
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁴	100.0	7.1	10.1	24.5	9.8	16.0	5.4	27.2	10
Information.....	100.0	9.1	50.0	9.1	9.1	--	--	13.6	2
Financial activities.....	100.0	20.0	--	6.0	6.0	4.0	--	60.0	63
Professional and business services.....	100.0	14.3	11.3	15.0	8.3	9.8	4.5	36.8	11
Education and health services.....	100.0	19.4	8.0	20.9	10.4	10.9	6.0	24.4	6
Leisure and hospitality.....	100.0	13.2	10.5	18.4	14.5	11.8	6.6	25.0	7
Other services, except public administration.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System* -- United States, 2007) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety

and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002: therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.

Table 13. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by time, hours on the job, and day of week and major industry sector, 2010

Oklahoma--private industry

Characteristic	Private industry 2, 3, 4	Goods producing				Service providing							
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining 2,3	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services
Total.....	12,150	3,410	650	1,000	1,760	8,740	3,680	220	500	1,330	2,010	760	--
Time of event:													
12:01 A.M. to 4:00 A.M.....	430	120	40	--	70	310	150	--	--	20	110	30	--
4:01 A.M. to 8:00 A.M.....	940	300	80	20	200	640	230	--	--	130	190	60	--
8:01 A.M. to 12:00 noon.....	3,270	950	200	270	490	2,310	940	30	--	300	530	180	--
12:01 P.M. to 4:00 P.M.....	3,380	790	140	180	470	2,590	1,180	--	270	460	400	110	--
4:01 P.M. to 8:00 P.M.....	1,250	250	130	20	110	1,000	370	--	40	110	340	110	--
8:01 P.M. to 12:00 midnight.....	670	140	30	--	110	530	150	--	--	60	190	130	--
Not reported.....	2,210	860	40	510	310	1,360	650	--	40	240	250	140	--
Hours on the job before event occurred:													
Before shift began.....	40	--	--	--	--	30	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Less than 1 hour.....	820	210	50	20	140	610	260	--	40	70	160	70	--
1 hour to less than 2 hours.....	1,120	250	60	40	150	870	380	--	--	160	200	100	--
2 hours to less than 4 hours.....	2,280	680	130	180	370	1,600	680	30	50	150	390	160	--
4 hours to less than 6 hours.....	2,300	400	120	90	200	1,900	940	20	290	140	380	90	--
6 hours to less than 8 hours.....	1,800	480	60	70	350	1,320	370	--	50	350	300	110	--
8 hours to less than 10 hours.....	1,010	360	80	90	190	650	280	--	--	150	140	50	--
10 hours to less than 12 hours.....	370	110	50	--	50	260	50	--	--	20	150	30	--
12 hours to less than 16 hours.....	90	20	--	--	--	70	--	--	--	30	20	--	--
More than 16 hours.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Not reported.....	2,320	900	80	510	310	1,420	710	--	40	240	260	140	--
Day of week:													
Sunday.....	700	250	70	130	50	450	140	--	--	90	160	60	--
Monday.....	2,350	770	70	380	320	1,570	570	--	270	240	320	150	--
Tuesday.....	2,310	660	120	190	340	1,650	730	--	60	130	490	110	--
Wednesday.....	2,070	590	150	120	330	1,480	680	--	70	150	320	90	--
Thursday.....	1,970	560	110	100	350	1,410	520	--	--	410	290	100	--
Friday.....	1,790	450	80	70	300	1,340	650	20	--	220	290	130	--
Saturday.....	960	130	50	--	70	830	380	20	60	100	150	120	--

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System -- United States, 2007*) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping

requirements effective January 1, 2002: therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.

Table 14. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by time, hours on the job, and day of week and major industry sector, 2010

Oklahoma--private industry

Characteristic	Private industry 2, 3, 4	Goods producing				Service providing							
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining 2,3	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services
Total [12,150 cases].....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	--
Time of event:													
12:01 A.M. to 4:00 A.M.....	3.5	3.5	6.2	--	4.0	3.5	4.1	--	--	1.5	5.5	3.9	--
4:01 A.M. to 8:00 A.M.....	7.7	8.8	12.3	2.0	11.4	7.3	6.3	--	--	9.8	9.5	7.9	--
8:01 A.M. to 12:00 noon.....	26.9	27.9	30.8	27.0	27.8	26.4	25.5	13.6	--	22.6	26.4	23.7	--
12:01 P.M. to 4:00 P.M.....	27.8	23.2	21.5	18.0	26.7	29.6	32.1	--	54.0	34.6	19.9	14.5	--
4:01 P.M. to 8:00 P.M.....	10.3	7.3	20.0	2.0	6.3	11.4	10.1	--	8.0	8.3	16.9	14.5	--
8:01 P.M. to 12:00 midnight.....	5.5	4.1	4.6	--	6.3	6.1	4.1	--	--	4.5	9.5	17.1	--
Not reported.....	18.2	25.2	6.2	51.0	17.6	15.6	17.7	--	8.0	18.0	12.4	18.4	--
Hours on the job before event occurred:													
Before shift began.....	0.3	--	--	--	--	0.3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Less than 1 hour.....	6.7	6.2	7.7	2.0	8.0	7.0	7.1	--	8.0	5.3	8.0	9.2	--
1 hour to less than 2 hours.....	9.2	7.3	9.2	4.0	8.5	10.0	10.3	--	--	12.0	10.0	13.2	--
2 hours to less than 4 hours.....	18.8	19.9	20.0	18.0	21.0	18.3	18.5	13.6	10.0	11.3	19.4	21.1	--
4 hours to less than 6 hours.....	18.9	11.7	18.5	9.0	11.4	21.7	25.5	9.1	58.0	10.5	18.9	11.8	--
6 hours to less than 8 hours.....	14.8	14.1	9.2	7.0	19.9	15.1	10.1	--	10.0	26.3	14.9	14.5	--
8 hours to less than 10 hours.....	8.3	10.6	12.3	9.0	10.8	7.4	7.6	--	--	11.3	7.0	6.6	--
10 hours to less than 12 hours.....	3.0	3.2	7.7	--	2.8	3.0	1.4	--	--	1.5	7.5	3.9	--
12 hours to less than 16 hours.....	0.7	0.6	--	--	--	0.8	--	--	--	2.3	1.0	--	--
More than 16 hours.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Not reported.....	19.1	26.4	12.3	51.0	17.6	16.2	19.3	--	8.0	18.0	12.9	18.4	--
Day of week:													
Sunday.....	5.8	7.3	10.8	13.0	2.8	5.1	3.8	--	--	6.8	8.0	7.9	--
Monday.....	19.3	22.6	10.8	38.0	18.2	18.0	15.5	--	54.0	18.0	15.9	19.7	--
Tuesday.....	19.0	19.4	18.5	19.0	19.3	18.9	19.8	--	12.0	9.8	24.4	14.5	--
Wednesday.....	17.0	17.3	23.1	12.0	18.8	16.9	18.5	--	14.0	11.3	15.9	11.8	--
Thursday.....	16.2	16.4	16.9	10.0	19.9	16.1	14.1	--	--	30.8	14.4	13.2	--
Friday.....	14.7	13.2	12.3	7.0	17.0	15.3	17.7	9.1	--	16.5	14.4	17.1	--
Saturday.....	7.9	3.8	7.7	--	4.0	9.5	10.3	9.1	12.0	7.5	7.5	15.8	--

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System -- United States, 2007*) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping

requirements effective January 1, 2002: therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.

Table 15. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by time, hours on the job, and day of week and number of days away from work, 2010

Oklahoma--private industry									
Characteristic	Percent of cases involving								Median days away from work
	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	
Total [12,150 cases].....	100.0	13.2	9.7	18.3	12.1	11.8	5.6	29.4	9
Time of event:									
12:01 A.M. to 4:00 A.M.....	100.0	4.7	7.0	14.0	11.6	9.3	9.3	44.2	22
4:01 A.M. to 8:00 A.M.....	100.0	16.0	9.6	9.6	11.7	11.7	10.6	30.9	13
8:01 A.M. to 12:00 noon.....	100.0	19.3	7.6	19.0	10.7	10.1	7.3	26.0	7
12:01 P.M. to 4:00 P.M.....	100.0	7.4	14.5	21.6	10.9	12.4	3.3	29.9	7
4:01 P.M. to 8:00 P.M.....	100.0	18.4	9.6	15.2	8.8	10.4	6.4	31.2	8
8:01 P.M. to 12:00 midnight.....	100.0	11.9	9.0	22.4	9.0	14.9	3.0	29.9	8
Not reported.....	100.0	10.4	6.8	16.7	18.6	13.1	5.0	29.4	10
Hours on the job before event occurred:									
Before shift began.....	100.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2
Less than 1 hour.....	100.0	14.6	7.3	12.2	8.5	13.4	6.1	35.4	14
1 hour to less than 2 hours.....	100.0	16.1	11.6	22.3	7.1	12.5	7.1	22.3	5
2 hours to less than 4 hours.....	100.0	19.7	8.3	19.3	11.4	7.9	7.9	25.4	7
4 hours to less than 6 hours.....	100.0	10.0	9.6	20.0	8.7	15.7	5.2	30.4	13
6 hours to less than 8 hours.....	100.0	8.9	12.8	19.4	13.9	8.3	3.9	32.8	8
8 hours to less than 10 hours.....	100.0	9.9	14.9	16.8	11.9	13.9	4.0	29.7	8
10 hours to less than 12 hours.....	100.0	29.7	8.1	10.8	8.1	5.4	--	37.8	6
12 hours to less than 16 hours.....	100.0	--	--	--	33.3	--	--	22.2	7
More than 16 hours.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Not reported.....	100.0	10.3	6.5	16.8	18.1	13.4	5.2	29.3	10
Day of week:									
Sunday.....	100.0	22.9	7.1	18.6	11.4	8.6	5.7	25.7	6
Monday.....	100.0	6.8	8.1	14.9	19.6	11.9	6.4	32.3	11
Tuesday.....	100.0	14.3	11.7	19.9	10.4	11.7	6.9	25.1	7
Wednesday.....	100.0	18.4	14.5	11.6	10.6	15.0	2.9	26.6	7
Thursday.....	100.0	12.2	5.6	20.3	9.6	11.2	5.1	36.5	12
Friday.....	100.0	11.2	8.9	20.7	12.3	8.4	8.4	30.2	10
Saturday.....	100.0	14.6	9.4	27.1	6.3	15.6	3.1	22.9	5

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

Table 16. Incidence rates¹ for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work² per 10,000 full-time workers by selected worker occupation and selected parts of body, private industry, Oklahoma, 2010

Occupation	Private Industry	Part of body affected by the injury or illness										
		Head		Neck	Trunk			Upper extremities				
		Total	Eyes		Total	Back	Shoulder	Total	Arm	Finger	Hand, except fingers	Wrist
Total.....	118.9	7.9	4.2	1.7	41.2	18.1	12.4	26.2	4.9	6.6	8.2	5.0
Transportation and material moving occupations (53-0000)	348.7	23.8	18.1	8.0	140.5	49.4	58.9	69.6	13.0	17.1	28.5	7.0
Healthcare support occupations (31-0000)	234.4	10.8	--	--	112.9	59.0	34.4	31.5	12.2	--	--	12.5
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations (49-0000)	207.8	33.4	27.5	--	52.3	22.8	9.7	73.9	11.5	11.5	32.3	18.2
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations (37-0000)	198.0	--	--	--	77.7	39.1	16.1	50.1	6.4	31.2	--	9.4
Construction and extraction occupations (47-0000)	191.4	10.9	5.8	--	60.6	23.7	26.1	22.0	4.3	8.1	5.5	--
Community and social services occupations (21-0000)	165.6	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Production occupations (51-0000)	159.2	12.5	5.7	2.6	43.8	22.5	11.0	61.6	13.6	14.8	20.4	7.5
Protective service occupations (33-0000)	133.0	--	--	--	23.2	--	--	37.3	--	--	--	--
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations (45-0000)	94.5	--	--	--	39.3	10.8	9.1	15.4	--	--	--	10.8
Personal care and service occupations (39-0000)	88.2	--	--	--	35.2	19.5	9.8	11.4	--	--	--	--
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations (29-0000)	80.4	5.5	--	--	33.6	20.0	9.7	11.5	4.2	3.9	--	--
Office and administrative support occupations (43-0000)	74.4	2.9	--	--	27.3	8.6	3.0	12.8	2.7	1.2	3.7	4.3
Food preparation and serving related occupations (35-0000)	73.7	6.5	--	--	22.0	11.6	5.3	22.8	2.4	10.5	7.3	2.2
Sales and related occupations (41-0000)	59.0	4.3	--	--	18.4	10.7	5.6	8.1	--	2.4	1.9	2.7
Architecture and engineering occupations (17-0000)	44.3	--	--	--	26.8	17.5	--	--	--	--	--	--
Management occupations (11-0000)	33.6	--	--	--	11.1	4.9	4.6	5.9	--	--	2.9	--
Business and financial operations occupations (13-0000)	21.6	--	--	--	--	--	--	5.1	--	--	--	4.9

Table 16. Incidence rates¹ for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work² per 10,000 full-time workers by selected worker occupation and selected parts of body, private industry, Oklahoma, 2010

Occupation	Private Industry	Part of body affected by the injury or illness						
		Lower extremities				Body systems	Multiple parts	All other body parts
		Total	Knee	Ankle	Foot, Toe			
Total.....	118.9	28.0	13.2	4.3	5.5	2.1	10.5	1.2
Transportation and material moving occupations (53-0000)	348.7	67.4	27.4	13.5	16.6	3.0	33.1	3.4
Healthcare support occupations (31-0000)	234.4	45.0	27.9	4.6	7.8	--	24.6	6.3
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations (49-0000)	207.8	31.7	3.6	3.5	19.7	--	12.1	--
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations (37-0000)	198.0	44.8	22.9	11.8	--	--	11.7	--
Construction and extraction occupations (47-0000)	191.4	72.7	30.3	9.1	9.1	10.2	13.1	--
Community and social services occupations (21-0000)	165.6	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Production occupations (51-0000)	159.2	26.0	10.0	5.0	5.7	4.6	7.3	--
Protective service occupations (33-0000)	133.0	48.9	22.3	--	--	--	20.0	--
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations (45-0000)	94.5	30.9	--	--	--	--	--	--
Personal care and service occupations (39-0000)	88.2	24.2	10.6	--	--	--	13.3	--
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations (29-0000)	80.4	15.2	9.6	--	--	--	8.3	2.9
Office and administrative support occupations (43-0000)	74.4	23.4	16.0	2.1	3.5	--	7.2	--
Food preparation and serving related occupations (35-0000)	73.7	14.3	8.2	--	3.7	--	5.5	--
Sales and related occupations (41-0000)	59.0	20.5	13.4	3.4	2.1	1.5	4.9	--
Architecture and engineering occupations (17-0000)	44.3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Management occupations (11-0000)	33.6	11.6	4.6	2.8	--	--	3.7	--
Business and financial operations occupations (13-0000)	21.6	4.9	--	--	--	--	3.7	--

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where
N = number of injuries and illnesses
EH = total hours worked by all employees during calendar year
20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.

Table 17. Incidence rates¹ for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work² per 10,000 full-time workers by selected worker occupation and selected natures of injury or illness, private industry, Oklahoma, 2010

Occupation	Private Industry	Nature of injury or illness								
		Sprains, strains	Fractures	Cuts, lacerations, punctures			Bruises	Heat burns	Chemical burns	Amputations
				Total	Cuts, lacerations	Punctures				
Total.....	118.9	45.5	12.0	9.9	8.7	1.1	10.3	1.7	0.4	0.8
Transportation and material moving occupations (53-0000)	348.7	171.1	33.1	17.6	10.2	7.4	40.3	--	--	2.0
Healthcare support occupations (31-0000)	234.4	122.0	6.0	--	--	--	18.1	--	--	--
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations (49-0000)	207.8	46.1	9.3	20.4	16.9	3.5	7.0	5.6	--	--
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations (37-0000)	198.0	72.8	19.0	--	--	--	8.0	--	--	--
Construction and extraction occupations (47-0000)	191.4	81.6	25.3	10.4	10.0	--	22.0	--	--	--
Community and social services occupations (21-0000)	165.6	147.4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Production occupations (51-0000)	159.2	40.8	14.2	28.3	26.5	1.9	8.5	5.3	--	4.6
Protective service occupations (33-0000)	133.0	23.4	19.5	23.7	22.4	--	--	--	--	--
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations (45-0000)	94.5	31.2	20.4	--	--	--	9.3	--	--	--
Personal care and service occupations (39-0000)	88.2	29.0	--	6.8	6.8	--	--	--	--	--
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations (29-0000)	80.4	42.8	6.4	--	--	--	6.2	--	--	--
Office and administrative support occupations (43-0000)	74.4	21.3	17.3	11.1	10.9	--	6.7	--	--	--
Food preparation and serving related occupations (35-0000)	73.7	19.8	3.0	12.6	12.6	--	5.6	8.1	--	--
Sales and related occupations (41-0000)	59.0	22.2	7.4	1.5	1.5	--	12.0	--	--	--
Architecture and engineering occupations (17-0000)	44.3	22.8	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Management occupations (11-0000)	33.6	16.6	--	4.5	4.5	--	--	--	--	--
Business and financial operations occupations (13-0000)	21.6	--	4.9	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

Table 17. Incidence rates¹ for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work² per 10,000 full-time workers by selected worker occupation and selected natures of injury or illness, private industry, Oklahoma, 2010

Occupation	Private Industry	Nature of injury or illness							
		Carpal tunnel syndrome	Tendonitis	Multiple injuries			Soreness Pain		All other natures
				Total	With fractures, burns, and other injuries	With sprains and bruises	Total	Back pain, hurt back only	
Total.....	118.9	1.8	0.2	3.5	--	1.5	8.5	2.4	24.3
Transportation and material moving occupations (53-0000)	348.7	--	--	7.8	--	3.4	16.6	2.3	58.1
Healthcare support occupations (31-0000)	234.4	--	--	4.6	--	--	33.2	9.6	44.5
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations (49-0000)	207.8	13.0	--	3.7	--	--	16.3	--	84.6
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations (37-0000)	198.0	--	--	--	--	--	21.2	--	64.3
Construction and extraction occupations (47-0000)	191.4	--	--	3.3	--	--	9.6	5.1	37.7
Community and social services occupations (21-0000) ..	165.6	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Production occupations (51-0000)	159.2	2.7	--	6.3	--	2.1	8.7	3.3	38.0
Protective service occupations (33-0000)	133.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	39.1
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations (45-0000)	94.5	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	21.7
Personal care and service occupations (39-0000)	88.2	--	--	6.8	--	--	9.9	--	27.2
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations (29-0000)	80.4	--	--	4.8	--	3.0	6.4	--	10.6
Office and administrative support occupations (43-0000)	74.4	2.8	--	1.2	--	--	5.0	--	8.7
Food preparation and serving related occupations (35-0000)	73.7	--	--	5.0	--	--	4.7	--	14.1
Sales and related occupations (41-0000)	59.0	--	--	--	--	--	5.2	2.7	8.3
Architecture and engineering occupations (17-0000)	44.3	--	--	--	--	--	11.1	--	--
Management occupations (11-0000)	33.6	--	--	--	--	--	3.2	--	3.8
Business and financial operations occupations (13-0000)	21.6	--	--	--	--	--	4.0	--	4.9

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where
 N = number of injuries and illnesses
 EH = total hours worked by all employees during calendar year
 20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.
 NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.
 SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.

Table 18. Incidence rates¹ for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work² per 10,000 full-time workers by selected worker occupation and selected sources of injury or illness, private industry, Oklahoma, 2010

Occupation	Private Industry	Source of injury or illness												
		Chemicals and chemical products	Containers	Furniture and fixtures	Machinery	Parts and materials	Person, other than worker	Health care patient	Person, injured or ill worker	Worker motion or position	Floors, walkways, or ground surfaces	Handtools	Vehicles	All other sources
Total.....	118.9	0.9	12.7	3.2	10.0	15.2	7.2	6.5	16.8	16.4	23.4	2.7	6.8	20.0
Transportation and material moving occupations (53-0000)	348.7	--	64.5	5.1	41.7	45.5	--	--	45.1	44.7	47.7	2.6	34.6	58.8
Healthcare support occupations (31-0000)	234.4	--	6.7	4.6	--	--	126.0	126.0	28.6	28.6	33.8	--	5.5	22.2
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations (49-0000)	207.8	--	--	3.9	13.4	46.2	--	--	28.8	28.8	26.2	9.1	21.3	54.6
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations (37-0000)	198.0	--	31.3	9.0	18.9	11.4	--	--	32.6	32.6	32.8	17.2	11.8	26.6
Construction and extraction occupations (47-0000)	191.4	--	10.2	2.7	12.2	43.2	--	--	22.2	20.4	24.4	5.2	6.9	63.6
Community and social services occupations (21-0000)	165.6	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	133.5	--	--	--
Production occupations (51-0000)	159.2	2.8	12.7	1.8	24.9	45.8	--	--	26.8	26.6	15.8	3.9	4.0	20.6
Protective service occupations (33-0000)	133.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	26.5	26.5	54.5	--	--	--
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations (45-0000)	94.5	--	--	--	--	11.7	--	--	21.1	21.1	12.3	--	10.1	39.3
Personal care and service occupations (39-0000)	88.2	--	--	--	--	--	19.5	18.7	16.3	15.8	25.3	--	--	12.7
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations (29-0000)	80.4	--	3.2	8.2	--	--	26.7	26.1	8.8	8.5	18.8	--	3.6	9.5
Office and administrative support occupations (43-0000)	74.4	--	5.9	1.1	4.9	4.6	--	--	12.8	12.7	36.9	--	2.3	4.8
Food preparation and serving related occupations (35-0000)	73.7	--	18.0	--	14.9	--	--	--	5.7	5.1	14.9	5.3	--	9.0
Sales and related occupations (41-0000)	59.0	--	12.5	5.2	1.5	2.5	1.9	--	6.8	6.6	16.2	--	1.9	9.5
Architecture and engineering occupations (17-0000)	44.3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	17.5	17.5	--	--	--	--
Management occupations (11-0000)	33.6	--	4.7	--	--	4.0	--	--	5.2	5.2	2.8	4.1	--	7.1
Business and financial operations occupations (13-0000)	21.6	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	5.7	--	3.8	--	6.7	--

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where
N = number of injuries and illnesses
EH = total hours worked by all employees during calendar year
20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers
(working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.
NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.
SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.

Table 19. Incidence rates¹ for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work² per 10,000 full-time workers by selected worker occupation and selected events or exposures leading to injury or illness, private industry, Oklahoma, 2010

Occupation	Private Industry	Event or exposure leading to injury or illness								
		Contact with objects				Fall to lower level	Fall on same level	Slips or trips without fall	Overexertion	
		Total	Struck by object	Struck against object	Caught in or compressed or crushed				Total	In lifting
Total.....	118.9	34.2	16.6	6.2	8.4	8.1	18.0	4.9	30.3	18.5
Transportation and material moving occupations (53-0000)	348.7	125.6	57.5	24.1	21.4	23.1	26.1	17.7	96.8	66.1
Healthcare support occupations (31-0000)	234.4	17.0	7.2	--	6.4	--	36.7	11.1	119.8	60.4
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations (49-0000)	207.8	106.5	26.2	25.6	32.9	11.2	17.5	--	27.6	12.5
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations (37-0000)	198.0	48.4	26.6	6.7	15.1	--	31.4	20.9	60.6	37.2
Construction and extraction occupations (47-0000)	191.4	54.9	43.2	3.0	8.3	21.5	7.8	7.3	66.4	37.6
Community and social services occupations (21-0000) ..	165.6	--	--	--	--	126.1	--	--	--	--
Production occupations (51-0000)	159.2	71.3	39.1	8.3	23.3	6.0	10.9	4.5	29.9	18.3
Protective service occupations (33-0000)	133.0	25.5	20.0	--	--	--	43.0	--	--	--
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations (45-0000)	94.5	32.3	19.0	--	--	--	13.5	18.4	9.1	--
Personal care and service occupations (39-0000)	88.2	7.0	--	--	--	7.1	19.6	6.3	10.3	6.9
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations (29-0000)	80.4	6.6	2.9	--	--	--	21.5	3.0	30.5	17.1
Office and administrative support occupations (43-0000)	74.4	9.5	3.8	1.1	4.5	11.6	26.6	3.5	11.4	9.3
Food preparation and serving related occupations (35-0000)	73.7	23.7	15.3	4.8	3.7	--	17.2	2.1	14.1	11.1
Sales and related occupations (41-0000)	59.0	10.4	4.2	3.7	2.4	--	21.5	--	17.0	10.2
Architecture and engineering occupations (17-0000)	44.3	10.4	--	--	--	--	--	--	13.6	13.1
Management occupations (11-0000)	33.6	6.4	--	4.6	--	--	4.4	--	13.2	4.0
Business and financial operations occupations (13-0000)	21.6	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	4.4	--

Table 19. Incidence rates¹ for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work² per 10,000 full-time workers by selected worker occupation and selected events or exposures leading to injury or illness, private industry, Oklahoma, 2010

Occupation	Private Industry	Event or exposure leading to injury or illness									
		Repetitive motion	Exposure to harmful substance or environment	Transportation accidents		Fires and explosions	Assaults and violent acts			All other events	
				Total	Highway accidents		Total	Assaults, by person	Assaults, by other		Assault, by animal
Total.....	118.9	3.9	3.8	4.1	2.8	0.4	2.7	1.8	0.9	0.9	8.4
Transportation and material moving occupations (53-0000)	348.7	5.8	3.5	23.3	14.8	--	3.7	--	2.0	2.0	23.0
Healthcare support occupations (31-0000)	234.4	--	--	--	--	--	20.2	15.1	5.1	5.1	16.3
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations (49-0000)	207.8	15.2	3.7	4.5	4.0	5.0	--	--	--	--	11.0
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations (37-0000)	198.0	--	8.4	10.9	10.3	--	--	--	--	--	11.0
Construction and extraction occupations (47-0000)	191.4	2.5	9.5	6.1	5.7	--	--	--	--	--	13.7
Community and social services occupations (21-0000)	165.6	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Production occupations (51-0000)	159.2	6.9	12.1	1.9	--	--	--	--	--	--	15.4
Protective service occupations (33-0000)	133.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations (45-0000)	94.5	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Personal care and service occupations (39-0000)	88.2	--	--	--	--	--	20.3	15.3	--	--	12.0
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations (29-0000)	80.4	--	--	2.7	--	--	7.3	7.3	--	--	6.0
Office and administrative support occupations (43-0000)	74.4	6.1	--	1.3	1.1	--	--	--	--	--	3.3
Food preparation and serving related occupations (35-0000)	73.7	--	10.2	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.5
Sales and related occupations (41-0000)	59.0	2.8	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.4
Architecture and engineering occupations (17-0000)	44.3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	13.1
Management occupations (11-0000)	33.6	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.6
Business and financial operations occupations (13-0000)	21.6	--	--	5.3	3.9	--	--	--	--	--	--

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where
 N = number of injuries and illnesses
 EH = total hours worked by all employees during calendar year
 20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.

Table 20. Incidence rates¹ for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work² per 10,000 full-time workers by selected worker characteristic, major occupational group, and selected parts of body, private industry, Oklahoma, 2010

Characteristic	Private Industry	Part of body affected by the injury or illness										
		Head		Neck	Trunk			Upper extremities				
		Total	Eyes		Total	Back	Shoulder	Total	Arm	Finger	Hand, except fingers	Wrist
Total.....	118.9	7.9	4.2	1.7	41.2	18.1	12.4	26.2	4.9	6.6	8.2	5.0
Gender:												
Male.....	127.6	10.1	6.3	1.3	44.1	18.3	14.6	31.7	5.6	9.1	11.3	4.1
Female.....	106.5	4.9	1.2	2.2	37.1	17.9	9.0	18.4	4.1	3.1	3.8	6.3
Age:												
14 to 15.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
16 to 19.....	117.0	13.3	--	--	26.7	10.3	11.6	30.7	6.2	14.5	8.5	--
20 to 24.....	123.2	14.9	8.4	--	25.3	13.3	7.2	42.9	6.9	10.5	18.7	6.8
25 to 34.....	116.1	8.1	3.8	2.6	45.6	20.6	16.8	22.5	3.0	6.7	5.1	4.5
35 to 44.....	104.4	9.7	7.7	2.2	39.8	20.0	12.7	22.0	7.6	5.6	5.5	2.9
45 to 54.....	156.7	5.0	1.9	1.9	56.2	21.0	12.3	33.3	4.6	6.6	12.5	8.3
55 to 64.....	97.6	4.0	--	--	33.8	14.9	9.2	14.9	3.2	3.1	2.9	3.5
65 and over.....	69.0	--	--	--	18.8	5.1	9.5	21.2	--	6.9	--	4.3
Major occupational group:												
Management occupations.....	33.6	--	--	--	11.1	4.9	4.6	5.9	--	--	2.9	--
Business and financial operations occupations.....	21.6	--	--	--	--	--	--	5.1	--	--	--	4.9
Computer and mathematical occupations.....	19.1	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Architecture and engineering occupations.....	44.3	--	--	--	26.8	17.5	--	--	--	--	--	--
Life, physical, and social science occupations.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Community and social services occupations.....	165.6	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Legal occupations.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Education, training, and library occupations.....	43.8	--	--	--	19.4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations.....	50.3	--	--	--	21.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations.....	80.4	5.5	--	--	33.6	20.0	9.7	11.5	4.2	3.9	--	--
Healthcare support occupations.....	234.4	10.8	--	--	112.9	59.0	34.4	31.5	12.2	--	--	12.5
Protective service occupations.....	133.0	--	--	--	23.2	--	--	37.3	--	--	--	--
Food preparation and serving related occupations.....	73.7	6.5	--	--	22.0	11.6	5.3	22.8	2.4	10.5	7.3	2.2
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations.....	198.0	--	--	--	77.7	39.1	16.1	50.1	6.4	31.2	--	9.4
Personal care and service occupations.....	88.2	--	--	--	35.2	19.5	9.8	11.4	--	--	--	--
Sales and related occupations.....	59.0	4.3	--	--	18.4	10.7	5.6	8.1	--	2.4	1.9	2.7
Office and administrative support occupations.....	74.4	2.9	--	--	27.3	8.6	3.0	12.8	2.7	1.2	3.7	4.3
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations.....	94.5	--	--	--	39.3	10.8	9.1	15.4	--	--	--	10.8
Construction and extraction occupations.....	191.4	10.9	5.8	--	60.6	23.7	26.1	22.0	4.3	8.1	5.5	--
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations.....	207.8	33.4	27.5	--	52.3	22.8	9.7	73.9	11.5	11.5	32.3	18.2
Production occupations.....	159.2	12.5	5.7	2.6	43.8	22.5	11.0	61.6	13.6	14.8	20.4	7.5
Transportation and material moving occupations.....	348.7	23.8	18.1	8.0	140.5	49.4	58.9	69.6	13.0	17.1	28.5	7.0

Table 20. Incidence rates¹ for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work² per 10,000 full-time workers by selected worker characteristic, major occupational group, and selected parts of body, private industry, Oklahoma, 2010

Characteristic	Private Industry	Part of body affected by the injury or illness						
		Lower extremities				Body systems	Multiple parts	All other body parts
		Total	Knee	Ankle	Foot, Toe			
Total.....	118.9	28.0	13.2	4.3	5.5	2.1	10.5	1.2
Gender:								
Male.....	127.6	29.0	12.2	4.2	5.8	2.7	7.5	1.1
Female.....	106.5	26.4	14.6	4.3	5.0	1.3	14.9	1.3
Age:								
14 to 15.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
16 to 19.....	117.0	38.8	17.1	7.7	7.7	--	--	--
20 to 24.....	123.2	28.0	11.2	5.6	8.4	3.7	6.4	--
25 to 34.....	116.1	26.7	9.0	3.5	4.8	1.1	8.3	1.2
35 to 44.....	104.4	17.7	5.3	3.8	5.0	2.8	9.2	1.0
45 to 54.....	156.7	38.4	23.8	4.6	6.5	2.6	18.3	0.9
55 to 64.....	97.6	32.8	19.1	5.3	4.2	1.1	8.1	2.3
65 and over.....	69.0	13.6	9.6	--	--	--	13.1	--
Major occupational group:								
Management occupations.....	33.6	11.6	4.6	2.8	--	--	3.7	--
Business and financial operations occupations.....	21.6	4.9	--	--	--	--	3.7	--
Computer and mathematical occupations.....	19.1	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Architecture and engineering occupations.....	44.3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Life, physical, and social science occupations.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Community and social services occupations.....	165.6	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Legal occupations.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Education, training, and library occupations.....	43.8	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations.....	50.3	17.2	--	--	--	--	--	--
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations.....	80.4	15.2	9.6	--	--	--	8.3	2.9
Healthcare support occupations.....	234.4	45.0	27.9	4.6	7.8	--	24.6	6.3
Protective service occupations.....	133.0	48.9	22.3	--	--	--	20.0	--
Food preparation and serving related occupations.....	73.7	14.3	8.2	--	3.7	--	5.5	--
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations.....	198.0	44.8	22.9	11.8	--	--	11.7	--
Personal care and service occupations.....	88.2	24.2	10.6	--	--	--	13.3	--
Sales and related occupations.....	59.0	20.5	13.4	3.4	2.1	1.5	4.9	--
Office and administrative support occupations.....	74.4	23.4	16.0	2.1	3.5	--	7.2	--
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations.....	94.5	30.9	--	--	--	--	--	--
Construction and extraction occupations.....	191.4	72.7	30.3	9.1	9.1	10.2	13.1	--
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations.....	207.8	31.7	3.6	3.5	19.7	--	12.1	--
Production occupations.....	159.2	26.0	10.0	5.0	5.7	4.6	7.3	--
Transportation and material moving occupations.....	348.7	67.4	27.4	13.5	16.6	3.0	33.1	3.4

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where
 N = number of injuries and illnesses
 EH = total hours worked by all employees during calendar year
 20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Days away from work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.

Table 21. Incidence rates¹ for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work² per 10,000 full-time workers by selected worker characteristic, major occupational group, and selected natures of injury or illness, private industry, Oklahoma, 2010

Characteristic	Private Industry	Nature of injury or illness								
		Sprains, strains	Fractures	Cuts, lacerations, punctures			Bruises	Heat burns	Chemical burns	Amputations
				Total	Cuts, lacerations	Punctures				
Total.....	118.9	45.5	12.0	9.9	8.7	1.1	10.3	1.7	0.4	0.8
Gender:										
Male.....	127.6	48.9	12.0	11.7	9.8	1.9	10.4	1.4	0.6	1.1
Female.....	106.5	40.6	12.0	7.3	7.2	--	10.2	2.0	--	0.4
Age:										
14 to 15.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
16 to 19.....	117.0	28.0	15.5	21.8	20.6	--	21.5	--	--	--
20 to 24.....	123.2	39.3	7.4	22.2	21.0	--	10.3	1.8	--	--
25 to 34.....	116.1	48.4	10.8	8.8	5.7	3.1	11.1	1.5	--	--
35 to 44.....	104.4	45.6	5.8	4.3	3.9	--	7.2	2.8	1.0	0.9
45 to 54.....	156.7	54.5	21.7	13.4	13.0	--	11.2	--	--	1.1
55 to 64.....	97.6	41.8	10.2	5.3	5.0	--	10.6	1.4	--	--
65 and over.....	69.0	19.0	19.3	--	--	--	9.6	--	--	--
Major occupational group:										
Management occupations.....	33.6	16.6	--	4.5	4.5	--	--	--	--	--
Business and financial operations occupations.....	21.6	--	4.9	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Computer and mathematical occupations.....	19.1	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Architecture and engineering occupations.....	44.3	22.8	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Life, physical, and social science occupations.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Community and social services occupations.....	165.6	147.4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Legal occupations.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Education, training, and library occupations.....	43.8	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations.....	50.3	36.5	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations.....	80.4	42.8	6.4	--	--	--	6.2	--	--	--
Healthcare support occupations.....	234.4	122.0	6.0	--	--	--	18.1	--	--	--
Protective service occupations.....	133.0	23.4	19.5	23.7	22.4	--	--	--	--	--
Food preparation and serving related occupations.....	73.7	19.8	3.0	12.6	12.6	--	5.6	8.1	--	--
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations.....	198.0	72.8	19.0	--	--	--	8.0	--	--	--
Personal care and service occupations.....	88.2	29.0	--	6.8	6.8	--	--	--	--	--
Sales and related occupations.....	59.0	22.2	7.4	1.5	1.5	--	12.0	--	--	--
Office and administrative support occupations.....	74.4	21.3	17.3	11.1	10.9	--	6.7	--	--	--
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations.....	94.5	31.2	20.4	--	--	--	9.3	--	--	--
Construction and extraction occupations.....	191.4	81.6	25.3	10.4	10.0	--	22.0	--	--	--
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations.....	207.8	46.1	9.3	20.4	16.9	3.5	7.0	5.6	--	--
Production occupations.....	159.2	40.8	14.2	28.3	26.5	1.9	8.5	5.3	--	4.6
Transportation and material moving occupations.....	348.7	171.1	33.1	17.6	10.2	7.4	40.3	--	--	2.0

Table 21. Incidence rates¹ for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work² per 10,000 full-time workers by selected worker characteristic, major occupational group, and selected natures of injury or illness, private industry, Oklahoma, 2010

Characteristic	Private Industry	Nature of injury or illness							
		Carpal tunnel syndrome	Tendonitis	Multiple injuries			Soreness Pain		All other natures
				Total	With fractures, burns, and other injuries	With sprains and bruises	Total	Back pain, hurt back only	
Total.....	118.9	1.8	0.2	3.5	--	1.5	8.5	2.4	24.3
Gender:									
Male.....	127.6	1.7	--	3.2	--	1.2	7.7	2.4	28.9
Female.....	106.5	2.0	0.4	3.9	--	1.9	9.8	2.3	17.8
Age:									
14 to 15.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
16 to 19.....	117.0	--	--	--	--	--	10.0	--	14.3
20 to 24.....	123.2	--	--	4.5	--	--	8.2	1.5	27.2
25 to 34.....	116.1	0.9	--	3.2	--	1.6	9.7	3.6	21.0
35 to 44.....	104.4	1.2	--	3.5	--	1.0	6.7	1.9	25.0
45 to 54.....	156.7	4.6	--	3.2	--	2.0	11.1	3.1	34.9
55 to 64.....	97.6	1.2	--	3.0	--	1.9	7.3	1.3	16.2
65 and over.....	69.0	--	--	7.7	--	--	--	--	7.0
Major occupational group:									
Management occupations.....	33.6	--	--	--	--	--	3.2	--	3.8
Business and financial operations occupations.....	21.6	--	--	--	--	--	4.0	--	4.9
Computer and mathematical occupations.....	19.1	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Architecture and engineering occupations.....	44.3	--	--	--	--	--	11.1	--	--
Life, physical, and social science occupations.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Community and social services occupations.....	165.6	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Legal occupations.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Education, training, and library occupations.....	43.8	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations.....	50.3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations.....	80.4	--	--	4.8	--	3.0	6.4	--	10.6
Healthcare support occupations.....	234.4	--	--	4.6	--	--	33.2	9.6	44.5
Protective service occupations.....	133.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	39.1
Food preparation and serving related occupations.....	73.7	--	--	5.0	--	--	4.7	--	14.1
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations.....	198.0	--	--	--	--	--	21.2	--	64.3
Personal care and service occupations.....	88.2	--	--	6.8	--	--	9.9	--	27.2
Sales and related occupations.....	59.0	--	--	--	--	--	5.2	2.7	8.3
Office and administrative support occupations.....	74.4	2.8	--	1.2	--	--	5.0	--	8.7
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations.....	94.5	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	21.7
Construction and extraction occupations.....	191.4	--	--	3.3	--	--	9.6	5.1	37.7
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations.....	207.8	13.0	--	3.7	--	--	16.3	--	84.6
Production occupations.....	159.2	2.7	--	6.3	--	2.1	8.7	3.3	38.0
Transportation and material moving occupations.....	348.7	--	--	7.8	--	3.4	16.6	2.3	58.1

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where
 N = number of injuries and illnesses
 EH = total hours worked by all employees during calendar year
 20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Days away from work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.
 NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.
 SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.

Table 22. Incidence rates¹ for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work² per 10,000 full-time workers by selected worker characteristic, major occupational group, and selected sources of injury or illness, private industry, Oklahoma, 2010

Characteristic	Private Industry	Source of injury or illness												
		Chemicals and chemical products	Containers	Furniture and fixtures	Machinery	Parts and materials	Person, other than worker	Health care patient	Person, injured or ill worker	Worker motion or position	Floors, walkways, or ground surfaces	Handtools	Vehicles	All other sources
Total.....	118.9	0.9	12.7	3.2	10.0	15.2	7.2	6.5	16.8	16.4	23.4	2.7	6.8	20.0
Gender:														
Male.....	127.6	1.1	14.5	2.9	12.6	23.1	2.3	1.6	18.3	18.0	16.0	4.0	7.9	24.9
Female.....	106.5	0.7	10.3	3.6	6.3	3.8	14.2	13.6	14.8	14.3	34.1	1.0	4.9	12.8
Age:														
14 to 15.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
16 to 19.....	117.0	--	12.7	--	26.3	12.3	17.4	7.6	14.5	12.4	13.2	6.2	--	9.4
20 to 24.....	123.2	--	8.6	2.3	17.5	24.0	8.4	7.6	16.0	16.0	16.2	3.3	6.6	19.8
25 to 34.....	116.1	0.9	12.1	5.3	14.6	13.7	10.4	10.1	12.9	12.8	11.7	3.0	6.9	24.6
35 to 44.....	104.4	2.0	14.2	1.3	8.5	15.8	6.6	6.5	17.5	17.1	14.6	2.7	5.4	15.9
45 to 54.....	156.7	--	16.6	3.8	4.2	18.4	5.3	4.9	21.4	20.7	48.9	2.2	10.2	25.1
55 to 64.....	97.6	--	11.2	2.8	5.3	8.6	3.7	3.5	19.4	19.2	20.9	2.5	5.6	17.0
65 and over.....	69.0	--	--	4.5	5.8	--	--	--	4.9	4.6	38.4	--	--	8.2
Major occupational group:														
Management occupations.....	33.6	--	4.7	--	--	4.0	--	--	5.2	5.2	2.8	4.1	--	7.1
Business and financial operations occupations.....	21.6	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	5.7	--	3.8	--	6.7	--
Computer and mathematical occupations.....	19.1	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Architecture and engineering occupations.....	44.3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	17.5	17.5	--	--	--	--
Life, physical, and social science occupations.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Community and social services occupations.....	165.6	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	133.5	--	--	--
Legal occupations.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Education, training, and library occupations.....	43.8	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	19.3
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations.....	50.3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	33.9	33.9	--	--	--	--
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations.....	80.4	--	3.2	8.2	--	--	26.7	26.1	8.8	8.5	18.8	--	3.6	9.5
Healthcare support occupations.....	234.4	--	6.7	4.6	--	--	126.0	126.0	28.6	28.6	33.8	--	5.5	22.2
Protective service occupations.....	133.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	26.5	26.5	54.5	--	--	--
Food preparation and serving related occupations.....	73.7	--	18.0	--	14.9	--	--	--	5.7	5.1	14.9	5.3	--	9.0
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations.....	198.0	--	31.3	9.0	18.9	11.4	--	--	32.6	32.6	32.8	17.2	11.8	26.6
Personal care and service occupations.....	88.2	--	--	--	--	--	19.5	18.7	16.3	15.8	25.3	--	--	12.7
Sales and related occupations.....	59.0	--	12.5	5.2	1.5	2.5	1.9	--	6.8	6.6	16.2	--	1.9	9.5
Office and administrative support occupations.....	74.4	--	5.9	1.1	4.9	4.6	--	--	12.8	12.7	36.9	--	2.3	4.8
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations.....	94.5	--	--	--	--	11.7	--	--	21.1	21.1	12.3	--	10.1	39.3
Construction and extraction occupations.....	191.4	--	10.2	2.7	12.2	43.2	--	--	22.2	20.4	24.4	5.2	6.9	63.6
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations.....	207.8	--	--	3.9	13.4	46.2	--	--	28.8	28.8	26.2	9.1	21.3	54.6
Production occupations.....	159.2	2.8	12.7	1.8	24.9	45.8	--	--	26.8	26.6	15.8	3.9	4.0	20.6
Transportation and material moving occupations.....	348.7	--	64.5	5.1	41.7	45.5	--	--	45.1	44.7	47.7	2.6	34.6	58.8

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where
 N = number of injuries and illnesses
 EH = total hours worked by all employees during calendar year
 20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Days away from work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.
 NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.
 SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.

Table 23. Incidence rates¹ for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work² per 10,000 full-time workers by selected worker characteristic, major occupational group, and selected events or exposures leading to injury or illness, private industry, Oklahoma, 2010

Characteristic	Private Industry	Event or exposure leading to injury or illness								
		Contact with objects				Fall to lower level	Fall on same level	Slips or trips without fall	Overexertion	
		Total	Struck by object	Struck against object	Caught in or compressed or crushed				Total	In lifting
Total.....	118.9	34.2	16.6	6.2	8.4	8.1	18.0	4.9	30.3	18.5
Gender:										
Male.....	127.6	46.7	23.0	8.2	10.3	7.1	10.6	5.9	32.6	20.0
Female.....	106.5	16.5	7.5	3.2	5.7	9.4	28.8	3.4	27.1	16.4
Age:										
14 to 15.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
16 to 19.....	117.0	51.8	17.3	17.9	15.8	--	11.1	8.9	20.3	15.5
20 to 24.....	123.2	57.4	38.0	5.7	13.6	4.6	12.2	3.3	17.2	11.3
25 to 34.....	116.1	42.1	24.3	4.1	6.5	4.3	10.2	3.6	33.9	20.8
35 to 44.....	104.4	27.8	11.2	8.1	8.3	4.6	11.4	4.4	31.4	19.7
45 to 54.....	156.7	34.4	11.0	7.9	10.1	19.7	30.6	5.9	41.1	24.0
55 to 64.....	97.6	15.4	7.1	2.7	4.7	7.0	22.2	7.7	24.1	13.2
65 and over.....	69.0	8.5	6.1	--	--	4.3	41.7	--	7.3	6.1
Major occupational group:										
Management occupations.....	33.6	6.4	--	4.6	--	--	4.4	--	13.2	4.0
Business and financial operations occupations.....	21.6	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	4.4	--
Computer and mathematical occupations.....	19.1	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Architecture and engineering occupations.....	44.3	10.4	--	--	--	--	--	--	13.6	13.1
Life, physical, and social science occupations.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Community and social services occupations.....	165.6	--	--	--	--	126.1	--	--	--	--
Legal occupations.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Education, training, and library occupations.....	43.8	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	19.4	19.4
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations.....	50.3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations.....	80.4	6.6	2.9	--	--	--	21.5	3.0	30.5	17.1
Healthcare support occupations.....	234.4	17.0	7.2	--	6.4	--	36.7	11.1	119.8	60.4
Protective service occupations.....	133.0	25.5	20.0	--	--	--	43.0	--	--	--
Food preparation and serving related occupations.....	73.7	23.7	15.3	4.8	3.7	--	17.2	2.1	14.1	11.1
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations.....	198.0	48.4	26.6	6.7	15.1	--	31.4	20.9	60.6	37.2
Personal care and service occupations.....	88.2	7.0	--	--	--	7.1	19.6	6.3	10.3	6.9
Sales and related occupations.....	59.0	10.4	4.2	3.7	2.4	--	21.5	--	17.0	10.2
Office and administrative support occupations.....	74.4	9.5	3.8	1.1	4.5	11.6	26.6	3.5	11.4	9.3
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations.....	94.5	32.3	19.0	--	--	--	13.5	18.4	9.1	--
Construction and extraction occupations.....	191.4	54.9	43.2	3.0	8.3	21.5	7.8	7.3	66.4	37.6
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations.....	207.8	106.5	26.2	25.6	32.9	11.2	17.5	--	27.6	12.5
Production occupations.....	159.2	71.3	39.1	8.3	23.3	6.0	10.9	4.5	29.9	18.3
Transportation and material moving occupations.....	348.7	125.6	57.5	24.1	21.4	23.1	26.1	17.7	96.8	66.1

Table 23. Incidence rates¹ for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work² per 10,000 full-time workers by selected worker characteristic, major occupational group, and selected events or exposures leading to injury or illness, private industry, Oklahoma, 2010

Occupation	Private Industry	Event or exposure leading to injury or illness									
		Repetitive motion	Exposure to harmful substance or environment	Transportation accidents		Fires and explosions	Assaults and violent acts			All other events	
				Total	Highway accidents		Total	Assaults, by person	Assaults, by other		Assault, by animal
Total.....	118.9	3.9	3.8	4.1	2.8	0.4	2.7	1.8	0.9	0.9	8.4
Gender:											
Male.....	127.6	3.2	4.1	5.5	3.6	0.7	1.8	1.0	0.8	0.8	9.4
Female.....	106.5	5.0	3.4	2.0	1.5	--	4.1	2.9	1.2	1.1	6.9
Age:											
14 to 15.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
16 to 19.....	117.0	--	8.0	--	--	--	6.9	6.9	--	--	5.6
20 to 24.....	123.2	3.4	5.5	4.2	2.2	--	5.2	5.1	--	--	10.2
25 to 34.....	116.1	2.1	3.3	6.0	4.7	--	3.1	1.9	1.2	1.2	7.4
35 to 44.....	104.4	3.4	5.1	3.7	2.4	1.1	1.4	0.8	--	--	10.1
45 to 54.....	156.7	7.6	2.8	4.0	3.1	--	1.9	--	1.2	1.2	8.5
55 to 64.....	97.6	3.6	2.7	2.9	1.5	--	3.4	1.6	1.8	1.8	8.3
65 and over.....	69.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Major occupational group:											
Management occupations.....	33.6	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.6
Business and financial operations occupations.....	21.6	--	--	5.3	3.9	--	--	--	--	--	--
Computer and mathematical occupations.....	19.1	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Architecture and engineering occupations.....	44.3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	13.1
Life, physical, and social science occupations.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Community and social services occupations.....	165.6	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Legal occupations.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Education, training, and library occupations.....	43.8	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations.....	50.3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	29.5
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations.....	80.4	--	--	2.7	--	--	7.3	7.3	--	--	6.0
Healthcare support occupations.....	234.4	--	--	--	--	--	20.2	15.1	5.1	5.1	16.3
Protective service occupations.....	133.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Food preparation and serving related occupations.....	73.7	--	10.2	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.5
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations.....	198.0	--	8.4	10.9	10.3	--	--	--	--	--	11.0
Personal care and service occupations.....	88.2	--	--	--	--	--	20.3	15.3	--	--	12.0
Sales and related occupations.....	59.0	2.8	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.4
Office and administrative support occupations.....	74.4	6.1	--	1.3	1.1	--	--	--	--	--	3.3
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations.....	94.5	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Construction and extraction occupations.....	191.4	2.5	9.5	6.1	5.7	--	--	--	--	--	13.7
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations.....	207.8	15.2	3.7	4.5	4.0	5.0	--	--	--	--	11.0
Production occupations.....	159.2	6.9	12.1	1.9	--	--	--	--	--	--	15.4
Transportation and material moving occupations.....	348.7	5.8	3.5	23.3	14.8	--	3.7	--	2.0	2.0	23.0

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where
 N = number of injuries and illnesses
 EH = total hours worked by all employees during calendar year
 20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Days away from work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.
 NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.
 SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.